

Acronis



Acronis Cloud Manager

Version 5.0

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1 What's new

1.1 Product improvements history

1.1.1 Version 5.0

- Representing the new web portal - web based graphical user interface.

1.1.2 Version 4.1

- GUI –
 - Rebranding the product to Acronis Cloud Manager

1.1.3 Version 4.0

- Installation –
 - Ability to select self-signed or custom certificates as an additional step when installing management service
- Datastore –
 - Auto Discovery of datastores
- Jobs –
 - Recording of login and log off events
 - Recording of console upgrades
 - Delete option is disabled
 - Disk copy percentage in the jobs view
 - Dock/pin panel
- Monitoring/Alerts
 - Dynamic optimization event alerts
 - Exporting alerts to syslog
- Azure Management/Administration
 - RBAC Feature to disable Azure & commands for tenants

1.1.4 Version 3.3

- Reporting/Dashboard –
 - New System Status Report – PDF output
 - New look for Zombie VMs report
 - Ability to schedule PDF Reports
- REST API Support –
 - VM Management/Monitoring/Reporting/Backup/SDN/Administration
- Management –

- Loading time Improvements
- Cluster to Cluster VM migration
- Inspect Virtual Hard Disk
- Support Anti Affinity Rules In Failover Cluster

1.1.5 Version 3.2

- Monitoring –
 - VM CPU Usage – VM Level monitoring shows Guest CPU usage.
 - Host Memory Usage – Total Memory Used By VM's and Total Memory used by OS Partition.
 - Host CPU Usage – This is the amount of CPU that the Hosts are using for Hyper-V, we will also show the total CPU % the operating system is using the host.
- Reporting – Custom Report Timeframe – Allows user to change the timeframe to generate, first start to more customizable reports.
- Management –
 - MAC Address Pools – Enterprise or Multi-Site clients can now use custom MAC address pools.
 - Replication Failure Notices – generates alerts and emails on Replication status and failures.
 - Current VMQ Status – shows the status of the virtual machine queue (VMQ) properties of VMQ-capable network adapters. VMQ is a scaling networking technology for switch that hashes incoming packets based on the destination MAC address.
 - Checkpoints in Grid – In the grid view of management pane the checkpoints on a given VM are shown.
 - Turn Off Warning – When VM is turned off, a warning about taking this action will now be shown.
 - Custom Column Saving – If users make changes to the grids in CM, these custom changes are saved now.
 - Settings Button on RDP Screen – Added a Settings button on the RDP screen for quick access to VM settings.
- Backup –
 - No VSS Backup – Optional ability to bypass VSS for OS Windows 2016 when running backups.
 - Backup Failure Notifications – New alerts and notifications on backup progress, success and failures. Includes email alert options.
- Installer – Links to Evolve – Links to evolve are now added to the installer, quick access to help.
- Licensing – TCP port 8443 added for easier registrations in closed and NAT environments.
- SDN –
 - VLAN and VXLAN networks management – Create and manage Datacenter networks or isolated Tenant networks.
 - Datacenter Firewall (ACL rules) – Create and manage access rules for North-South and East-West traffic in Datacenter or Tenant networks.
 - Load balancing in VXLAN and VLAN networks – Create and manage load balancers for Datacenter networks or isolated Tenant network.

- Reduce cost of implementing LB features, replace NLB.
- Backup / Restore – Backup and Restore SDN settings.

1.1.6 Version 3.1

- Initial Windows Server 2019 Support
- Multiple migrate operations – select multiple virtual machines at once for live migration
- Extended live migration settings – set the max number of simultaneous live migrations and storage migrations
- Run optimizer on demand – Option to run optimizer on demand, even out the load over the cluster (manual optimization)
- Built in failover cluster load balancing – If the host is running Windows 2016, give the option to enable or disable built-in failover clustering load balancing to avoid issues with the dynamic optimizer
- VM replication into Azure
- Syslog integration – ability to export log files
- Reporting – Introduction of the new plugin for VM lifecycle management – reporting of the various resources high/low utilization by virtual machines during last 30 days period and ability to export it in different output formats (PDF, PNG, XLSX)

1.1.7 Version 3.0

- Azure Management – 5nine Cloud Manager 3.0 introduces the new plugin designed to control Microsoft Azure subscriptions from its GUI. Basic operations with Azure virtual machines are currently available – create, edit, delete etc. Import VM from Hyper-V to Azure action is also implemented. Please refer to “Azure Management” section below for details.
- Active Directory Enhancements
- Upgrade Agent Management
 - Upgrading remote agents deployed in different networks/domains
- Backup Wizard Enhancements
- Log file Enhancements

1.1.8 Version 2.2

- Messaging Broker service update – Multi-protocol open source messaging broker and Erlang components are upgraded the latest 3.7.4 version
- UX/UI Improvements
 - Unite resource-based and event-based monitoring alert settings
Resource-based and event-based monitoring alerts are united in a single wizard
 - Management Service Upgrade
All previous settings are shown including passwords.
 - Add Descriptions to All Wizards
Where necessary detailed descriptions of the objects were added: category, credentials, etc.

- Hide logical view for users
Only Cloud Manager administrators can view logical the view tab in the object tree.
- Backup Wizard Enhancements
 - Ability to create backup job for a group of objects.
 - Users are not allowed to edit backup jobs that were created by administrators.
 - Backup wizard texts are reworded and validated.
- Active Directory Enhancements
 - User/group AD browse dialog
When adding Windows user credentials, a username does not have to be entered manually. AD browse dialog is used instead.
 - Ability to create a user group mapped to AD
New type of user group is introduced: domain user group. Domain user group automatically synchronizes its users with the corresponding AD group. You can set permissions for the group and as soon as a user is added to the AD group they start having corresponding permissions in Cloud Manager
- SDN deployment – Basic Virtual Network Controller Support: a user can enter major SDN parameters and then special deployment scripts run deploying SDN infrastructure. Improvements include:
 - Create, Read, Update and Delete operations are implemented for the following SDN objects: Logical networks, Virtual networks, Network interfaces, Virtual Switches, Servers, NC Credentials.
 - Read operation is implemented for the following SDN objects: Load balancers, MAC Address Pools.

2 Introduction

2.1 Summary

Acronis Cloud Manager is a solution designed to help organizations efficiently manage Microsoft Hyper-V and Azure private and hybrid clouds. It provides multi-tenancy and role-based access control providing fine-grained control over virtualization hosts, networking and other resources to create and deploy Hyper-V and Azure virtual machines. The product has the following features:

- Easy-to-use and intuitive design for new or experienced Hyper-V admins.
- Hyper-V management in different Windows Server versions – 2019 / 2016 / 2012 R2 - from a single console.
- Microsoft Azure subscriptions management from a local console.
- Centralized monitoring for Hyper-V hosts and all virtualized resources.
- Consolidate data of resources utilization by virtual machines for the last month (reporting).
- Software defined network management and deployment.
- Backup and DR capabilities for virtual machines.

2.2 System architecture

Acronis Cloud Manager is a modular solution that lets you build a scalable infrastructure for environments of different sizes and configuration. The installation package of Acronis Cloud Manager includes a set of components:

- Management server – Windows service that coordinates all operations performed by Acronis Cloud Manager.
- Management database – is used by the management server to store data about the Hyper-V infrastructure, jobs, users and so on. The database instance can be located on a SQL Server installed either locally (on the same machine where the management server is running) or remotely.
- Management console – provides the application user interface and allows user access to all features.
- Host agent – responsible for performing all commands from management server on a Hyper-V host. This component must be installed on every Hyper-V server managed by Acronis Cloud Manager.
- Multi-protocol open source messaging broker (59MgmtSvcRmq) – open source message broker software that implements the advanced message queuing protocol (AMQP). The 59MgmtSvcRmq service is written in the Erlang programming language and is built on the open telecom platform framework for clustering and failover.

You can co-install all components on the same machine, physical or virtual, or you can set them up separately for a more scalable approach. Advanced message queuing protocol (AMQP) is used as a message-oriented middleware for the communication between the management server and the host

agents. HTTPS protocol is used for the communication between the console and the management server.

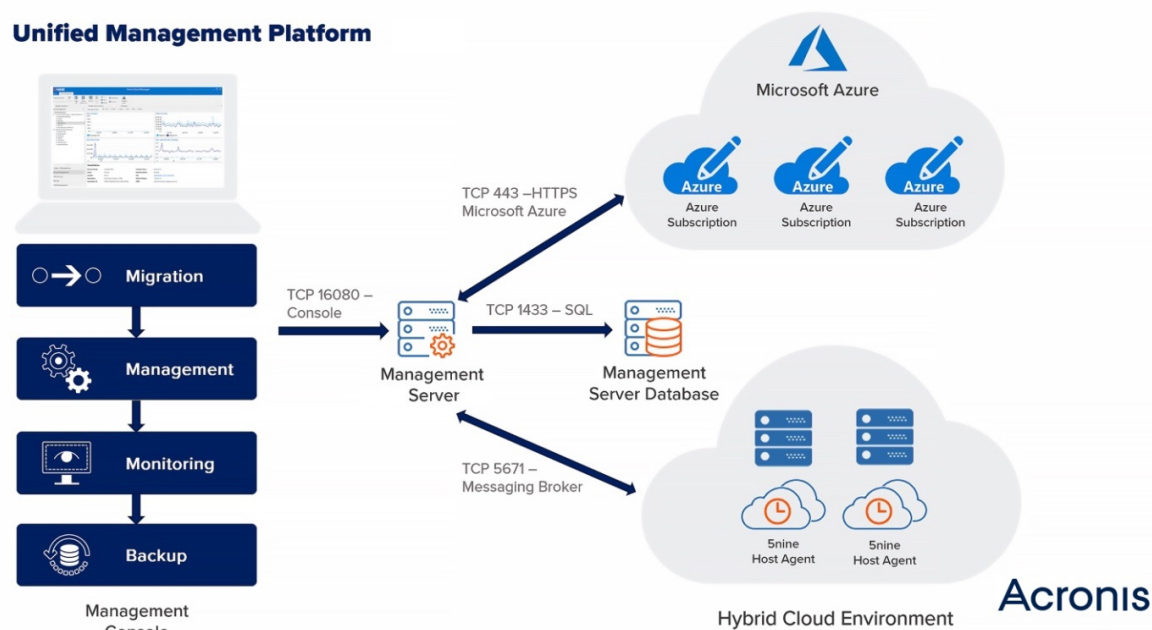


Figure 1 – Acronis Cloud Manager architecture

2.3 Plugins

Cloud Manager consists of the following plugins:

- Hyper-V Management
- Azure Management
- Hyper-V Monitoring
- Hyper-V Reporting
- Administration
- Hyper-V Backup and DR
- Software defined network (SDN) Management

3 Deployment and configuration

3.1 System requirements

3.1.1 Acronis Cloud Manager server

Component	Requirement
Hardware	CPU: modern x64 processor 4 cores minimum
	Memory: 8 GB RAM minimum, 16 GB RAM recommended
	Hard disk space: 300 MB for product installation and sufficient disk space for Microsoft SQL Server and Acronis Cloud Manager database
OS	Only 64-bit versions of the following operating systems are supported:
	■ Microsoft Windows Server 2019
	■ Microsoft Windows Server 2016
	■ Microsoft Windows 10
	■ Microsoft Windows 8.1
	■ Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
Software	■ Microsoft .NET framework 4.6.2 or later
	■ Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 redistributable update 3
Database	Microsoft SQL Server (Full and Express):
	■ Microsoft SQL Server 2017
	■ Microsoft SQL Server 2016 (SP1)
Ports	■ Microsoft SQL Server 2014 (SP2)
	For production deployment of Acronis Cloud Manager server, it is recommended to use Microsoft SQL Server Standard Edition or higher.
	5671 for messaging broker communication – can be changed during setup
Internet	16080 for communication to management console
	Internet connection is necessary for license activation

3.1.2 Acronis Cloud Manager console

Component	Requirement
Hardware	CPU: modern x64 processor 2 cores minimum.
	Memory: 2 GB RAM recommended.
	Hard disk space: 200 MB for product installation
OS	Only 64-bit versions of the following operating systems are supported:

Component	Requirement
Software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2019 ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2016 ■ Microsoft Windows 10 ■ Microsoft Windows 8.1 ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Microsoft .NET framework 4.6.2 or later ■ Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 redistributable update 3
	16080 – communication to management server
	443 – communication to Microsoft Azure
Ports	

3.1.3 Acronis Cloud Manager host agent

Component	Requirement
Hardware	CPU: modern x64 processor 4 cores minimum
	Memory: 8 GB RAM minimum, 16 GB RAM recommended
	Hard disk space: 300 MB for product installation
OS	Only 64-bit versions of the following operating systems are supported:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2019 ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2016 ■ Microsoft Windows 10 ■ Microsoft Windows 8.1 ■ Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
Software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Microsoft .NET framework 4.6.2 or later ■ Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 redistributable update 3
Ports	5671 for messaging broker communication – can be changed during setup

3.1.4 Acronis Cloud Manager web portal

Component	Requirement
Hardware	Hyper-V virtual machine:
	CPU: modern x64 processor 4 cores minimum
	Memory: 8 GB RAM minimum
	VHD: 2 GB

Component	Requirement
OS	Ubuntu 18.04 ¹
Software	Acronis Cloud Manager web portal components (pre-installed)
Ports	443

3.2 Licensing

Acronis Cloud Manager has two separate types of licenses – general one for Hyper-V management, including all its features and the license for Azure management.

Hyper-V management part is licensed per-core. Minimal license set for a Hyper-V host is 16 cores.

Azure management part is licensed per VM. Initially, a free license is installed by default, which includes quota for a maximum number of 5 virtual machines from the cloud. Azure license is installed and works separately on a global level and for each tenant. Default 5 VM licenses are only available to global users.

Acronis offers the following types of licenses for Acronis Cloud Manager:

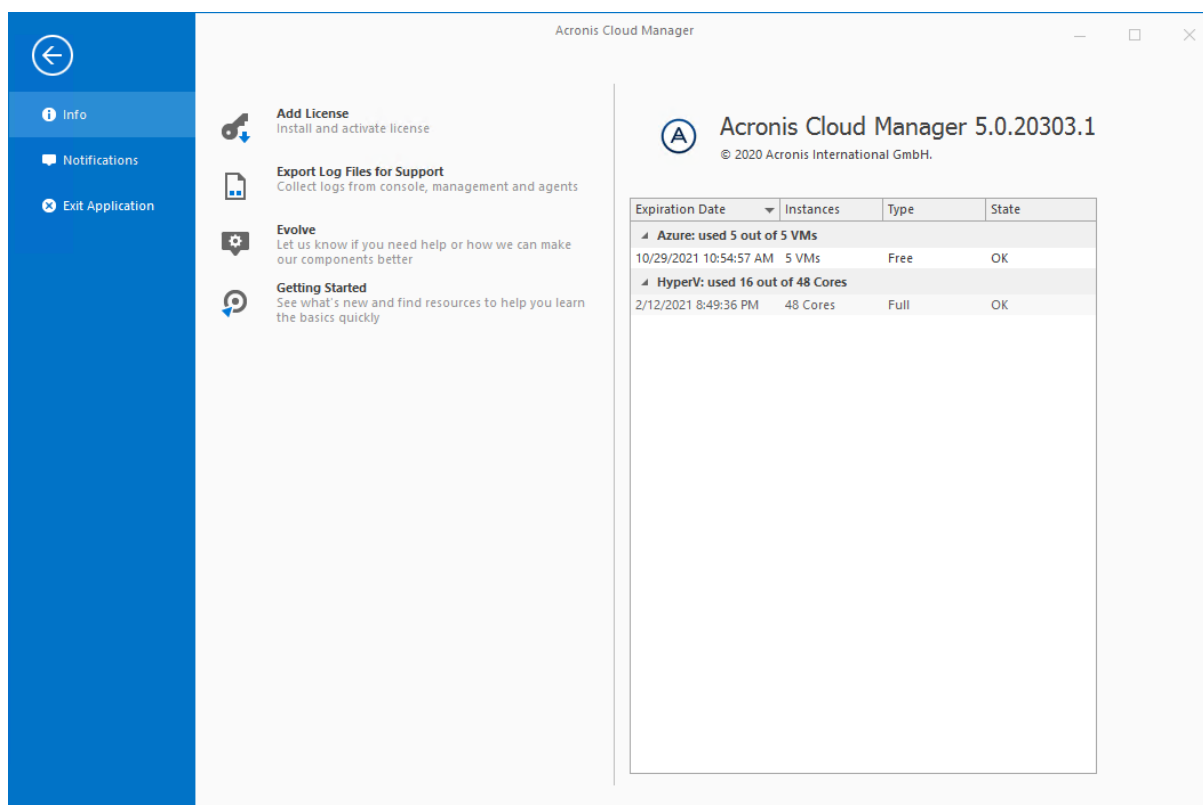
“Paid subscription license” – a full license that expires at the end of the subscription term. The subscription license term is normally 1-3 years from the date of license issue.

“Trial license” – a full license that can be used for product evaluation. The trial license is valid for 14 days from the moment of product download and contains 100 core limit.

“NFR license” — a full license that can be used for product demonstration, training and education. The person to whom the license is provided agrees that the license is not for resell or commercial use.

Information about licenses is available in the **Home** tab, available in every plugin.

¹OS Ubuntu 18.04 and Acronis Cloud Manager web portal components are pre-installed on the VHD delivered with the setup archive.



3.3 Installation

Acronis Cloud Manager installation package represented in two options:

- Separate bootstrap application - including Acronis Cloud Manager components and links to documentation and online virtual labs to test pre-configured product.
- Setup package in ISO format - including Acronis Cloud Manager components both in bootstrap application and separate Windows Installation Package (.msi) files and prerequisites – Microsoft SQL Express and .NET 4.6.2.

To install Acronis Cloud Manager, using bootstrap application, run the Setup.exe application from the downloaded Acronis Cloud Manager archive (or from ISO setup package):



All 3 components can be installed from this bootstrap setup, but it must be run locally on each machine.

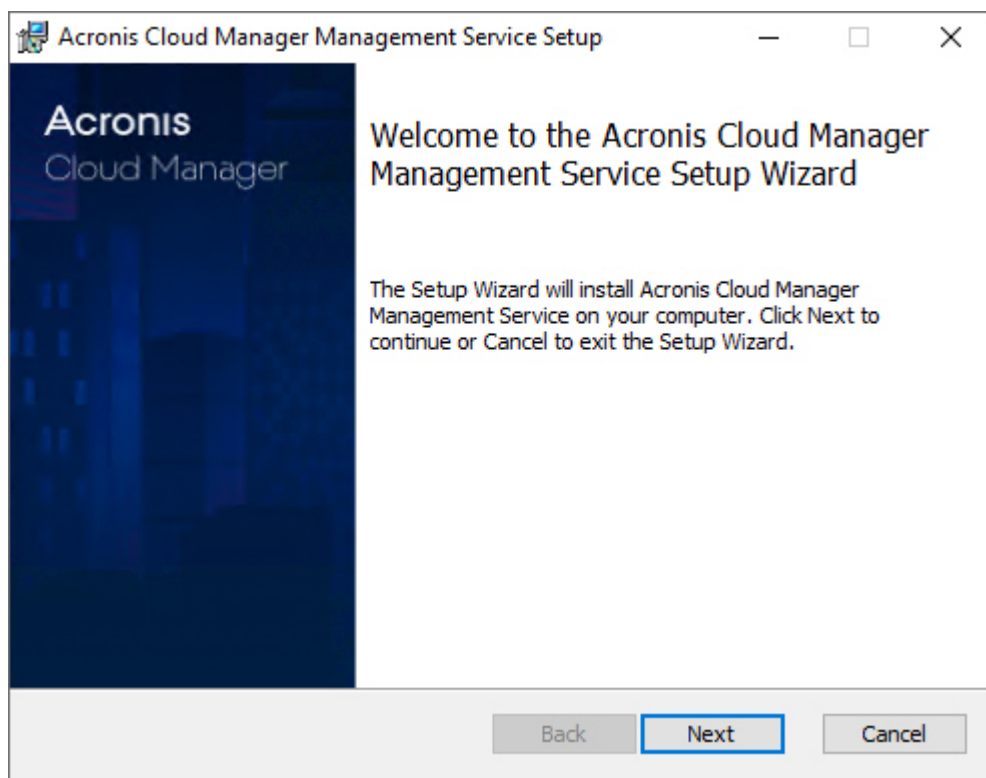
To install Acronis Cloud Manager from ISO, using either separate .msi files or similar bootstrap application, mount the Acronis Cloud Manager iso installation file and run the corresponding .msi file from its subfolders (Management, Console and Agent) or setup.exe bootstrap application.

It is generally not necessary to install Host Agent component from bootstrap setup or a separate .msi file. It can be installed automatically from the Acronis Cloud Manager console when adding servers.

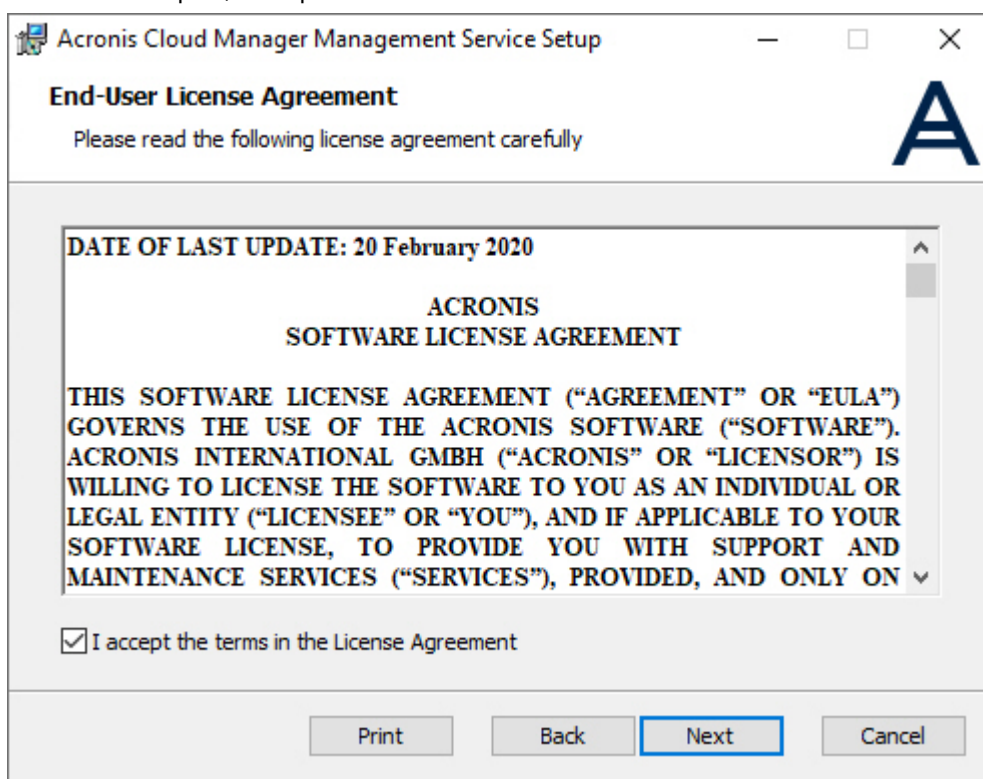
3.3.1 Management service setup

1. To run management service setup, select the first component in the bootstrap setup list and press the **Install** button or run **managementservice.setup.msi** from the **Management** setup ISO folder. The following window will be shown. Some steps will differ when installing this component

from ISO. Press **Next**:



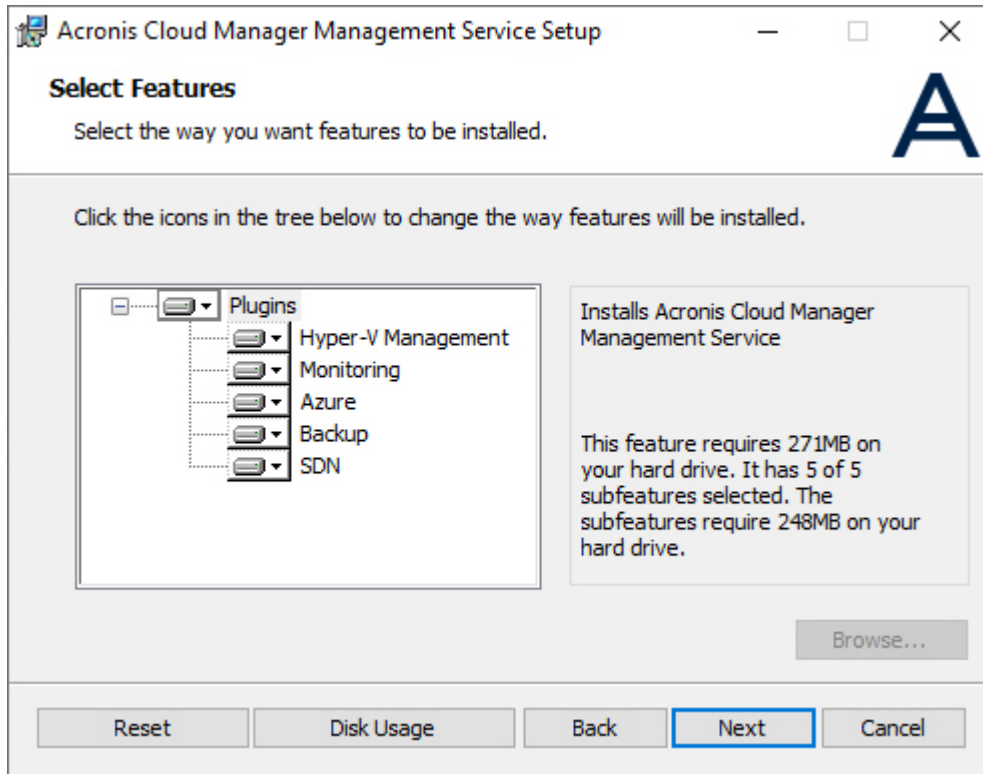
2. The Acronis software end user license agreement will appear.
Read and accept it, then press **Next**:



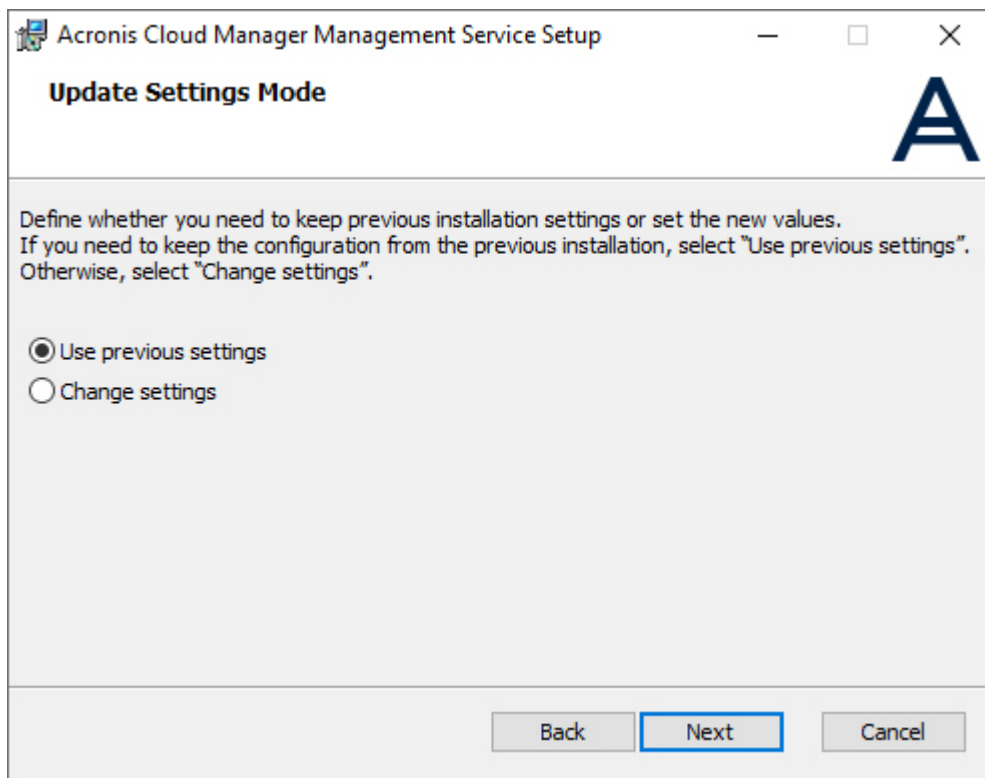
Note

When installing this component from ISO, the prerequisites check will be done in the background and the setup will install the corresponding missing Microsoft components in *silent* mode.

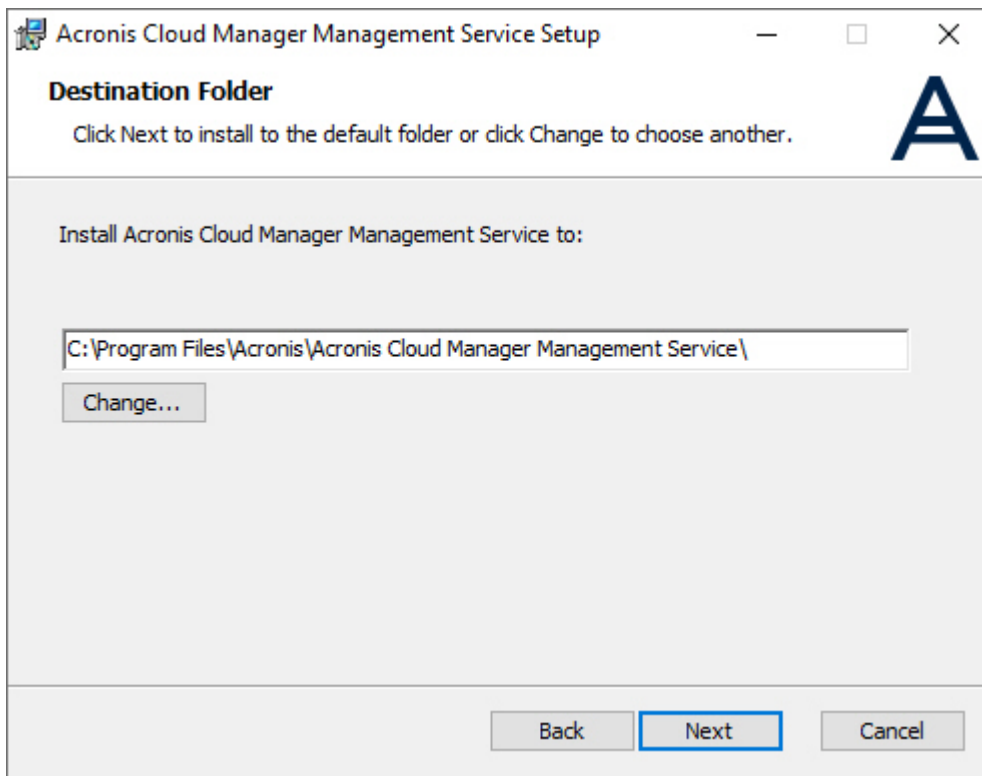
3. Select the plug-ins you want to use and press **Next**:



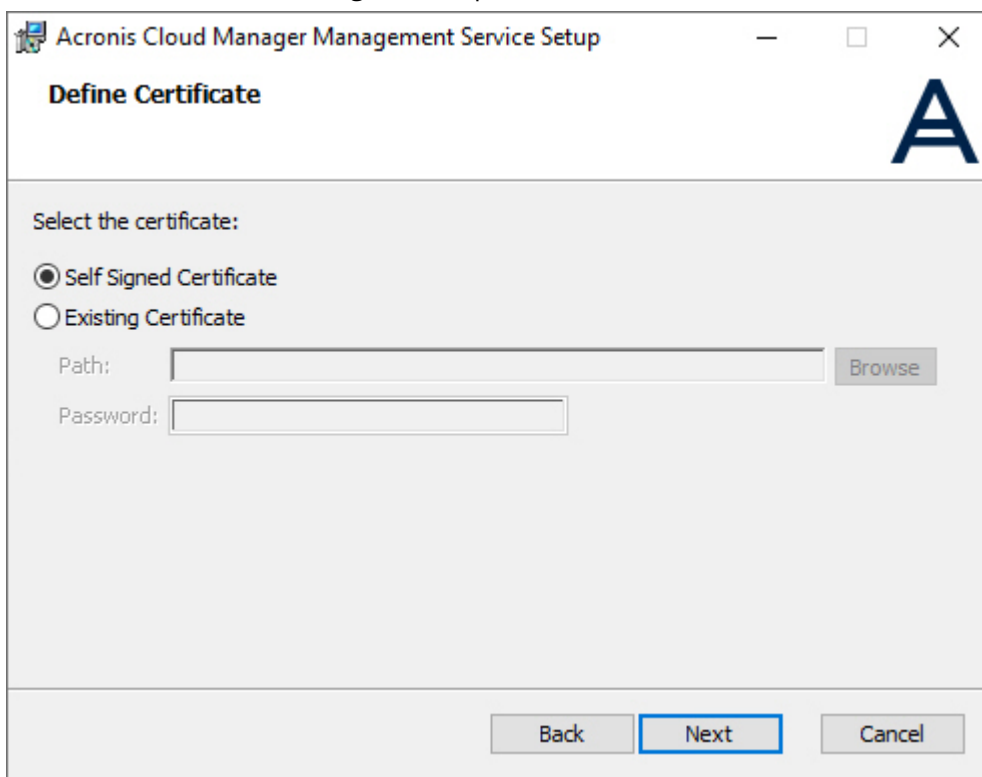
4. If you are performing an upgrade from a previous version, select the upgrade options:



- **Use previous settings:** all installation existing settings will be kept, except asking you to confirm the service logon for the management service credentials (domain\user).
 - **Change settings:** all credential settings can be changed without the need of uninstalling the management service
5. Select the destination folder for Acronis Cloud Manager management service and press **Next**:



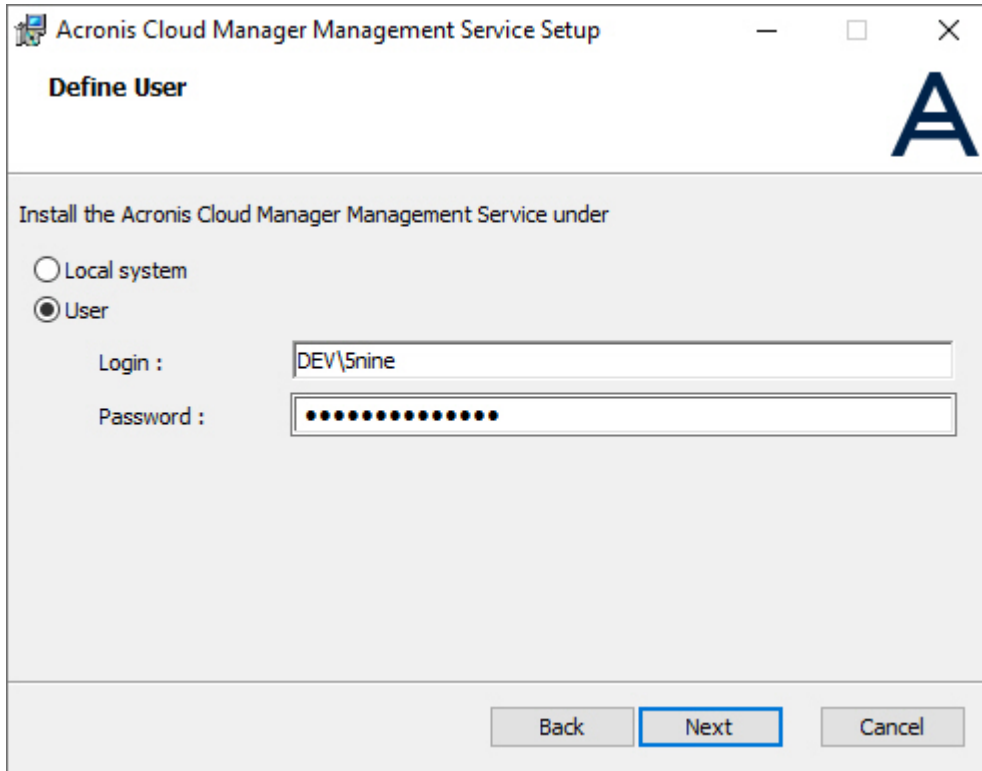
6. Select one of certificate configuration options:



- **Self Signed Certificate** – Acronis Cloud Manager will automatically install self-signed certificate during management service setup;

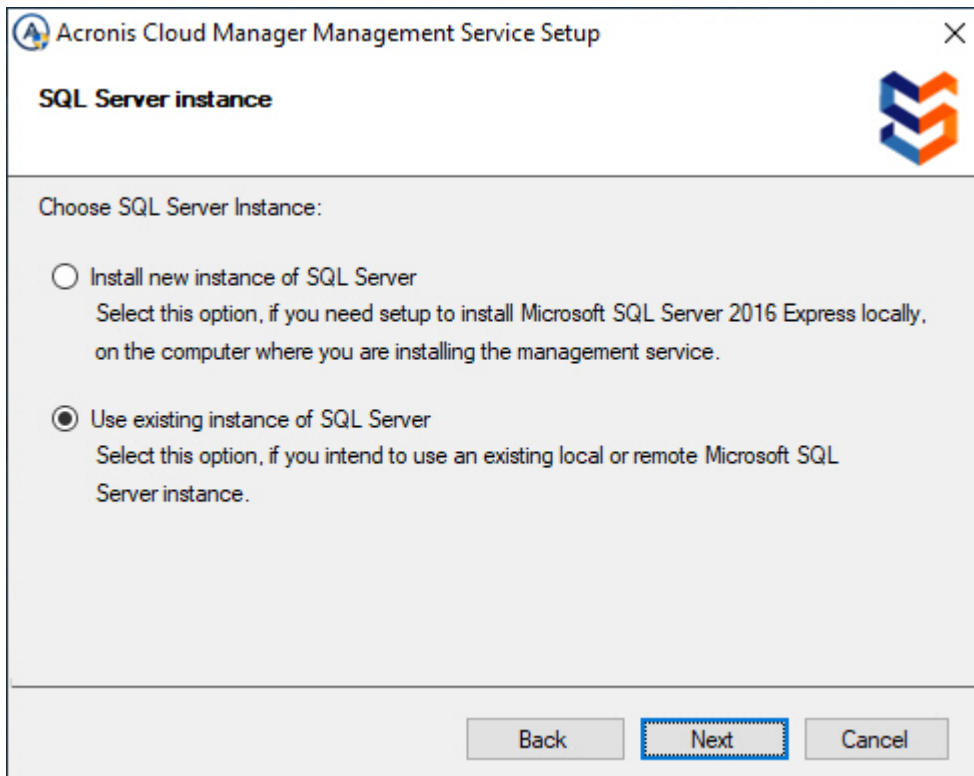
- **Existing Certificate** – you will have to browse and select pre-configured existing certificate, then enter the password.

7. Provide user credentials for the user that will run management service and press **Next**:



The screenshot shows a Windows-style window titled "Acronis Cloud Manager Management Service Setup". The window has a standard title bar with minimize, maximize, and close buttons. Below the title bar, the text "Define User" is displayed in a bold font. To the right of this text is a large blue letter "A" logo. The main content area of the window contains the instruction "Install the Acronis Cloud Manager Management Service under". Below this instruction are two radio button options: "Local system" and "User". The "User" option is selected, indicated by a filled circle. Below the radio buttons are two text input fields. The first field is labeled "Login :" and contains the text "DEV\Snine". The second field is labeled "Password :" and contains a series of black dots, indicating a masked password. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: "Back", "Next", and "Cancel". The "Next" button is highlighted with a blue border.

8. Applicable to ISO installer only: choose, which SQL server to use for database placement:

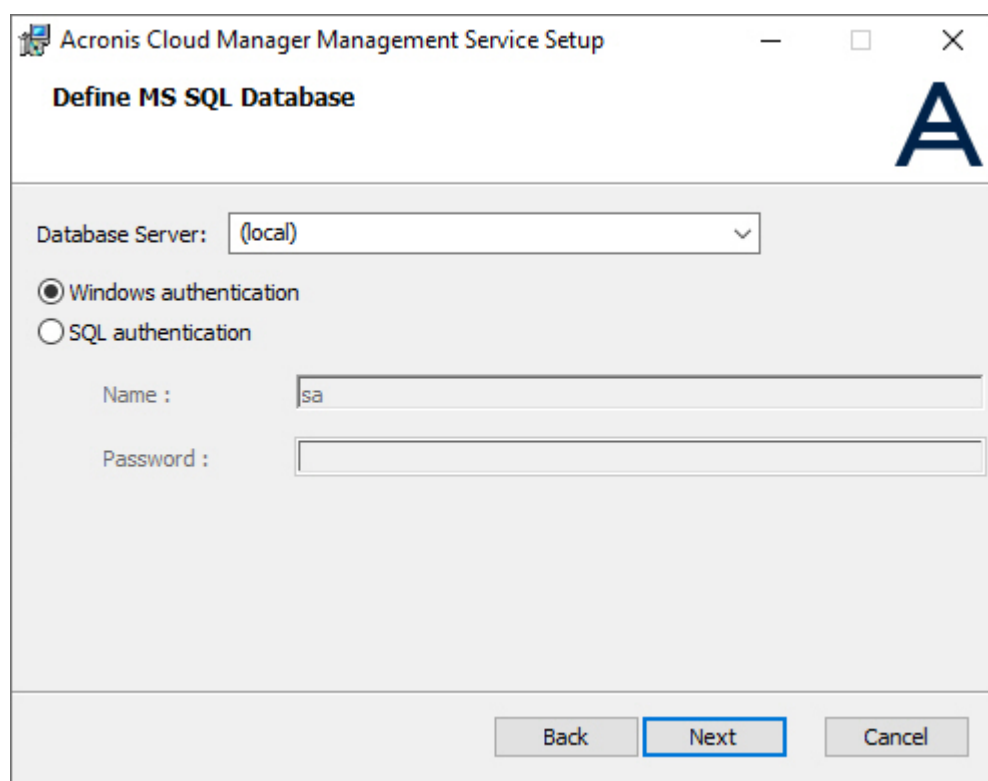


- **Install new instance of SQL Server** – setup will automatically initiate free Microsoft SQLEXPRESS® server installation onto the local machine. Make sure in advance that there is enough of free space on the local disk and all prerequisites for Microsoft SQLEXPRESS® server installation are met.
- **Use existing instance of SQL Server** – you will be asked to select any of existing MS SQL® or MS SQLEXPRESS® servers available in your environment at the following installation steps.

9. Select database server and set authentication method:

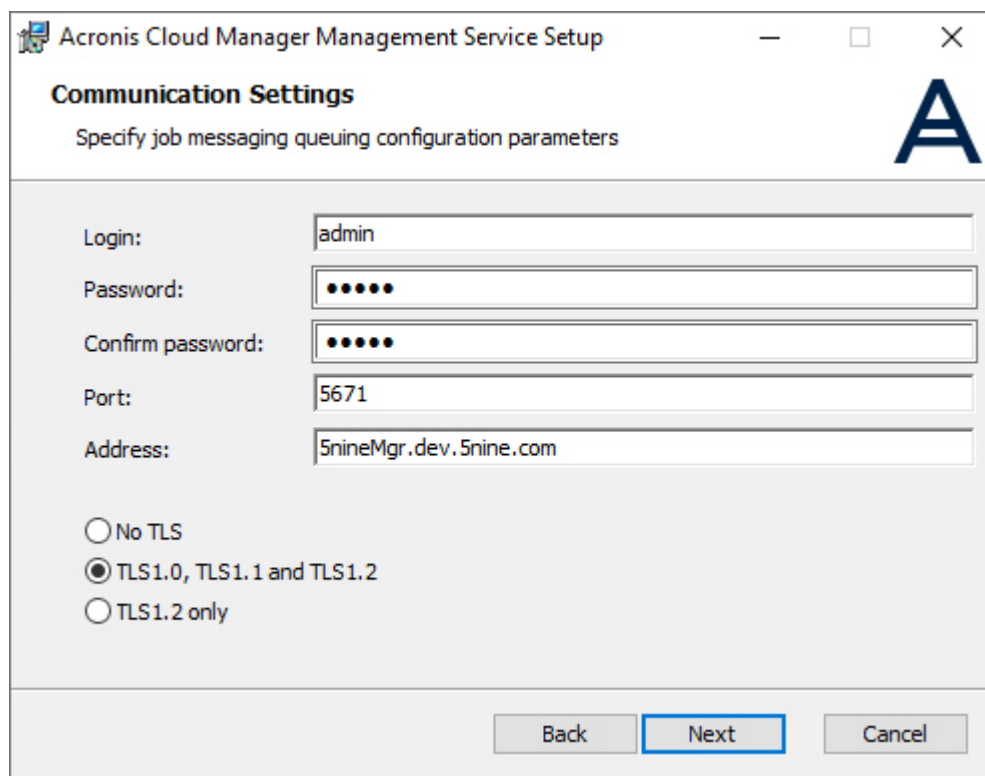
- **Windows Authentication** – can be selected if the user has been granted the necessary permissions on the selected SQL Server;
- **SQL Authentication** – use a specific SQL Server account (**sa** for example) and enter the relevant password.

Press **Next**:



The screenshot shows the 'Define MS SQL Database' window of the Acronis Cloud Manager Management Service Setup. The window has a title bar with the Acronis logo and standard window controls. The main title is 'Define MS SQL Database'. Below the title, there is a 'Database Server' dropdown menu set to '(local)'. Underneath, there are two radio buttons: 'Windows authentication' (selected) and 'SQL authentication'. Below these, there are two text input fields: 'Name' with the value 'sa' and 'Password' which is empty. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a blue border), and 'Cancel'.

10. Specify job messaging queuing (broker) configuration parameters and TLS options, and then press **Next**:

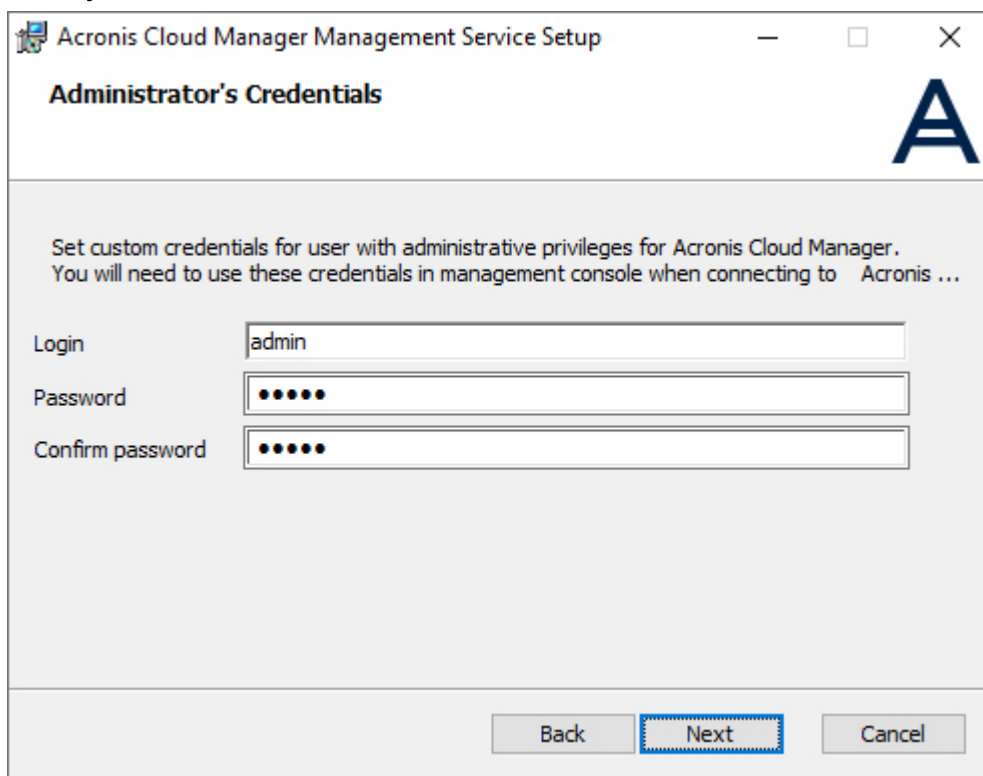


The screenshot shows the 'Communication Settings' window of the Acronis Cloud Manager Management Service Setup. The window has a title bar with the Acronis logo and standard window controls. The main title is 'Communication Settings' with a subtitle 'Specify job messaging queuing configuration parameters'. Below the subtitle, there are five text input fields: 'Login' with the value 'admin', 'Password' with masked characters '•••••', 'Confirm password' with masked characters '•••••', 'Port' with the value '5671', and 'Address' with the value '5nineMgr.dev.5nine.com'. Below these fields, there are three radio buttons: 'No TLS', 'TLS1.0, TLS1.1 and TLS1.2' (selected), and 'TLS1.2 only'. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a blue border), and 'Cancel'.

TLS option depends on your environment's specific requirements. In most cases, the second (default) option that includes TLS 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 compatibility is the proper choice.

11. Provide master administrator's credentials to connect to management console without active directory login for example.

The default username is **admin** for the first global administrator that you will need to use to login into the console for the first time. It is strongly recommended that alternate credentials are set for security.



Acronis Cloud Manager Management Service Setup

Administrator's Credentials

Set custom credentials for user with administrative privileges for Acronis Cloud Manager.
You will need to use these credentials in management console when connecting to Acronis ...

Login: admin

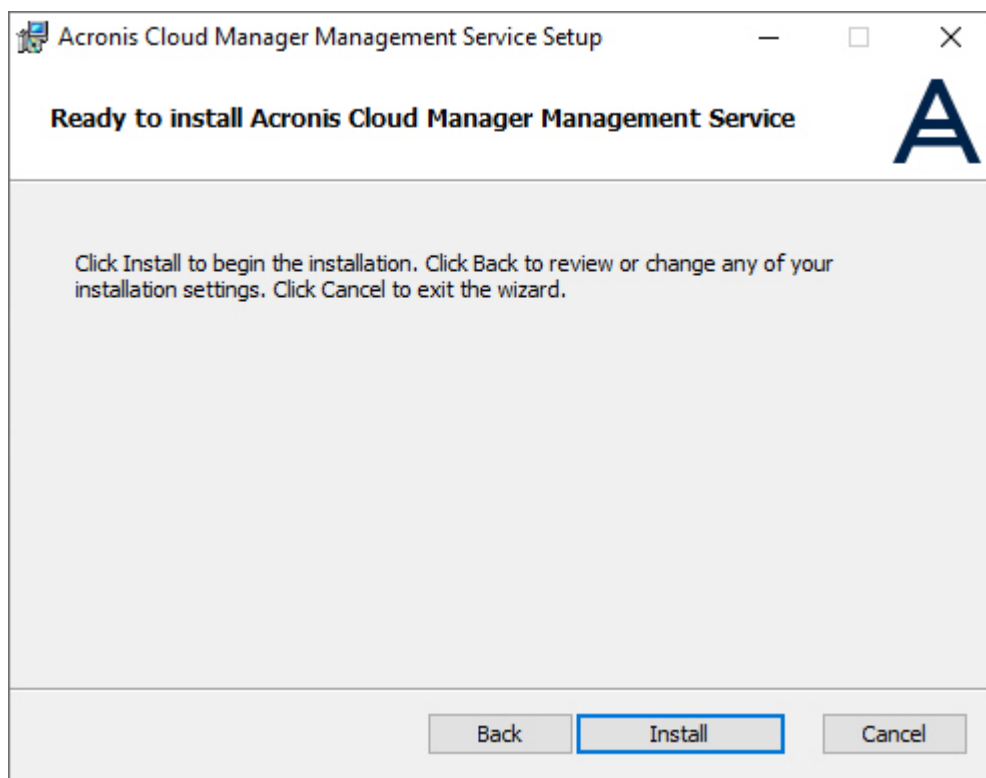
Password: •••••

Confirm password: •••••

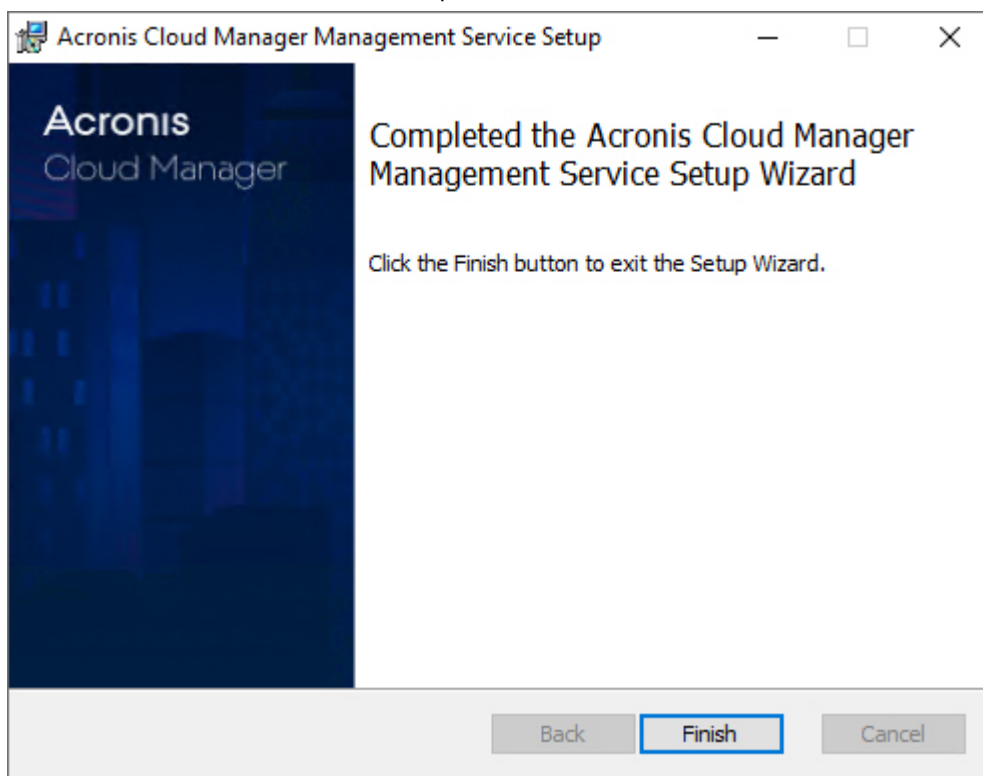
Back Next Cancel

Click **Next**.

12. Click **Install** to start installation:

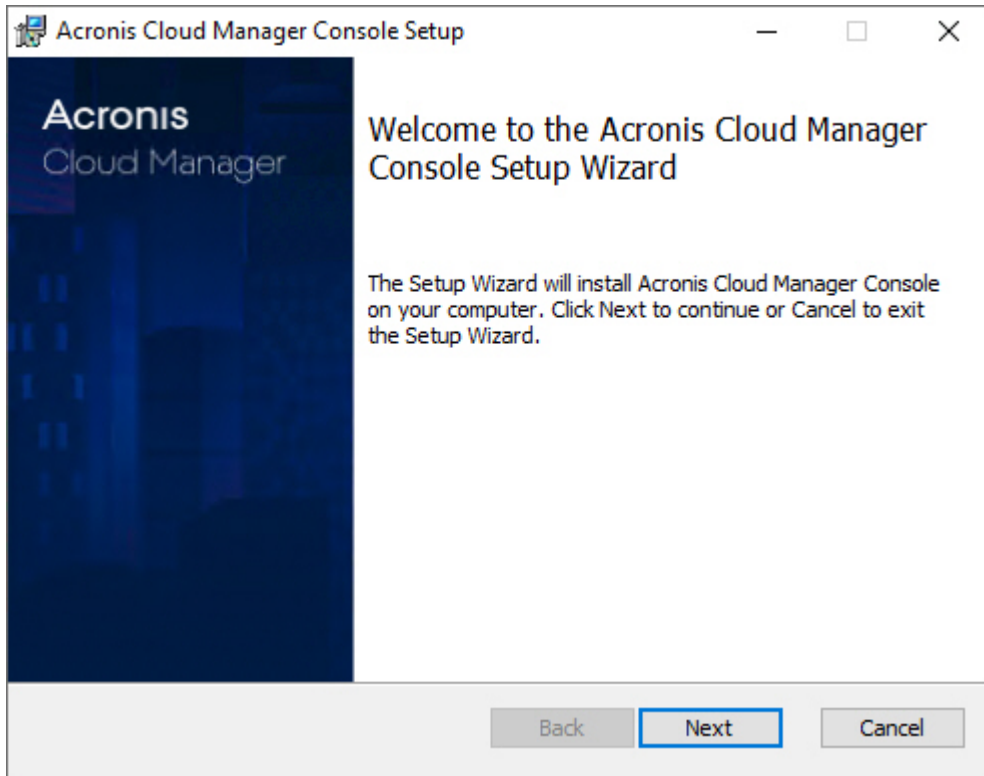


13. Click **Finish** when installation is complete:

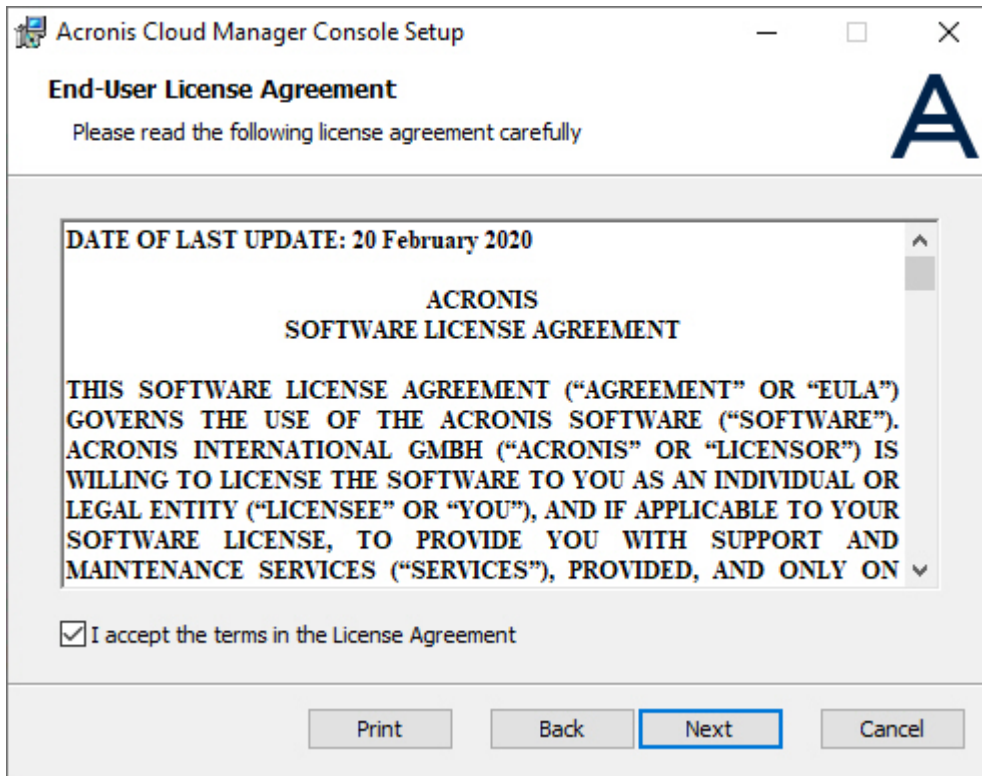


3.3.2 Console setup

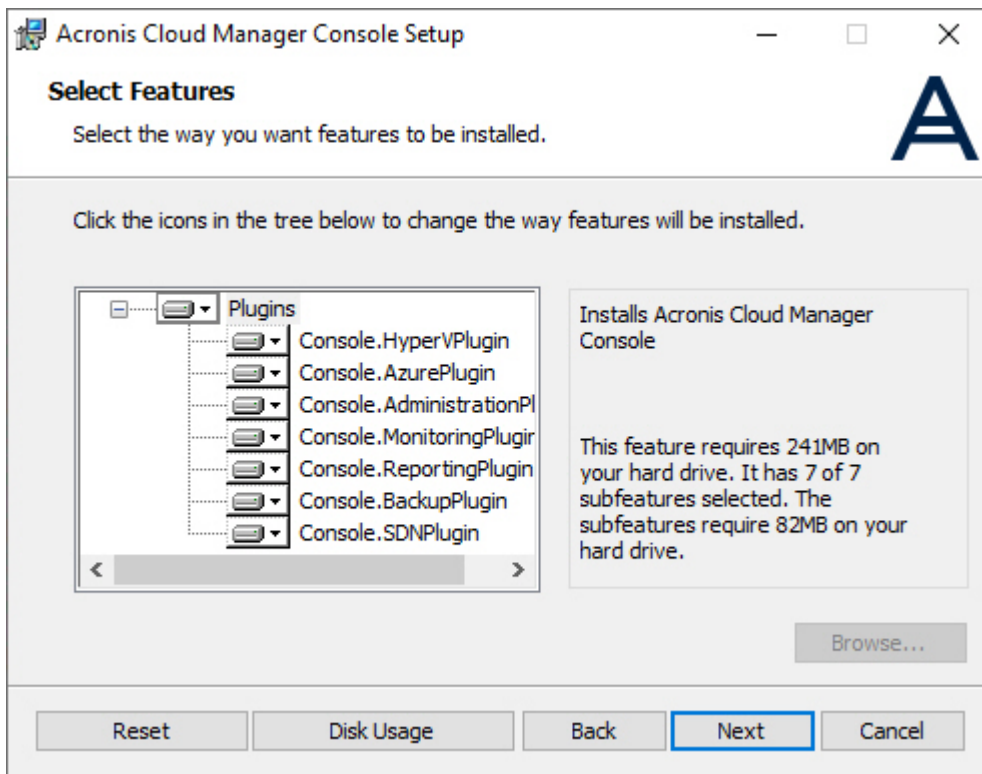
1. To run console setup, select the second component in the bootstrap setup list and press the **Install** button or run **console.setup.msi** from the **Console** setup ISO folder. The following window will be shown. Click **Next**:



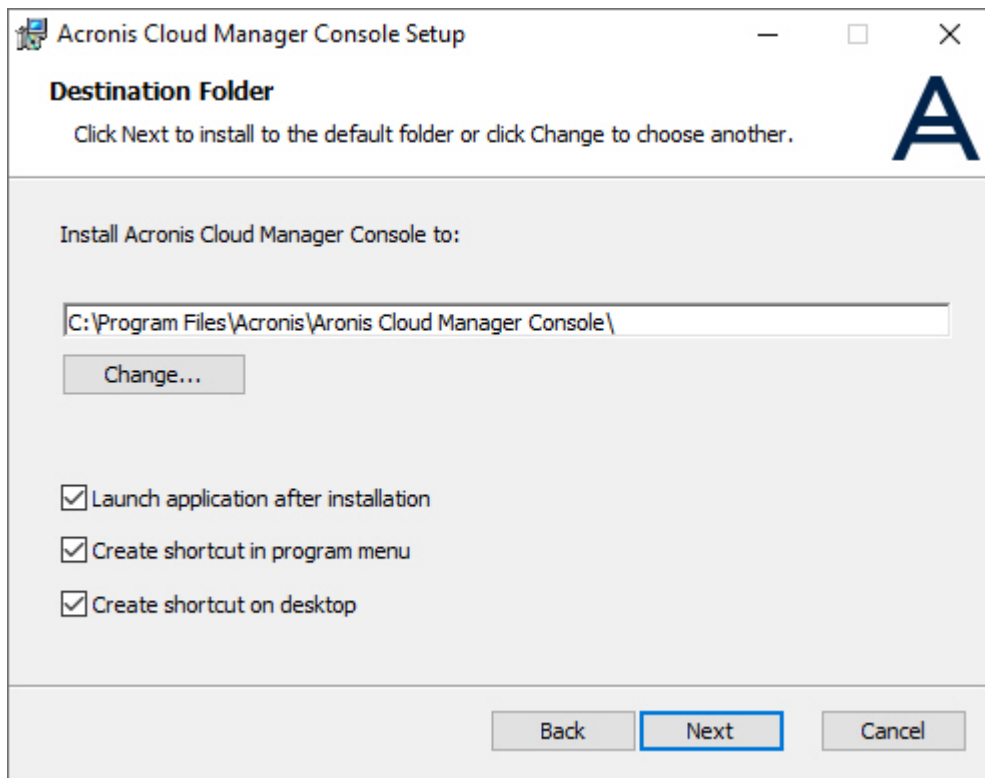
2. The Acronis software end user license agreement will appear. Read and accept it, then press **Next**:



3. Select the plugins you want to use and press **Next**:



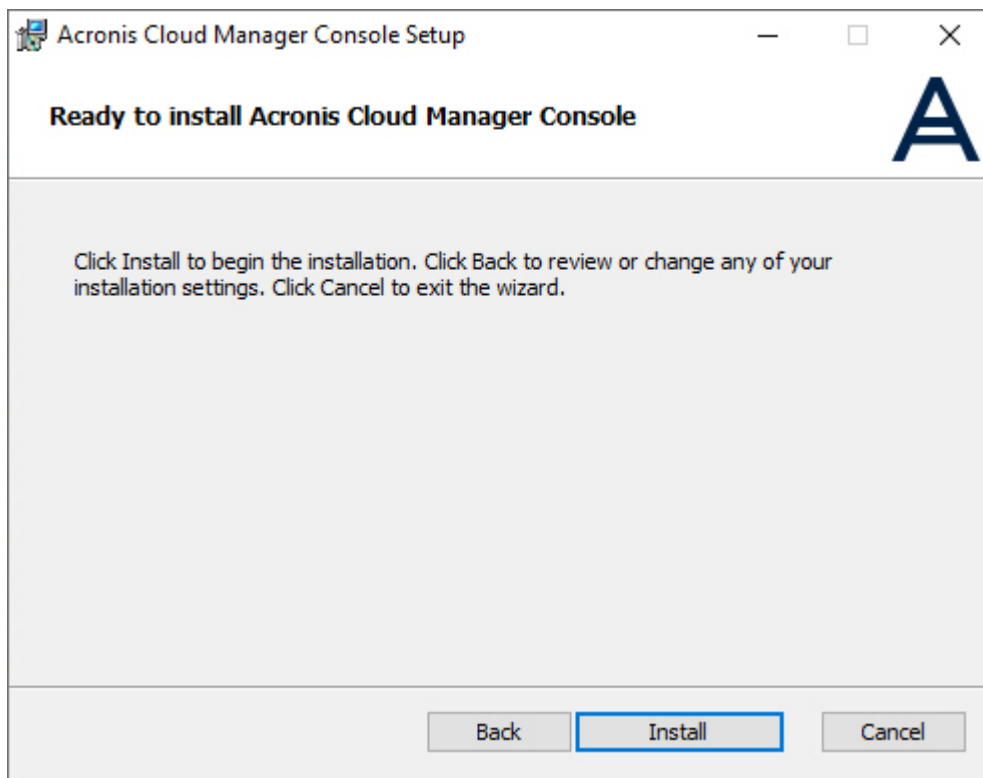
4. Select the destination folder for Acronis Cloud Manager and set the following program options (select or deselect depending on your preferences):



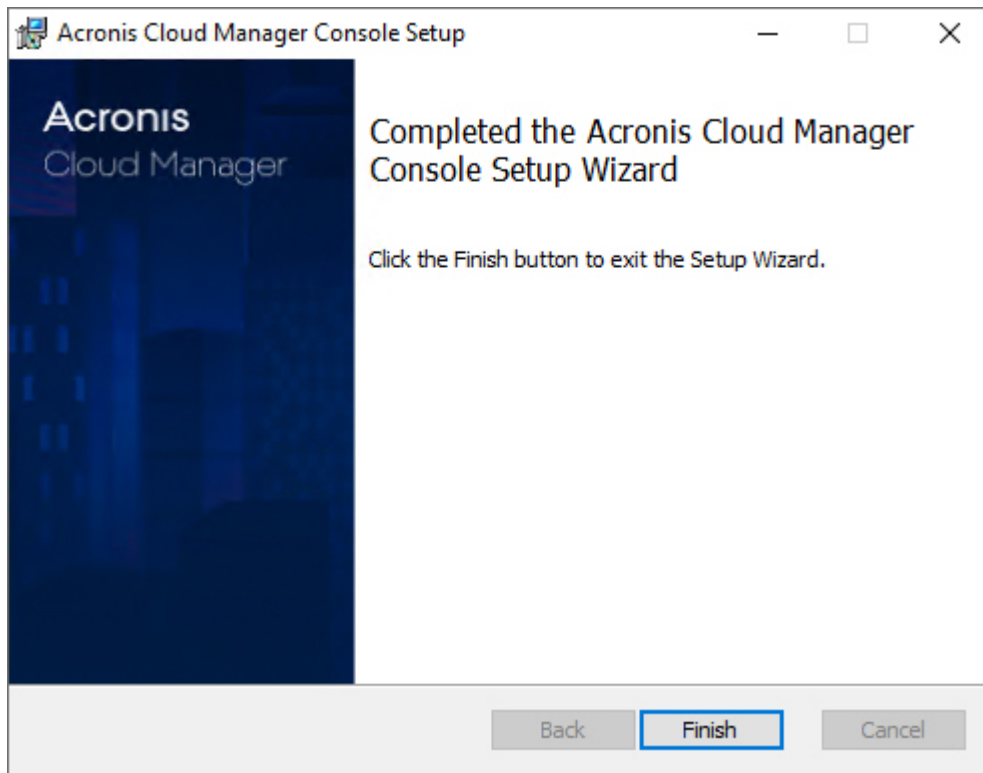
- **Launch application after installation;**
- **Create shortcut in program menu;**
- **Create shortcut on desktop.**

Press **Next**.

5. Click the **Install** button to install the management console:



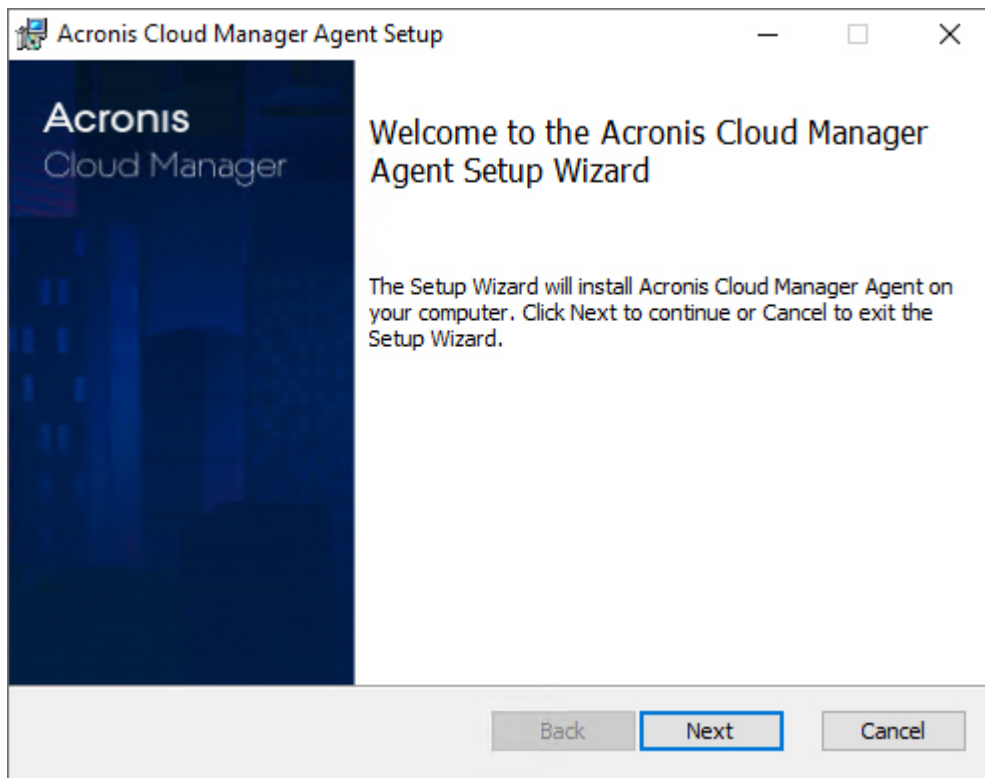
6. Click **Finish** when installation is complete:



3.3.3 Host agent setup

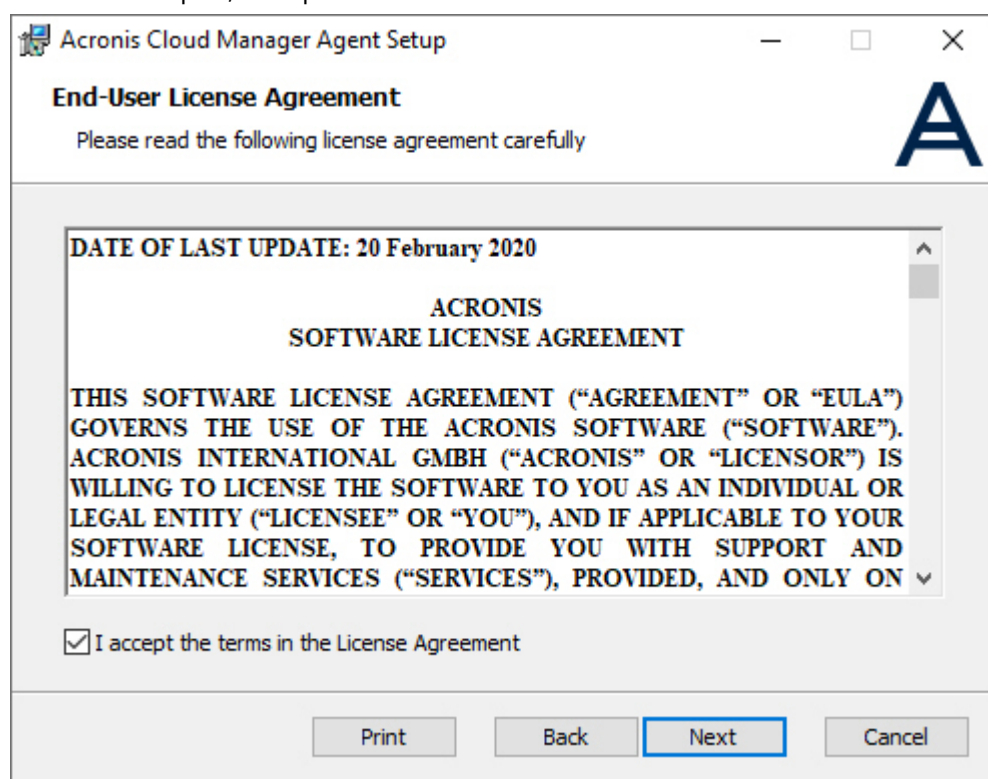
The host agent is installed automatically on a Hyper-V server when it is added to the objects tree in the management console. If there are any specific conditions or issues, you can also install it manually by selecting the third option in Acronis Cloud Manager bootstrap setup or running **agentservice.setup.msi** from the **Agent** setup ISO folder.

1. The following window will be shown. Press **Next**:

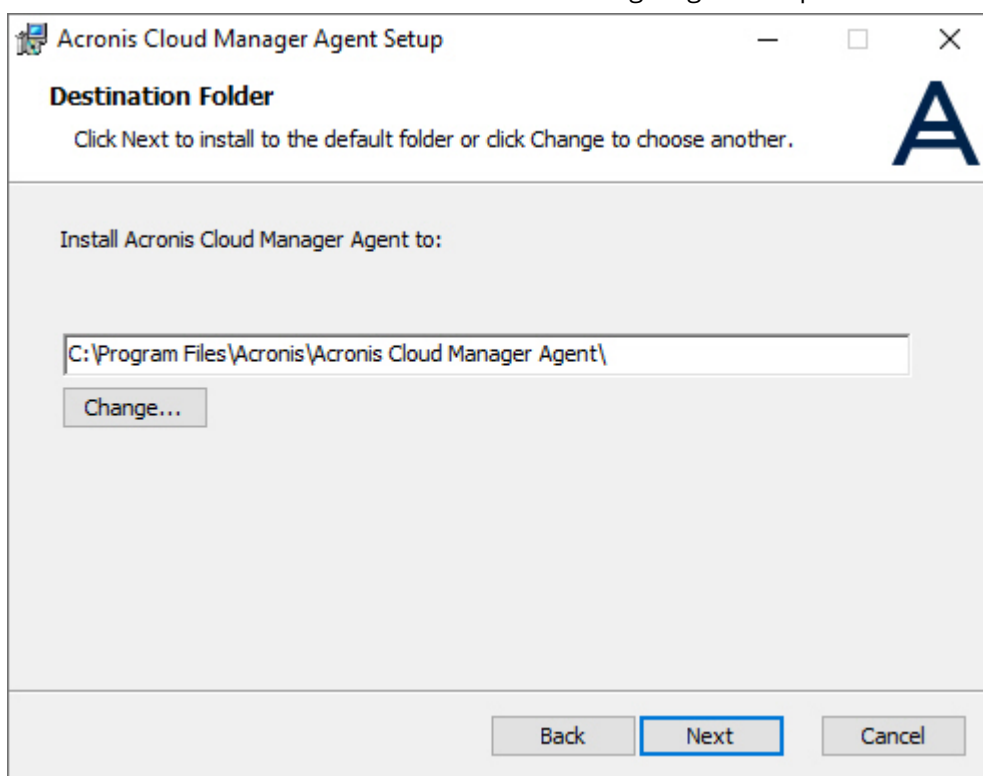


2. The Acronis software end user license agreement will appear.

Read and accept it, then press **Next**:



3. Select the destination folder for Acronis Cloud Manager agent and press **Next**:



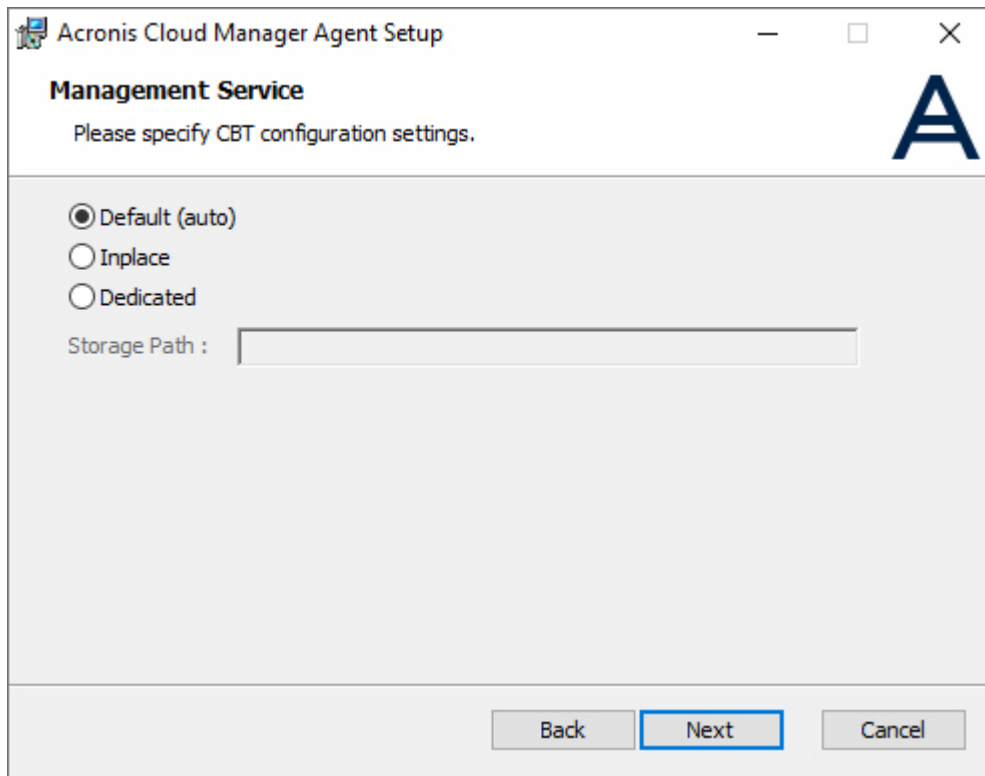
4. Set the management server and messaging queuing broker connection parameters, specify agent service account, enable TLS option (if applicable):

The screenshot shows the 'Acronis Cloud Manager Agent Setup' window, specifically the 'Management Service' tab. The window title is 'Acronis Cloud Manager Agent Setup' and it has standard Windows window controls. The subtitle is 'Specify Management Server path and Agent account'. The Acronis logo is in the top right corner. The window is divided into two main sections: 'RabbitMQ configuration' and 'Agent service account configuration'. In the 'RabbitMQ configuration' section, there are four text input fields: 'Login :' with the value 'admin', 'Password :' with masked characters, 'TCP Port:' with the value '5671', and 'Address:' with the value '5nineMgr.dev.5nine.com'. Below these fields is a checkbox labeled 'Use TLS' which is checked. In the 'Agent service account configuration' section, there are two text input fields: 'Login :' with the value 'DEV\5nine' and 'Password :' with masked characters. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (which is highlighted with a blue border), and 'Cancel'.

Note

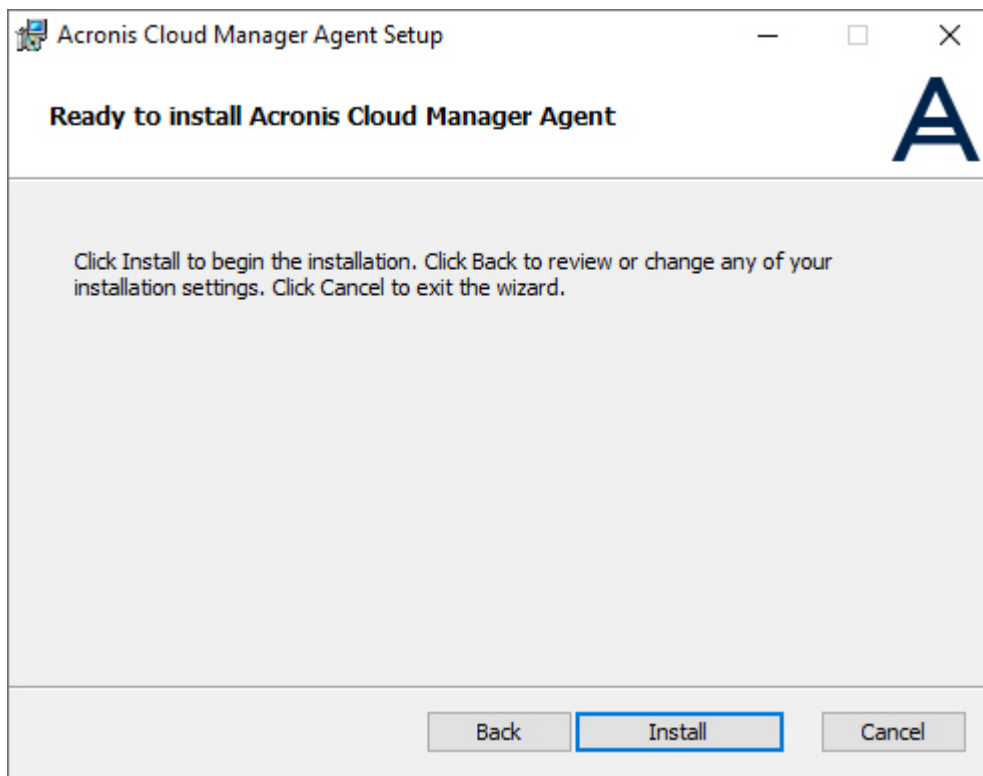
You will have to provide the same messaging broker configuration parameters that were used in management service setup. Specifically, this applies to the address of the messaging broker – it must be entered exactly in the same way as it had been specified during management service setup, including letter case as this parameter is case-sensitive! Otherwise the communication between agent and management service will not work. Then specify credentials to start agent service under and press **OK**.

5. Set CBT options:

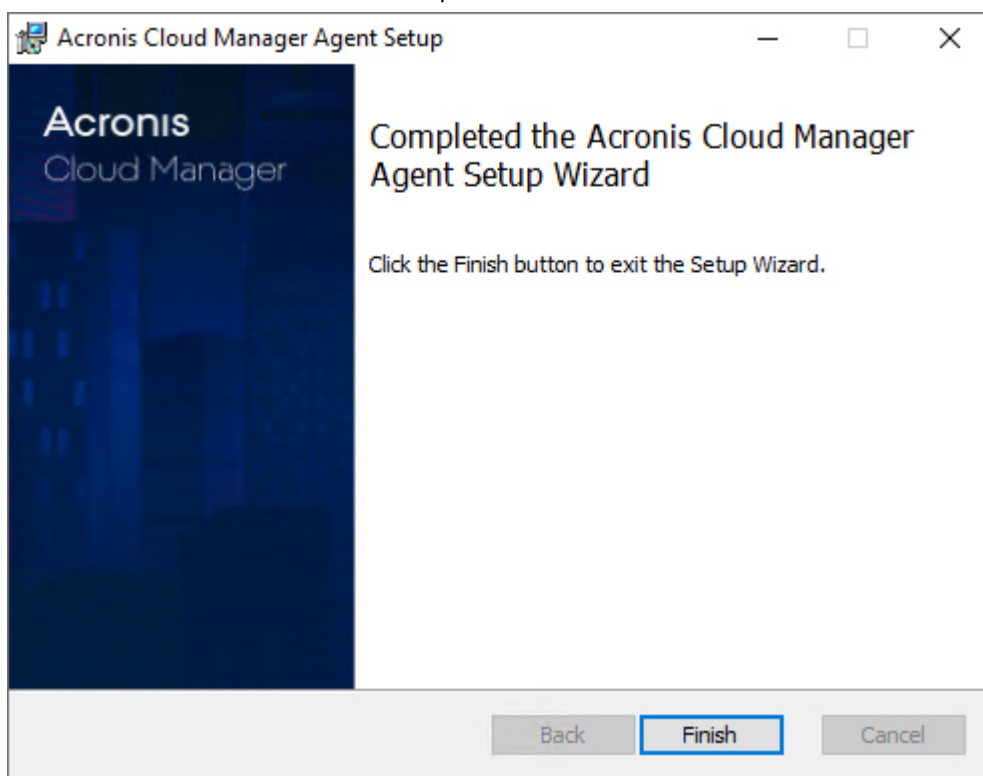


- **Default (auto):** CBT data will be stored in the program-defined default location (**C:\Program Files\5nine\5nine CBT**);
- **Inplace:** CBT data will be stored together with virtual machine VHD;
- **Dedicated:** CBT data will be stored in the location, specified by user (**Storage Path**). The location should be available from the Hyper-V server's side.

6. Click **Install** to start installation:

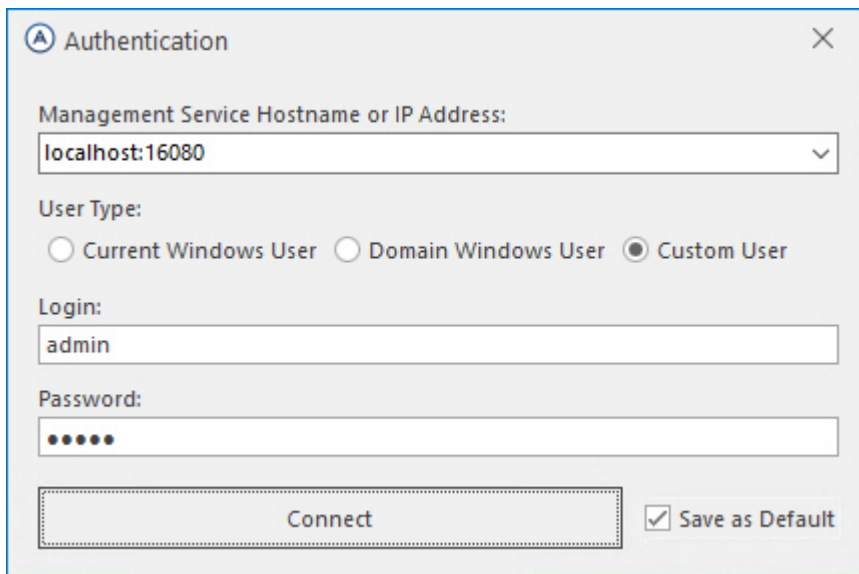


7. Click **Finish** when installation is complete:



3.4 Login to console

Launch the management console and enter the relevant credentials



A Authentication [X]

Management Service Hostname or IP Address:
localhost:16080

User Type:
☐ Current Windows User ☐ Domain Windows User ☒ Custom User

Login:
admin

Password:
•••••

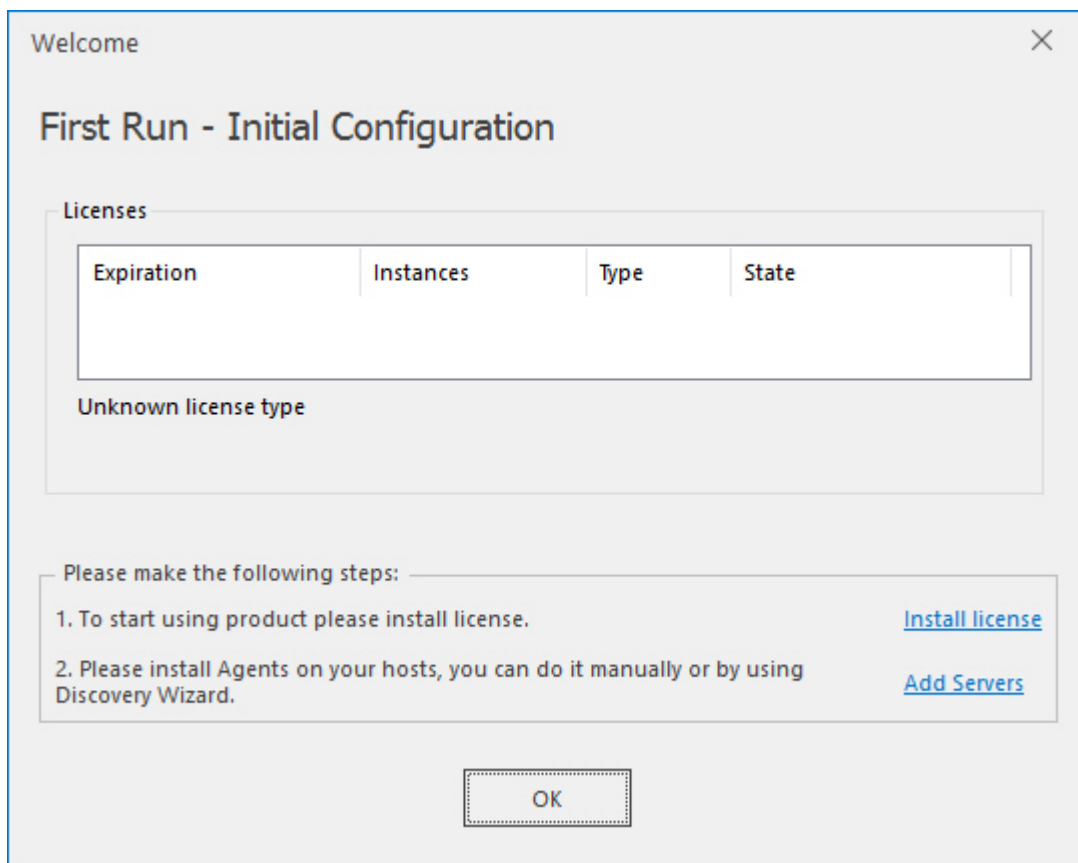
Connect ☒ Save as Default

Note

On the first console start you need to enter credentials that you entered upon management server setup. At a later point, you will be able to add other users and/or change the default credentials.

3.5 First run

1. On the first console start you will be asked to install the license and prompted to add Hyper-V servers:



2. Click the **Install license** link and choose the **license.txt** file. You may either have a trial license that came with your trial email or a commercial license that would have been purchased. More information about the licensing and how to install the license at a later point can be found in the "'Licensing" (p. 14)' section below. Click **Add Servers** to add Hyper-V hosts or clusters. The adding servers process is described in the next section.

3.6 Adding Hyper-V servers

1. To start managing your virtual infrastructure, you must configure connections to Microsoft Hyper-V virtual management servers. You can connect the following types of servers:
 - Standalone Hyper-V host;
 - Hyper-V cluster.
2. For the initial launch the object tree will be empty. Adding new servers is implemented via **Add servers** wizard. To start the wizard press the, **Add servers** button in the toolbar at the top of the console.
3. After the **Add servers** wizard starts you need to specify credentials for discovery:

Configure Datacenter: Add Servers

Discovery Type

Credentials

Discovery Type

Discovery Results

Summary

Specify credentials for discovering

Credentials

Domain\Username: VNEXT.5nine.com\5nine

Password: *****

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

You may type in credentials manually or use AD discovery for that purpose, if you are working in a domain environment. To use AD discovery, press the button to the right of the **Domain\username** field and then select the AD account and click **OK**:

Pick Active Directory Object

Search...

Name	Department
Administrator	
Guest	
krbtgt	
5nine Inc. Software	

OK

Cancel

Then select discovery types and provide discovery data:

New servers can be added in 3 ways:

- **Manual** - Manually typing the addresses of servers separated by commas. You may use host name, FQDN or IP address.
- **Active Directory** – to search for available hosts or clusters using AD discovery.
- **IP Range** – to search for available hosts or clusters using IP discovery in the given IP range.

Configure Datacenter: Add Servers

Discovery Type

Credentials
Discovery Type
Discovery Results
Summary

Choose discovering type

Discovery

☒ Manual

List server names separated by ","

☒ Active Directory

☒ IP range

Start IP address:

Finish IP address:

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Note

AD and IP discovery can take quite significant time depending on your AD and network structure and performance. Once the discovery process completes, you will get the full list of servers that can be managed by Acronis Cloud Manager. Only those servers that match system requirements are selected automatically.

4. Select servers that you need to manage and press **Next**:

Configure Datacenter: Add Servers

Discovery Results

Credentials

Discovery Type

Discovery Results

Summary

Select hosts where you want to install Acronis Cloud Manager Agent

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Operating System	Type	CPU (Cores)	.NET Version	Agent
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	cluster.dev....	Unknown (10.0.17763)	Cluster	2 (8)		
Cluster Nodes						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Node Name	Status	Operating S...	CPU (Cores)	Agent	.NET Version
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DEV-NODE1...	Up	Microsoft W...	2 (8)	4.7.1 Full	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DEV-NODE2...	Up	Microsoft W...	2 (8)	4.7.1 Full	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HV2019.dev...	Microsoft Hyper-V Serv...	Host	2 (8)	4.7.1 Full	4.0.19309.1 (...)

☐ Reboot hosts if required

CBT settings
 Mode: 'Auto'

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

5. Host agents will be installed automatically on the servers that you selected on the previous step.

Configure Datacenter: Add Servers

Summary

Credentials

Discovery Type

Discovery Results

Summary

Completing the wizard

You have successfully completed the Add Servers Wizard. You are about to add the following objects:

Host Name	Status
NODE1.dev.local	Installing agent ...
NODE2.dev.local	Installing agent ...

To close the Wizard click 'Finish' button.

< Back

Next >

Finish

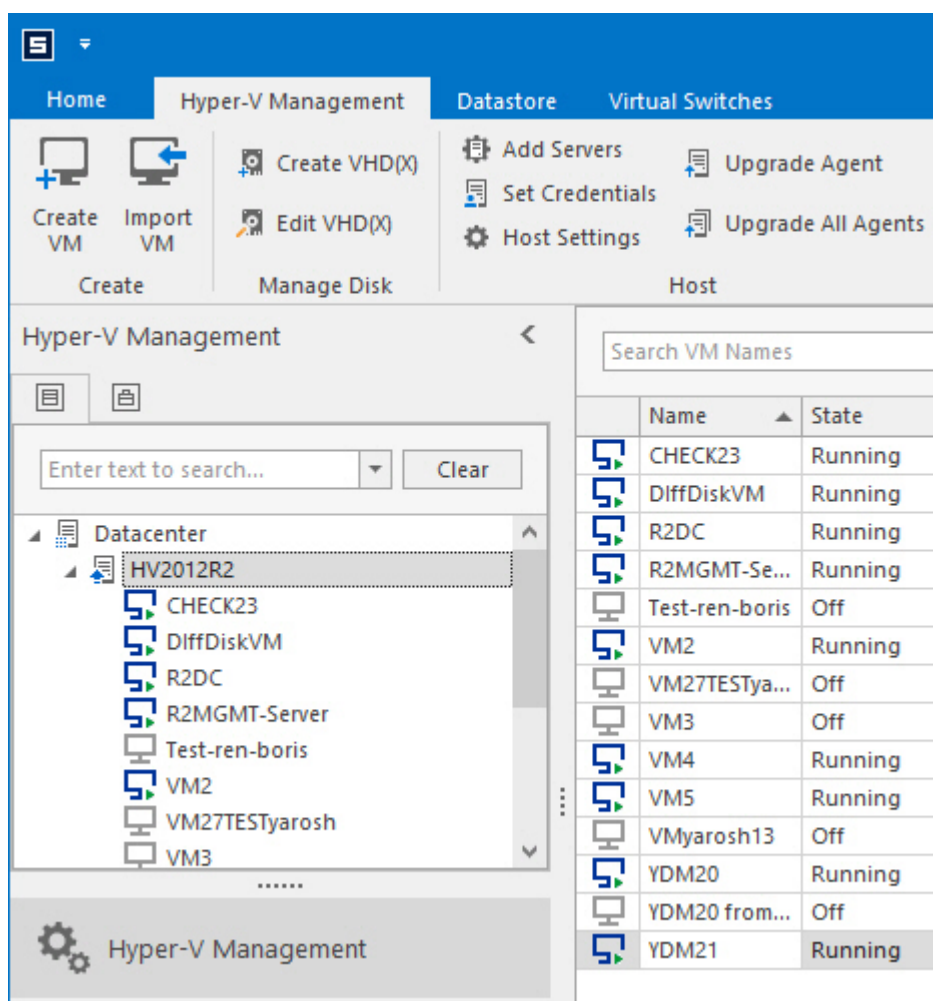
Cancel

Note

When agents are installed servers will appear in the console objects tree automatically.

3.7 Upgrading host agents

If you are upgrading the product from the previous versions, upon completing management service and console upgrade, the product will detect the necessity and offer to upgrade host agents. Blue arrows will appear on host's icons in the object tree, displaying the necessity to upgrade the agents. Also, corresponding commands will appear in the context menu of the host objects and on the main ribbon:



Use the **Upgrade agent** command to proceed with the particular host, selected in the object tree, and the **Upgrade all agents** command to proceed with all managed hosts.

Configure agent upgrade options on the wizard:

Upgrade All Agents

Upgrading Options

Upgrading Options

Summary

Specify options for upgrading the agent

Credentials

Domain\User name: R2.local\5nine

Password: ••••••••

☐ Override credentials

Rebooting

☐ Reboot host if required

Upgrade Settings

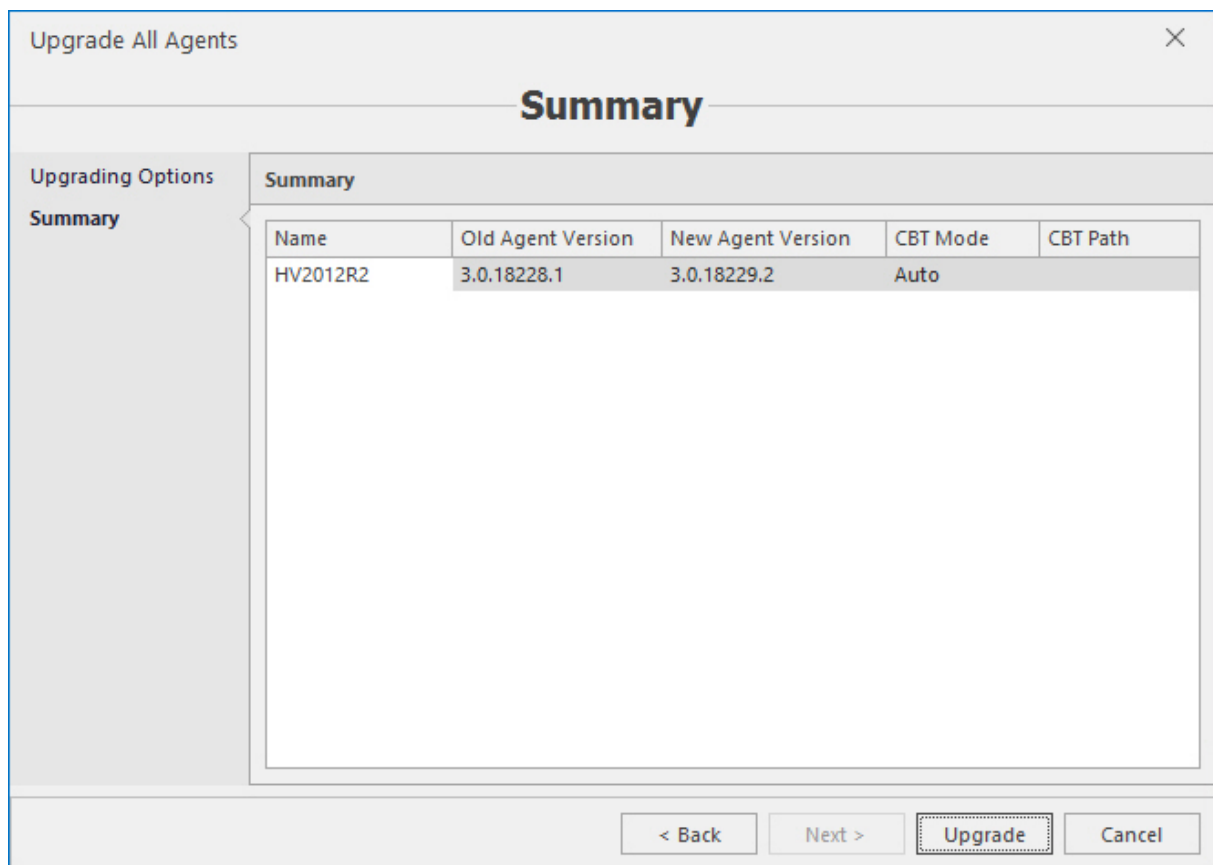
☒ Use Quick Upgrade

< Back **Next >** Upgrade Cancel

- Pick the active directory domain user and enter its password. Enable the **Override credentials** option if you have chosen a different account than was used previously and would like to use it further as host management credentials.
- In the case a reboot is needed on the host during the upgrade and you would like it is done silently during the upgrade process, enable the **Reboot host if required** option.
- Leave the **Use quick upgrade** option enabled as set by default to allow the new fastest agent upgrade method to be used. It consists of self-upgrade of the agents by sending the new .msi file directly to the host agents, which then completes the upgrade process. If this option is disabled, the old method will be used through Active Directory, which repeats the same process, occurring when adding the new Hyper-V hosts to the object tree, and takes the greater time to complete the upgrade.

Click **Next**.

Review the summary and click **Upgrade** to start the process. Nothing else is required from your side, when the upgrade process is complete, you will see the green marks on the host icons in the object tree, as they usually appear.



3.8 Managing users, tenants and roles

Acronis Cloud Manager supports multi-tenant environments when users can have granular permissions and roles to access Hyper-V infrastructure. It is a very convenient instrument for enterprise and service provider organizations. For example, a tenant can represent a department in a company or a corporate client for a service provider.

To use role-based access control (RBAC) capabilities or features you will need to set tenants, users and roles as a part of system configuration process.

- Credentials for system administrator are set in management console setup.
- Tenants, users and roles can be set in the **Administration** plugin under these credentials.

3.8.1 Tenants

1. To create a tenant, go to the **Tenants** tab and press the **Create tenant** button and start the **Tenant** wizard.

2. Define the tenant name and description. Tenant is enabled by default. If you do not need tenant users to be able to access the system, clear the **Enabled** checkbox.

The screenshot shows the 'Tenant Wizard' window with the 'Information' tab selected. The 'Enter tenant information' section contains the following fields:

- Name:** A text box containing 'tenant1'.
- Description:** A large text area.
- Enabled:** A checkbox that is checked.

At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

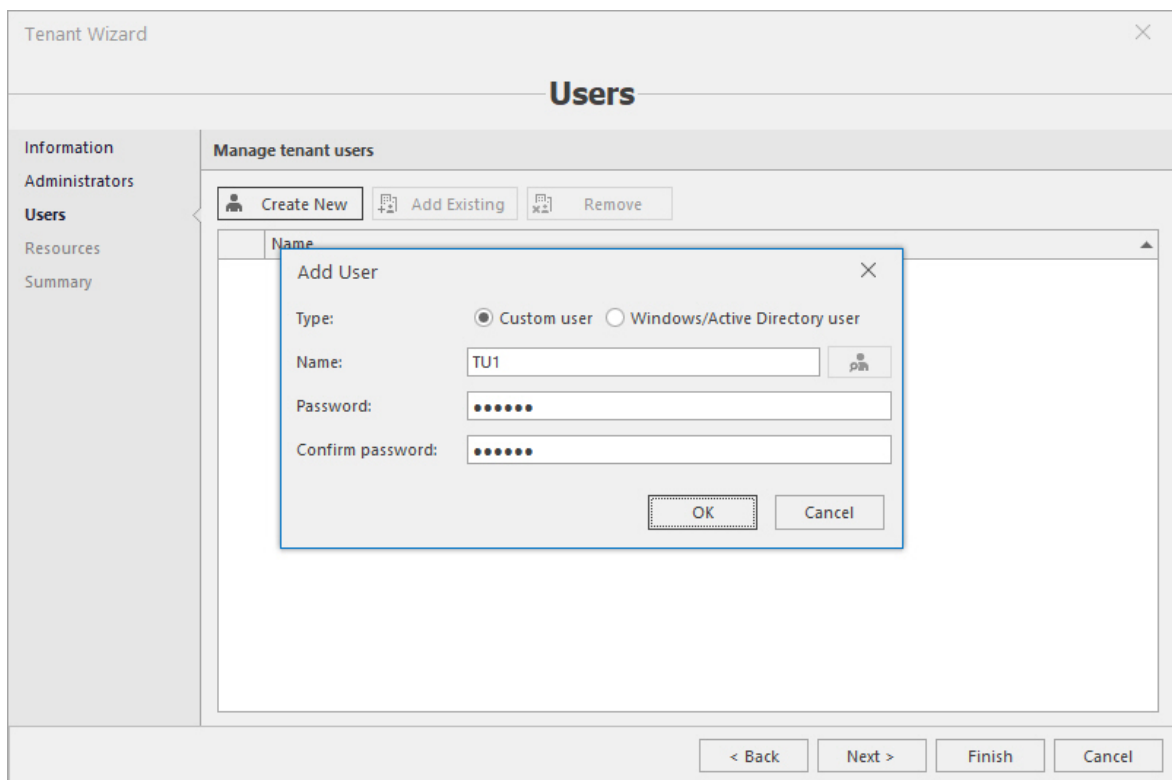
3. Define tenant administrators. They can be selected from the existing users list or a new one can be created.

The screenshot shows the 'Tenant Wizard' window with the 'Administrators' tab selected. The 'Manage tenant administrators' section includes buttons for 'Create New', 'Add Existing', and 'Remove'. An 'Add User' dialog box is open in the foreground, containing the following fields:

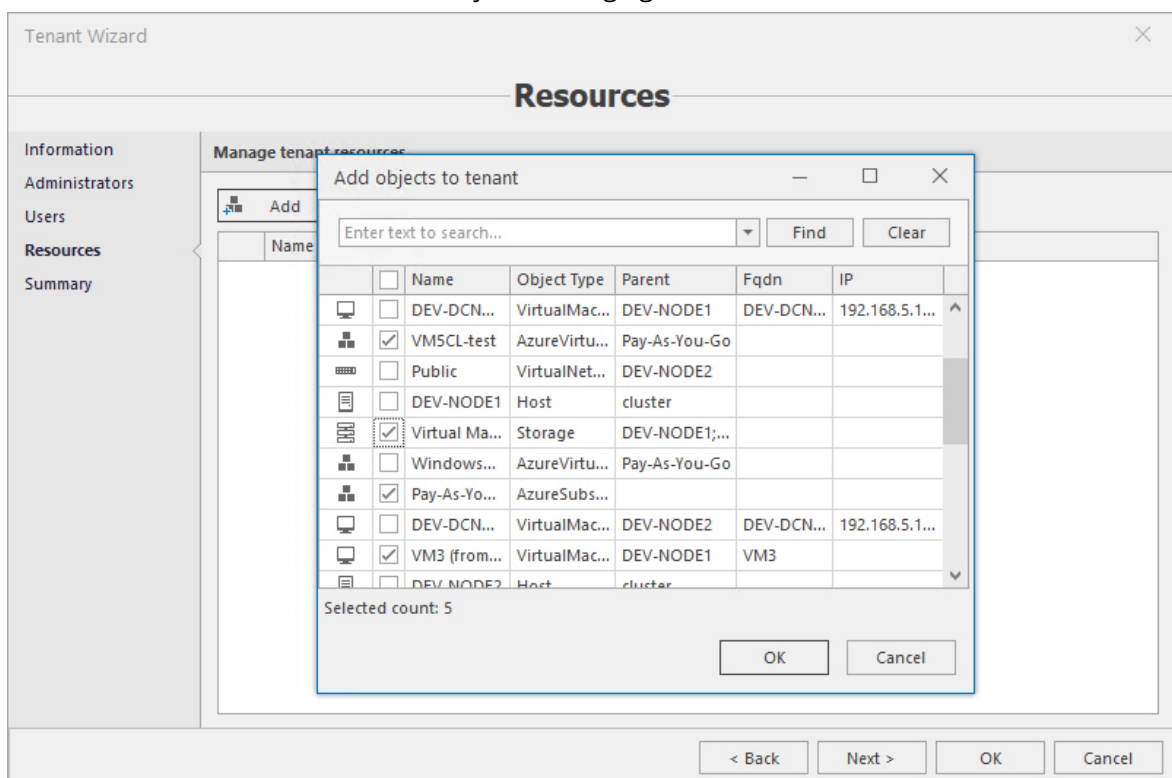
- Type:** Radio buttons for 'Custom user' (selected) and 'Windows/Active Directory user'.
- Name:** A text box containing 'TA'.
- Password:** A password field with masked characters.
- Confirm password:** A password field with masked characters.

At the bottom of the dialog box are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons. The background window also shows the 'Next >' button highlighted.

4. Add tenant users.



5. Associate objects with the tenant. An object can be associated with a single tenant only. Tenant administrators have full access to all objects belonging to a tenant.



6. Check summary information and if everything is correct press the **Finish** button to create the tenant.

Tenant Wizard

Summary

Information

Administrators

Users

Resources

Summary

Completing the wizard

You have successfully completed the Tenant Wizard. You are about to create the following tenant:

Name:	tenant1
Administrators:	1 (TA)
Users:	1 (TU1)
Resources:	5 (mskmeeting, Pay-As-You-Go, VM5CL-test, VM3 (from Template based on 'VM3'...

To create the tenant and close the wizard, click "Finish" button.

< Back
Next >
OK
Cancel

3.8.2 Users

1. To create a user, go to the **Users** tab and press the **Create user** button to start the **Add User** wizard.
2. Define user type and set credentials. User is created enabled by default. If you do not need the user to be able to access the system, clear the **Enabled** checkbox.

Add User Wizard

Credentials

Credentials

Resources and Roles

Summary

Enter user information

Type: ☒ Custom User ☐ Active Directory User

Enabled: ☒

User Name: 🔍

Password:

Confirm password:

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

3. Define user resources and roles. By default, there are 3 roles in the system: **Full Access**, **Read-Only** and **Basic**. But you can define your own roles. Tenant user can have access only to the objects that are associated with the tenant.

The screenshot shows the 'Add User Wizard' dialog with the 'Resources and Roles' step selected. The left sidebar has 'Resources and Roles' highlighted. The main area is titled 'Manage resources and roles for user' and includes a checkbox for 'Use Advanced Resource Based Permissions' which is checked. Below this, there are two panels: 'Resources' and 'Roles'. The 'Resources' panel has a search bar and a list of resource types: AzureSubscription, AzureVirtualMachine, Cluster, Host, Storage, VirtualMachine, and VirtualNetworkSwitch. The 'Roles' panel also has a search bar and a table of roles.

Is Enabled	Name	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Full Access	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Basic	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Read-Only	

At the bottom of the dialog are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

4. Check summary information and if everything is correct press the **Finish** button to create the new user.

The screenshot shows the 'Add User Wizard' dialog with the 'Summary' step selected. The left sidebar has 'Summary' highlighted. The main area is titled 'Completing the wizard' and contains a message: 'You have successfully completed the User Wizard. You are about to create the following user:'. Below this message is a table showing the user details.

Name:	U1
Type:	Custom User
Role:	User
Resource:	Roles:
Pay-As-You-Go	Full Access, Basic, Read-Only

At the bottom of the dialog are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. The 'Finish' button is highlighted.

If you are on the **Global Administrators** entity in the object tree, then the **Add Global Administrator** wizard will be opened and the user will be added with global administrator's

privileges, you will not be able to alter its permissions during the creation process like it's done for non-administrator users:

The screenshot shows the 'Add Global Administrator Wizard' window, specifically the 'Credentials' step. The window has a title bar with 'Add Global Administrator Wizard' and a close button. The main title is 'Credentials'. On the left, there is a sidebar with 'Credentials' and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Enter user information'. It contains the following fields and options:

- Type: ☒ Custom User ☐ Active Directory User
- Enabled: ☒
- User Name: (with a search icon button to the right)
- Password:
- Confirm password:

At the bottom right, there are navigation buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

For Active Directory users, auto-discovery from the domain active directory is available – click the button to the right of the **User Name** field to open the search dialog box:

The screenshot shows the 'Pick Active Directory Object' dialog box. It has a title bar with 'Pick Active Directory Object' and standard window controls. The main area contains a search field with 'Snine' entered. Below the search field is a table with the following columns: 'Account', 'Display Name', and 'Department'. The table contains one row of results:

Account	Display Name	Department
dev.Snine.com\Snine	Snine	

On the right side of the dialog, there are three buttons: 'Find', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

Start typing the user name into the upper field, then click **Find**. All found accounts will be displayed lower in the results list. Select the required account and click **OK** – it will be entered into the main dialog box:

Enter user information

Type: ☐ Custom User ☒ Active Directory User

Enabled: ☒

Domain\User: 

3.8.3 Roles

Roles usually combine granular permissions into the named groups for user convenience.

There is a set of granular permissions for every object type:

- **Cluster.**
- **Host.**
- **Virtual machine.**
- **Storage.**
- **Virtual Network Switch.**
- **Azure Subscription.**
- **Azure Virtual Machine.**

To create a role, go to the **Roles** tab, press the **Create role** button or select the existing role and press the **Edit** button:

Acronis Cloud Manager

Home Users Tenants **Roles** Categories

Create Role Edit Role Remove Role Refresh

Roles Management

Administration

Enter text to search in role names ... Clear

Roles

- Full Access
- Basic
- Read-Only

Hyper-V Management

Azure Management

Monitoring

Reporting

Backup

Name: Full Access

Description:

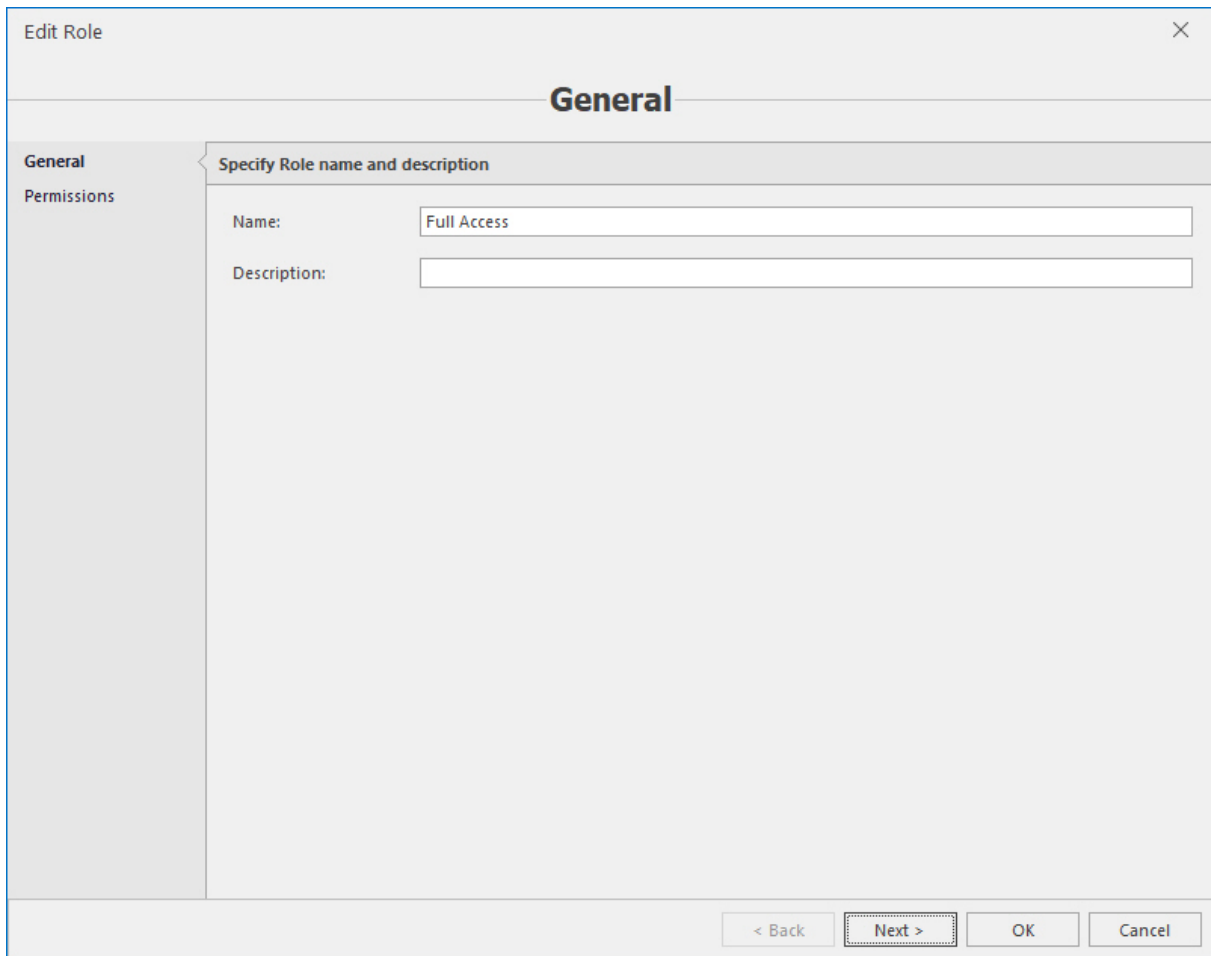
Owner: Global Administrator

Resource Type

Operation	Enabled	Description
Resource Type: AzureSubscription		
Resource Type: AzureVirtualMachine		
Resource Type: Cluster		
Resource Type: Host		
Resource Type: Storage		
Resource Type: VirtualMachine		
Resource Type: VirtualNetworkSwitch		

Sergey Stetsko, client IP: 192.168.2.92, DEV\Snine, 6/17/2019 10:24:11 AM, 100%, 6/17/2019 10:24:11 AM, Completed

The **Create Role (Edit Role)** wizard will be opened. On the **General** page specify name and description for the role:



The screenshot shows a window titled "Edit Role" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "General". On the left, there is a sidebar with two options: "General" (selected) and "Permissions". The main area is titled "Specify Role name and description" and contains two input fields: "Name:" with the text "Full Access" and "Description:" which is empty. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a dashed border), "OK", and "Cancel".

On the **Permissions** page, select objects and permissions.

Edit Role

Permissions

General
Permissions

Assign permissions for the Role

Resource Type ▲

Operation	Enabled	Description
▲ Resource Type: AzureSubscription		
Create	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Replicate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Update	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Delete	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Read	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
▶ Resource Type: AzureVirtualMachine		
Connect	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Restart	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Start	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Edit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Stop	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Delete	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Deallocate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Read	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
▶ Resource Type: Cluster		
▶ Resource Type: Host		
▶ Resource Type: Storage		

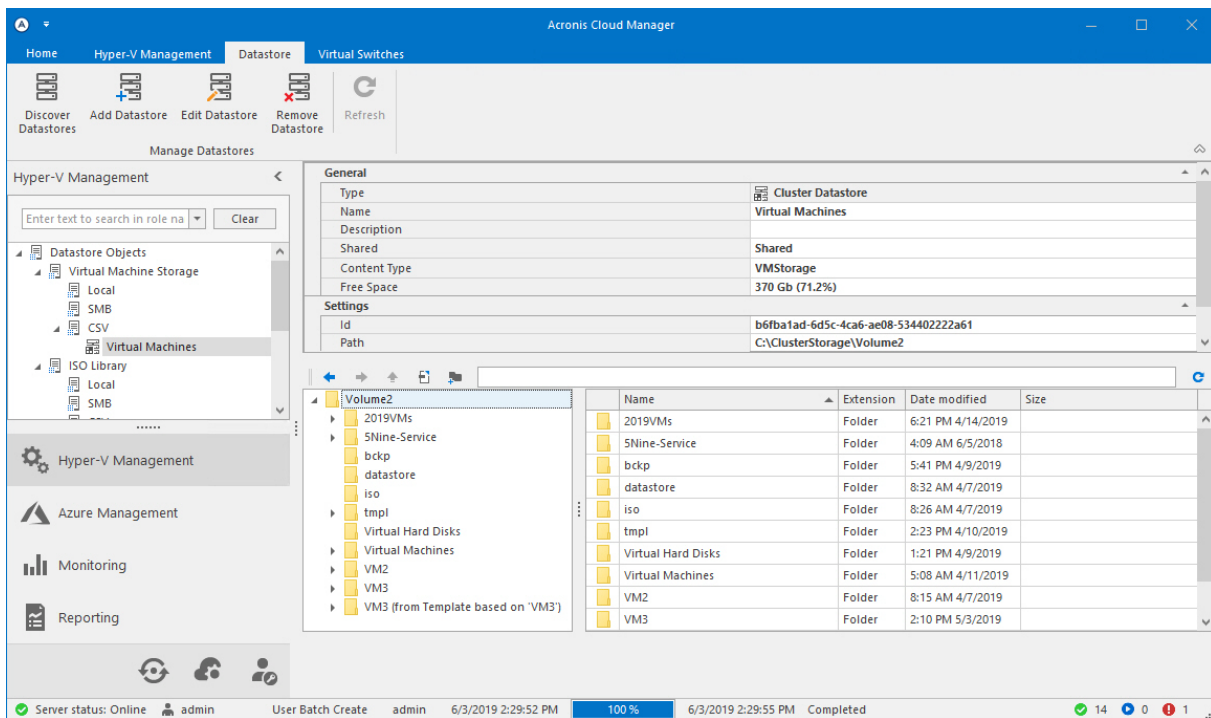
< Back Next > **OK** Cancel

Click **OK** to save changes.

3.9 Configuring datastore

Datastore is an internal Acronis Cloud Manager entity necessary to organize and provide storage management for objects of different types: virtual machines, ISO, templates and backup files. Acronis Cloud Manager datastore objects are split into categories and types. Categories reflect storage object types – virtual machine, ISO library, template library and backup storage.

It is not possible to use the storage with the category that does not match object type to avoid confusing or mixing files of different types in the same folder on the storage disk. This makes the datastore ordered and easier to use. Storage types reflect physical location types where files are stored: Cluster shared volume, SMB and local disk. Access to these different locations is provided in different ways, which requires different approaches from the Acronis Cloud Manager side as well.



Datastore can be added via the **Add datastore** wizard or by the **Run storage discovery** wizard.

3.9.1 Adding datastore

To add a datastore manually, click the **Add datastore** button on the main ribbon.

Define the datastore name and description.

Add Datastore

Name Datastore

Name Datastore

- Choose Datastore Type
- Choose Content Type
- Select Hosts
- Set Path

Name and description

Name: CSV VMs

Description (optional):

☒ Shared Resource

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Enable the **Shared resource** option to allow this storage to be visible/available for all tenants. Otherwise only global users will be able to see it (in accordance with permissions as well).

Acronis Cloud Manager supports 3 types of storage:

- **Local filesystem** – specific for a host. Typically used for simple scenarios where virtual disks are placed directly on local machine.
- **Network share (SMB)** – can be used by multiple hosts. This type of storage allows to store virtual disks in a CIFS/SMB file server share.

- **Cluster shared volume (CSV) disk** – allows all cluster nodes work with the same storage.

The screenshot shows a wizard window titled "Add Datastore" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "Choose Datastore Type". On the left, a sidebar lists the steps: "Name Datastore", "Choose Datastore Type" (which is highlighted with a left-pointing arrow), "Choose Content Type", "Select Hosts", and "Set Path". The main area is titled "What type of storage do you want to create?" and contains three radio button options:

- ☐ Local Filesystem
Local storage is specific for each host. Typically used for simple scenarios where virtual disks are placed directly on local machine.
- ☐ Network Share (SMB)
Network storage can be used by multiple hosts. This type of storage allows you to store virtual disks in a CIFS/SMB file server share.
- ☒ Cluster Shared Volume (CSV) Disk
CSV disks allow all failover cluster nodes to share a single volume.

At the bottom, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

Choose content type:

The screenshot shows a window titled "Add Datastore" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "Choose Content Type". On the left, there is a vertical list of steps: "Name Datastore", "Choose Datastore Type", "Choose Content Type" (which is highlighted with a bracket), "Select Hosts", and "Set Path". The main area on the right contains the heading "Choose Content Type" and four radio button options: "Virtual Machine Storage" (selected), "ISO Library", "Template Library", and "Backup Storage". At the bottom, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

Note

Datastore locations will be split by content to avoid disorder. Only matching locations will be available for selection to each content type. Depending on a storage type selected, next steps will differ.

3.9.2 Local filesystem

For the local filesystem type select the Hyper-V host where the datastore will be located.

Add Datastore

Select Hosts

Name Datastore

Choose Datastore Type

Choose Content Type

Select Hosts

Set Path

Select Hosts

	Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	DEV-NODE1
<input type="radio"/>	DEV-NODE2

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

3.9.3 Network share

For the network share type enable host(s) that will have access to this datastore.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Add Datastore" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main title of the window is "Select Hosts". On the left side, there is a vertical list of steps: "Name Datastore", "Choose Datastore Type", "Choose Content Type", "Select Hosts" (which is currently selected and highlighted), "Select Groups", and "Set Path". The main area of the window contains a table with the following content:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DEV-NODE1
<input type="checkbox"/>	DEV-NODE2

At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

3.9.4 Cluster shared volume

For the CSV type select the cluster.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Add Datastore" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main title "Select Hosts" is centered at the top. On the left, a vertical sidebar contains the following steps: "Name Datastore", "Choose Datastore Type", "Choose Content Type", "Select Hosts" (which is highlighted with a bracket), and "Set Path". The main area of the window is titled "Select Hosts" and contains a table with two columns: "Name" and "cluster". The "cluster" row is selected, indicated by a radio button in the left margin. At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

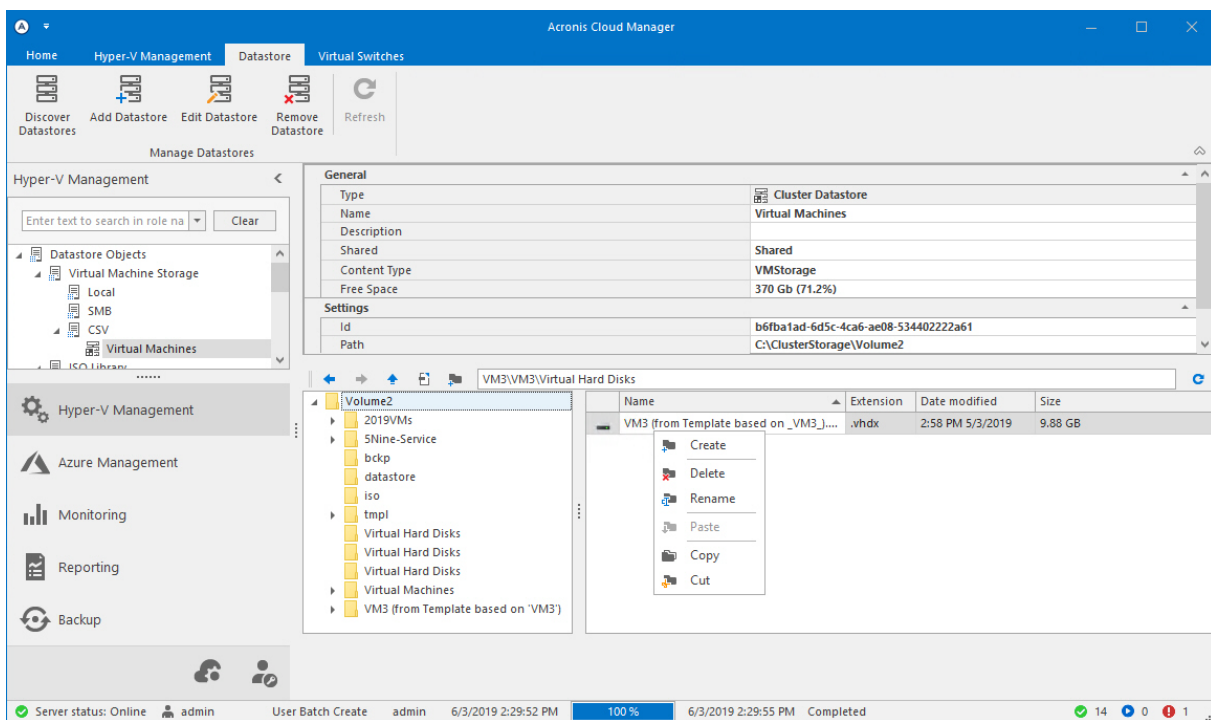
	Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	cluster

1. Provide the path to the storage in UNC format. For the local filesystem and CSV types the **Browse** button is available to select the required folder instead of typing it in manually.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Add Datastore" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "Set Path". On the left is a sidebar with a list of steps: "Name Datastore", "Choose Datastore Type", "Choose Content Type", "Select Hosts", and "Set Path" (which is highlighted with a bracket). The main area is labeled "Set Path" and contains a "Path:" label followed by a text input field containing the text "C:\ClusterStorage\Volume2\Virtual Machines". To the right of the input field is a "Browse" button. At the bottom of the window are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >", "Finish" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), and "Cancel".

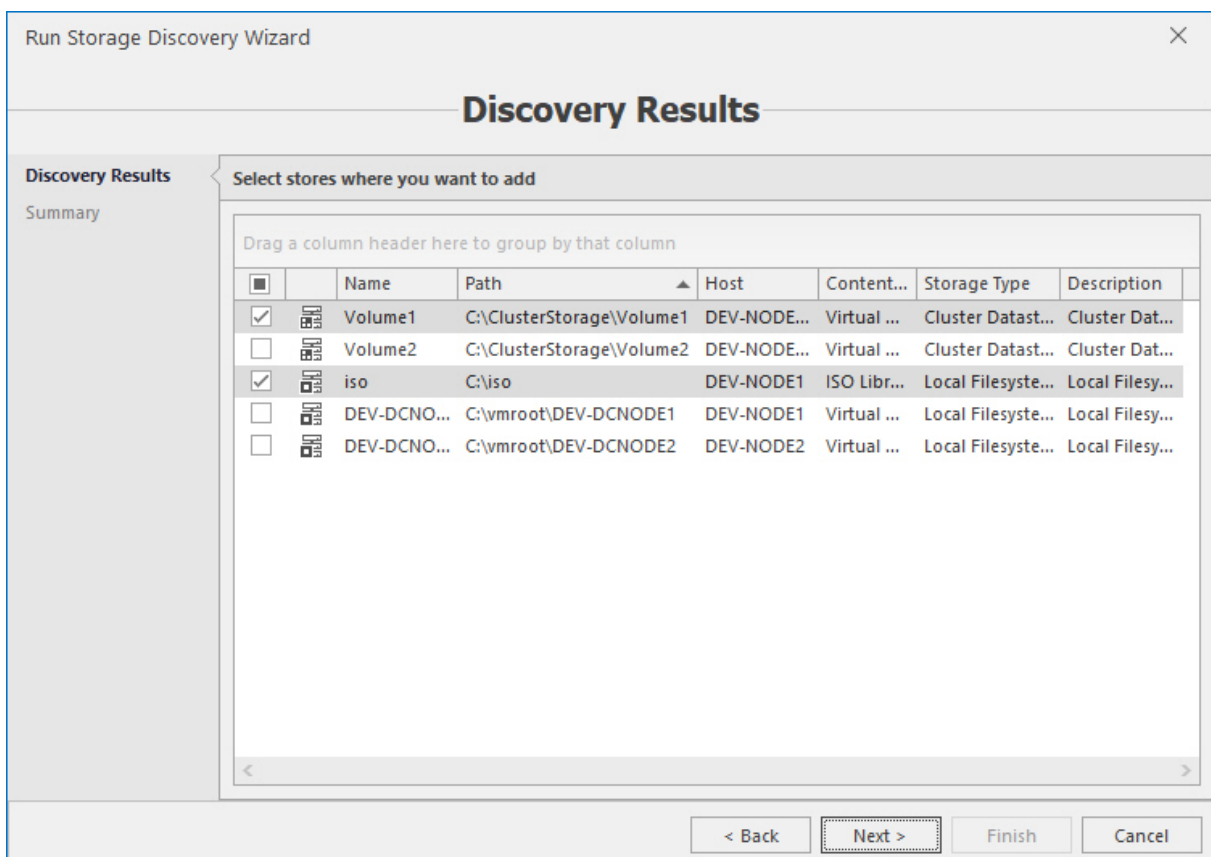
Note

When the datastore is created you can navigate through its content. Also, for your convenience, there is an ability to perform operations on physical folders on the disk directly from Acronis Cloud Manager user interface – create, delete, rename and copy/move actions are available just like in standard file explorer.

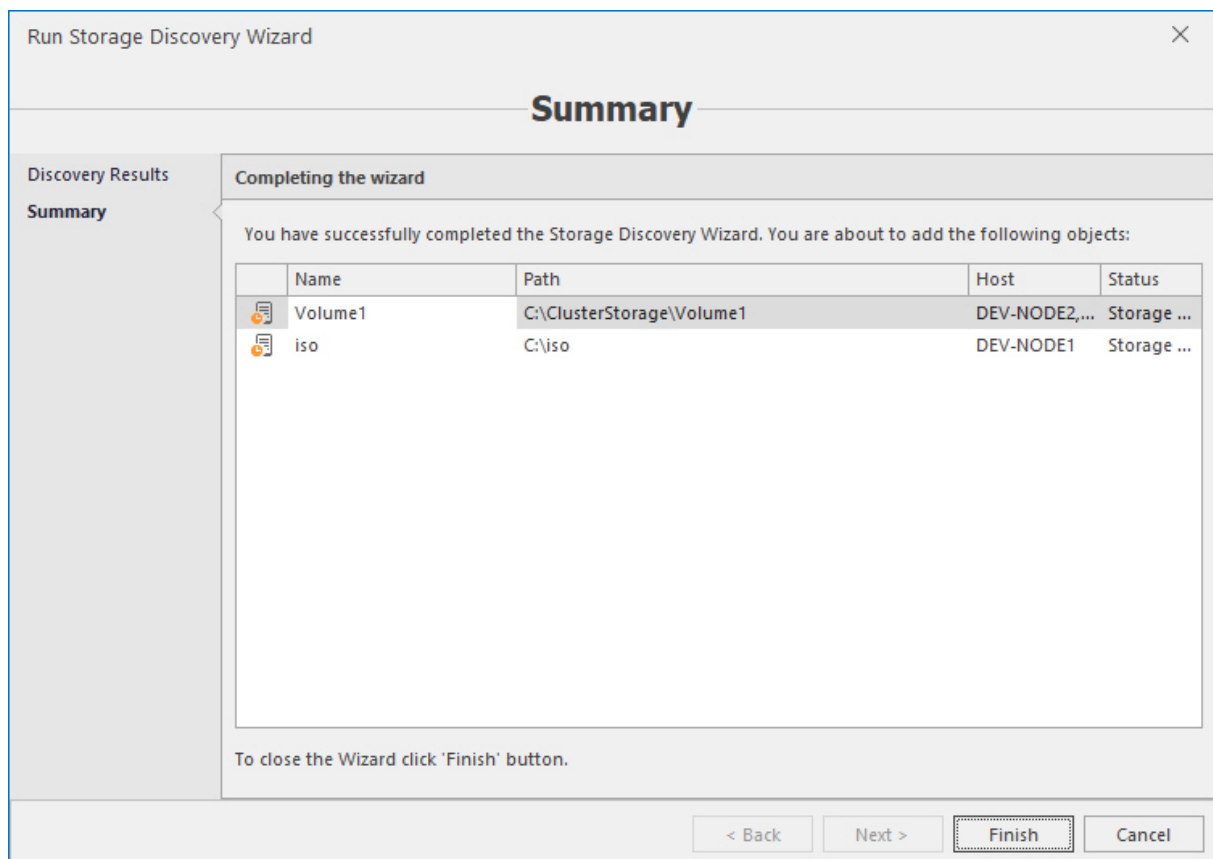


3.9.5 Running storage discovery

To evoke storage discovery, click the **Discover datastore** button on the main ribbon. The wizard will immediately start available storages discovery and then shows results on the first page, in accordance with its content:



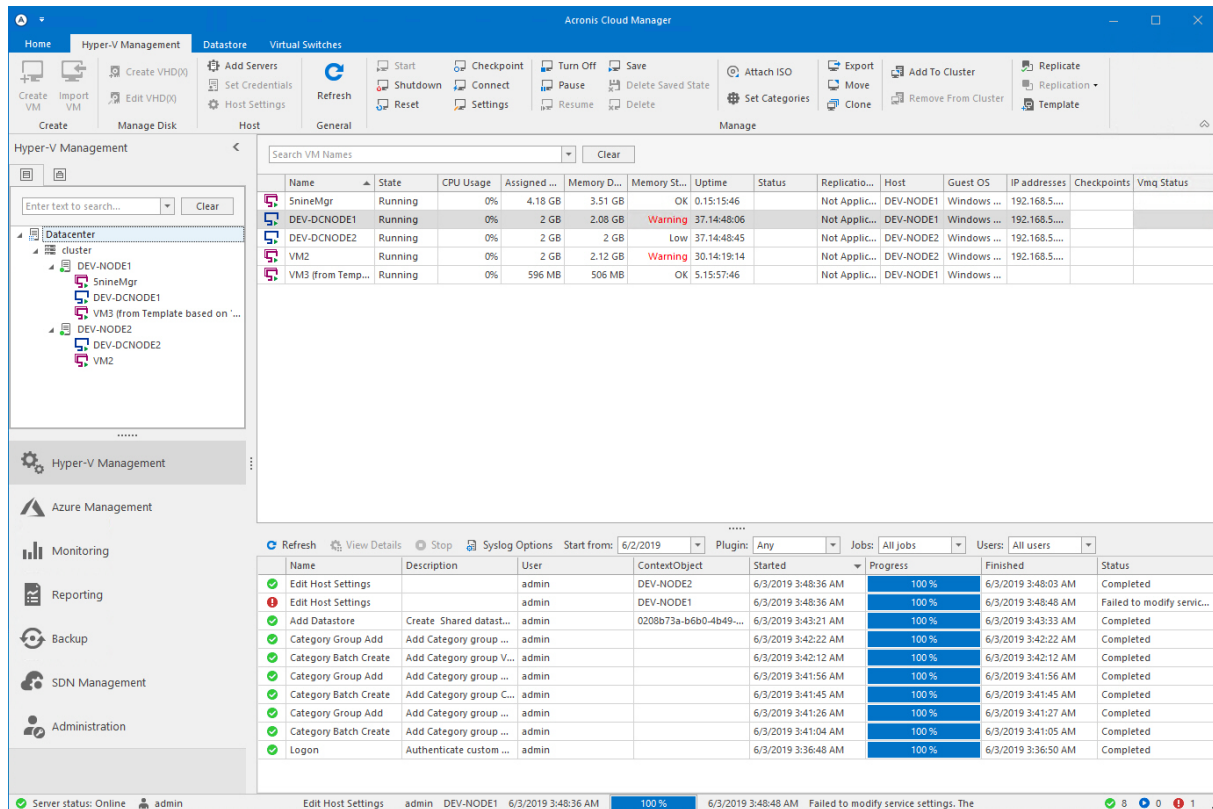
Select locations to add to the datastores and click **Next**.



Review summary and click **Finish** to complete adding the selected locations to the datastores. Added locations will be automatically sorted in accordance with its content and storage physical types.

4 User interface

The user interface of Acronis Cloud Manager is designed to let you quickly find commands that you need and perform necessary Hyper-V management and other tasks.



There are the following main parts of user interface:

- **Navigation pane.**
Navigation pane consists of 2 parts: objects tree and plugin selector. You need to select necessary plugin and then work with the tree to select an object.
- **Ribbons and tabs**
Operation commands are organized into logical groups and collected under tabs on the ribbon. The ribbon is displayed at the top of the main application window. Commands for operations with items are also available in the context menu.
- **Data area.**
Data area usually shows text or graphical information about object selected in the objects tree.
- **Status bar.**
Status bar shows management server status and user name under which console is started.
- **Jobs pin panel.**
Jobs pin panel shows status, progress and other information, related to jobs. Please, see the next chapter for details.

5 Job management

All processes, happening in Acronis Cloud Manager, are represented as jobs.

To see the detailed jobs information, click the bottom bar of the screen, where the status of the last job is shown. The jobs dock/pin panel will be shown at the bottom of the main window. Next click will collapse the jobs panel back.

5.1 Job list

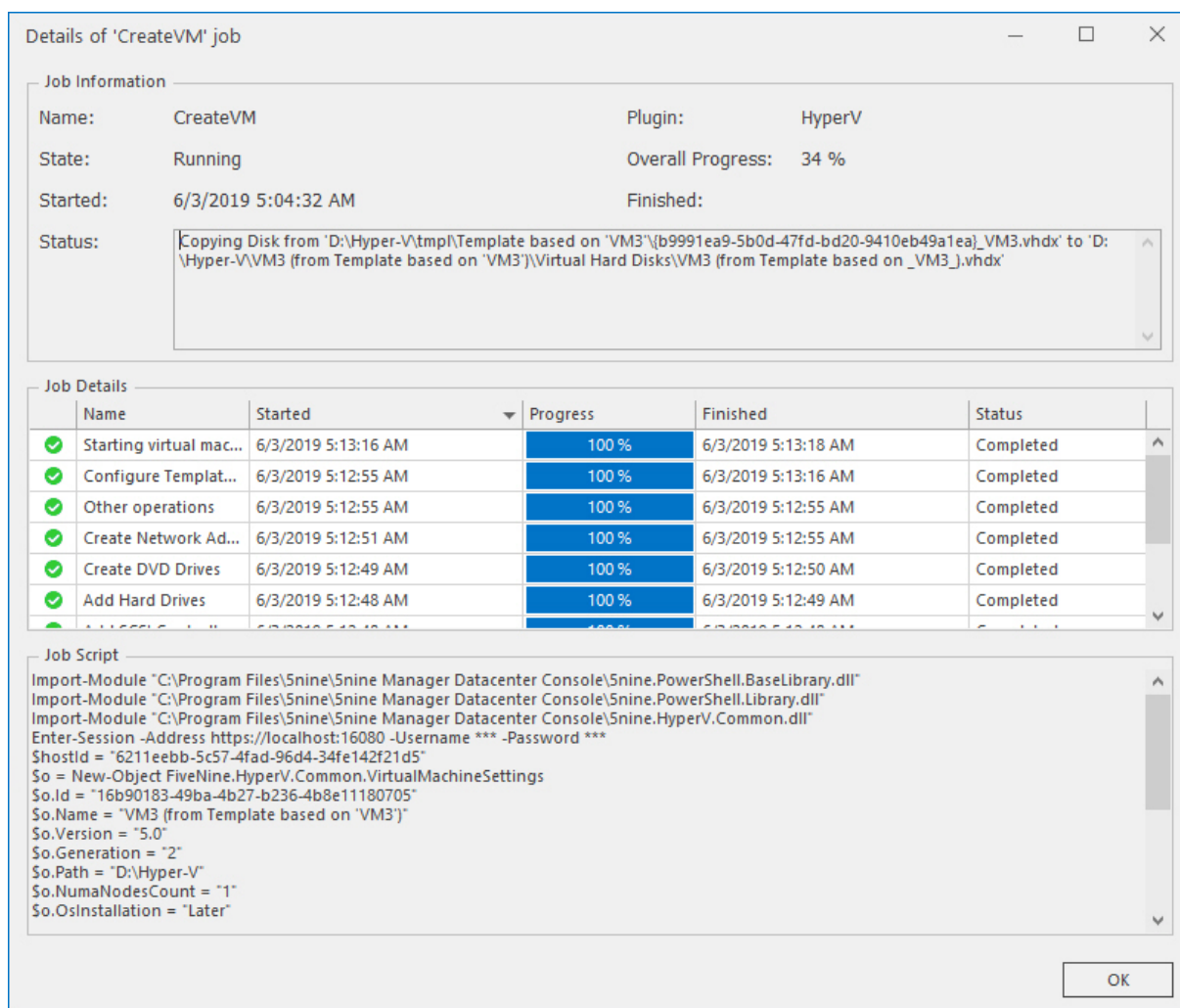
The list of jobs can be filtered out and you can stop or view details for the selected job.

Job details contain PowerShell script, which implementation is like a job command.

.....								
				Start from: 6/2/2019	Plugin: Any	Jobs: All jobs	Users: All users	
	Name	Description	User	ContextObject	Started	Progress	Finished	Status
	Edit Host Settings		admin	DEV-NODE2	6/3/2019 3:48:36 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:48:03 AM	Completed
	Edit Host Settings		admin	DEV-NODE1	6/3/2019 3:48:36 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:48:48 AM	Failed to modify servic...
	Add Datastore	Create Shared datast...	admin	0208b73a-b6b0-4b49-...	6/3/2019 3:43:21 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:43:33 AM	Completed
	Category Group Add	Add Category group ...	admin		6/3/2019 3:42:22 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:42:22 AM	Completed
	Category Batch Create	Add Category group V...	admin		6/3/2019 3:42:12 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:42:12 AM	Completed
	Category Group Add	Add Category group ...	admin		6/3/2019 3:41:56 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:41:56 AM	Completed
	Category Batch Create	Add Category group C...	admin		6/3/2019 3:41:45 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:41:45 AM	Completed
	Category Group Add	Add Category group ...	admin		6/3/2019 3:41:26 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:41:27 AM	Completed
	Category Batch Create	Add Category group ...	admin		6/3/2019 3:41:04 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:41:05 AM	Completed
	Logon	Authenticate custom ...	admin		6/3/2019 3:36:48 AM	100 %	6/3/2019 3:36:50 AM	Completed
Edit Host Settings admin DEV-NODE1 6/3/2019 3:48:36 AM 100 % 6/3/2019 3:48:48 AM Failed to modify service settings. The 8 0 1								

To do any action with the job, select it in the list and use the corresponding button on the command ribbon. The filter is available to select jobs by date and/or by plugin.

To view the job details, select the required job and click the **View details** button:



There is the detailed information about the job in the upper block – name, status, related plugin, progress and period. Middle block contains steps that are taken as the job is executed. Lower block contains the PS script that is run to complete the job.

5.2 Syslog integration

Jobs and event alerts can be exported to the external syslog server. Syslog server should be installed and properly configured in the environment in advance. RFC 5424 header is supported.

To set up syslog export, click the **Syslog options** button on the main ribbon.

The screenshot shows a 'Configure Syslog' dialog box with a 'General' tab. The 'General' tab is selected, and the 'Enable Syslog' checkbox is checked. Below this, there is an 'Options' section with two text input fields: 'Uri' and 'Application Name'. The 'Uri' field contains the text 'udp://127.0.0.1:514' and the 'Application Name' field contains the text '59mgmtsvc'. At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'OK', and 'Cancel'. The 'OK' button is highlighted with a dashed border.

To enable export jobs to the external syslog server, enable the **Enable syslog** checkbox. Then enter the syslog server URI in **udp://<syslog server IP address:port>** format. Default value is **udp://127.0.0.1:514**. Specify the application name – default value is **59mgmtsvc**, leave it as it appears. Click **OK**.

Now you may view and use syslog records as needed. Example, Splunk syslog output:

http://localhost:8000/en-US/app/... MSN | Outlook, Offi... Service Managemen... development.5nine... Search | Splunk 6... x

splunk> Apps

Home

New Search

source="udp:514" sourcetype="syslog" All time

✓ 24 events (before 9/27/18 2:15:09.000 PM) No Event Sampling

Job

Events (24) Patterns Statistics Visualization

Format Timeline Zoom Out + Zoom to Selection x Deselect 1 minute per column

List Format 20 Per Page

< Hide Fields All Fields

Selected Fields

- a host 1
- a source 1
- a sourcetype 1

Interesting Fields

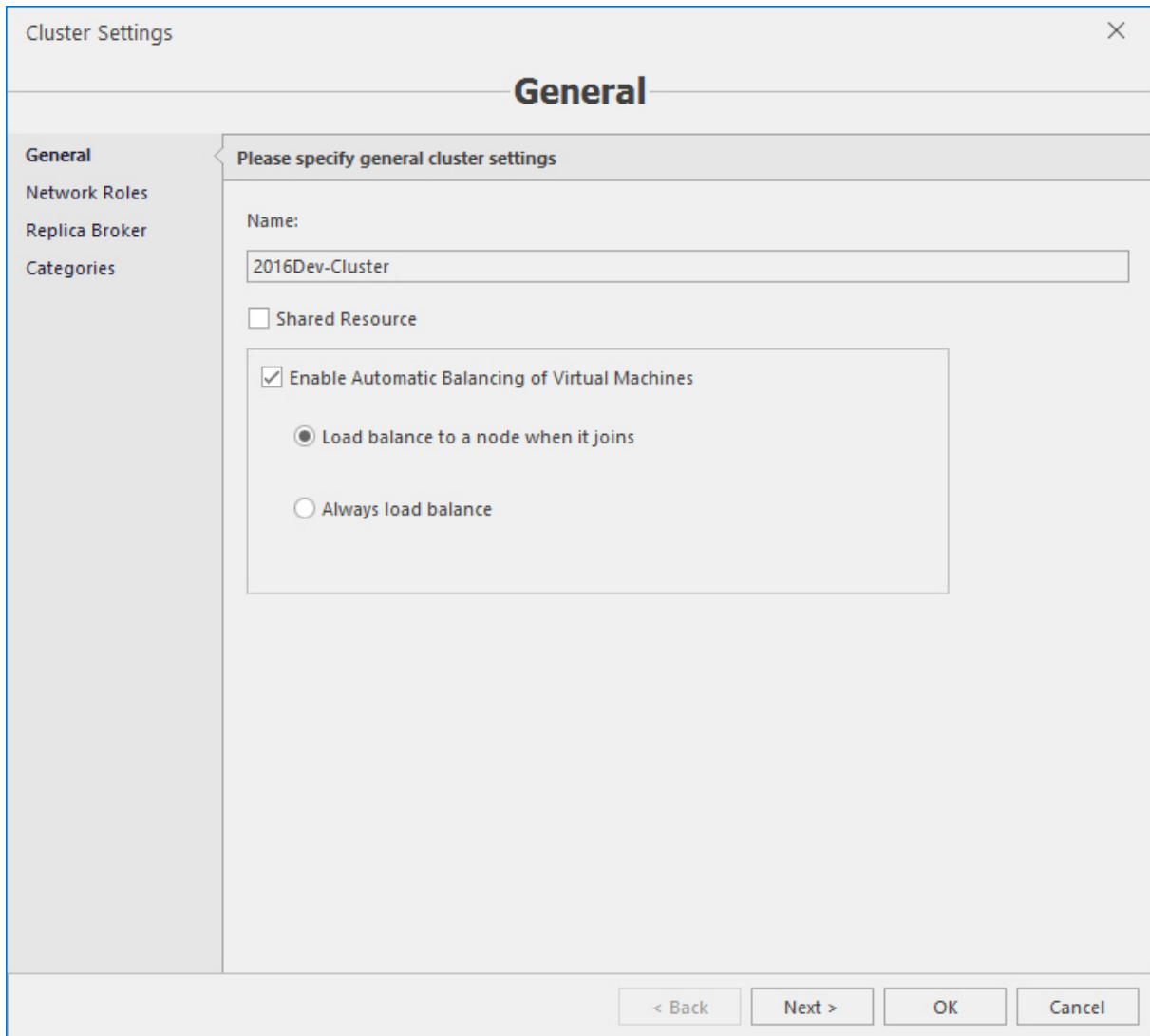
- # date_hour 2
- # date_mday 1
- # date_minute 7
- a date_month 1
- # date_second 9
- a date_wday 1

i	Time	Event
>	9/27/18 1:57:37.000 PM	Sep 27 13:57:37 127.0.0.1 1 2018-09-27T13:57:37.534-04:00 SCVMM2016 59mgmtsvc 0 - - Job completed: name="Dynamic Optimization", plugin="Monitoring", user="Management Service", status="Completed"
>	9/27/18 1:57:07.000 PM	Sep 27 13:57:07 127.0.0.1 1 2018-09-27T13:57:07.780-04:00 SCVMM2016 59mgmtsvc 0 - - Job started: name="Dynamic Optimization", plugin="Monitoring", user="Management Service", status="Script started"
>	9/27/18 1:57:07.000 PM	Sep 27 13:57:07 127.0.0.1 1 2018-09-27T13:57:07.290-04:00 SCVMM2016 59mgmtsvc 0 - - Job created: name="Dynamic Optimization", plugin="Monitoring", user="Management Service", status="Script started"
>	9/27/18 1:47:35.000 PM	Sep 27 13:47:35 127.0.0.1 1 2018-09-27T13:47:35.977-04:00 SCVMM2016 59mgmtsvc 0 - - Job completed: name="Dynamic Optimization", plugin="Monitoring", user="Management Service", status="Completed"

6 Hyper-V management

6.1 Cluster settings

To access the cluster settings, select the cluster in the objects tree and press the **Cluster settings** button in the toolbar or right-click on the cluster name and select the corresponding context menu command.



The screenshot shows the 'Cluster Settings' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The dialog has a title bar 'Cluster Settings' and a close button. The main title is 'General'. On the left, there is a sidebar with 'General' (selected), 'Network Roles', 'Replica Broker', and 'Categories'. The main area is titled 'Please specify general cluster settings'. It contains a 'Name:' label followed by a text box with '2016Dev-Cluster'. Below this is a checkbox for 'Shared Resource' which is unchecked. A section titled 'Enable Automatic Balancing of Virtual Machines' is checked, containing two radio button options: 'Load balance to a node when it joins' (selected) and 'Always load balance'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

You can choose whether automatic load balancing of virtual machines is enabled or not in the cluster and its mode – always or just when the new node is joined to the cluster.

The **Shared resource** option determines whether this cluster is available for all tenants or just on the global level.

Select networks and their order for live migration.

Cluster Settings

×

Network Roles





General

Network Roles

Replica Broker

Categories

Select one or more networks and choose its order to use for live migration

		Name	State	Role	Metric	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Cluster Network 2	Up	Cluster only	39984	
<input type="checkbox"/>		Cluster Network 3	Up	Cluster and Cl...	70385	
<input type="checkbox"/>		Cluster Network 4	Up	None	70384	
<input type="checkbox"/>		Cluster Network 5	Up	None	70386	

Move Up

Move Down

< Back

Next >

OK

Cancel

Configure replication settings for the cluster.

Cluster Settings

Replica Broker

General
Network Roles
Replica Broker
Categories

Configure replication settings for this cluster machine

☒ Enable this cluster as a Replica server

Authentication and ports

Specify the authentication types to allow for incoming replication traffic. Ensure that the ports you specify are open in firewall.

☒ Use Kerberos (HTTP)

Port:

☐ Use certificate-based Authentication (HTTPS)

Port:

Certificate:

Issued To: -
Issued By: -
Expiration Date: -
Intended Purpose: -

Authorization and library

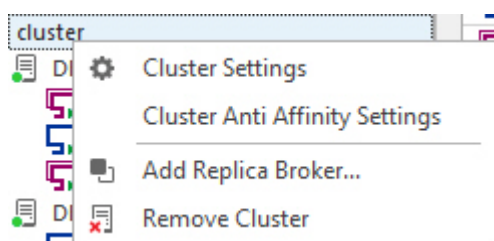
Specify the servers that are allowed to replicate virtual machines to this cluster.

☒ Allow replication from any authenticated server

Specify the storage and location to store Replica files (only CSV storages are allowed):

< Back Next > OK Cancel

To add the new replica broker, click the **Add replica broker** context menu command and specify its parameters:



Add Hyper-V Replica Broker

Name:

☒ Use static IP Address

IP Address:

☒ If Replica Broker already exists remove it and create a new one

Only one Replica Broker is allowed in the cluster so by default creation will failed if it already exists

Specify the category and the group to display the cluster in the logical view:

Cluster Settings

Categories

General
Network Roles
Replica Broker
Categories

Specify categories for cluster

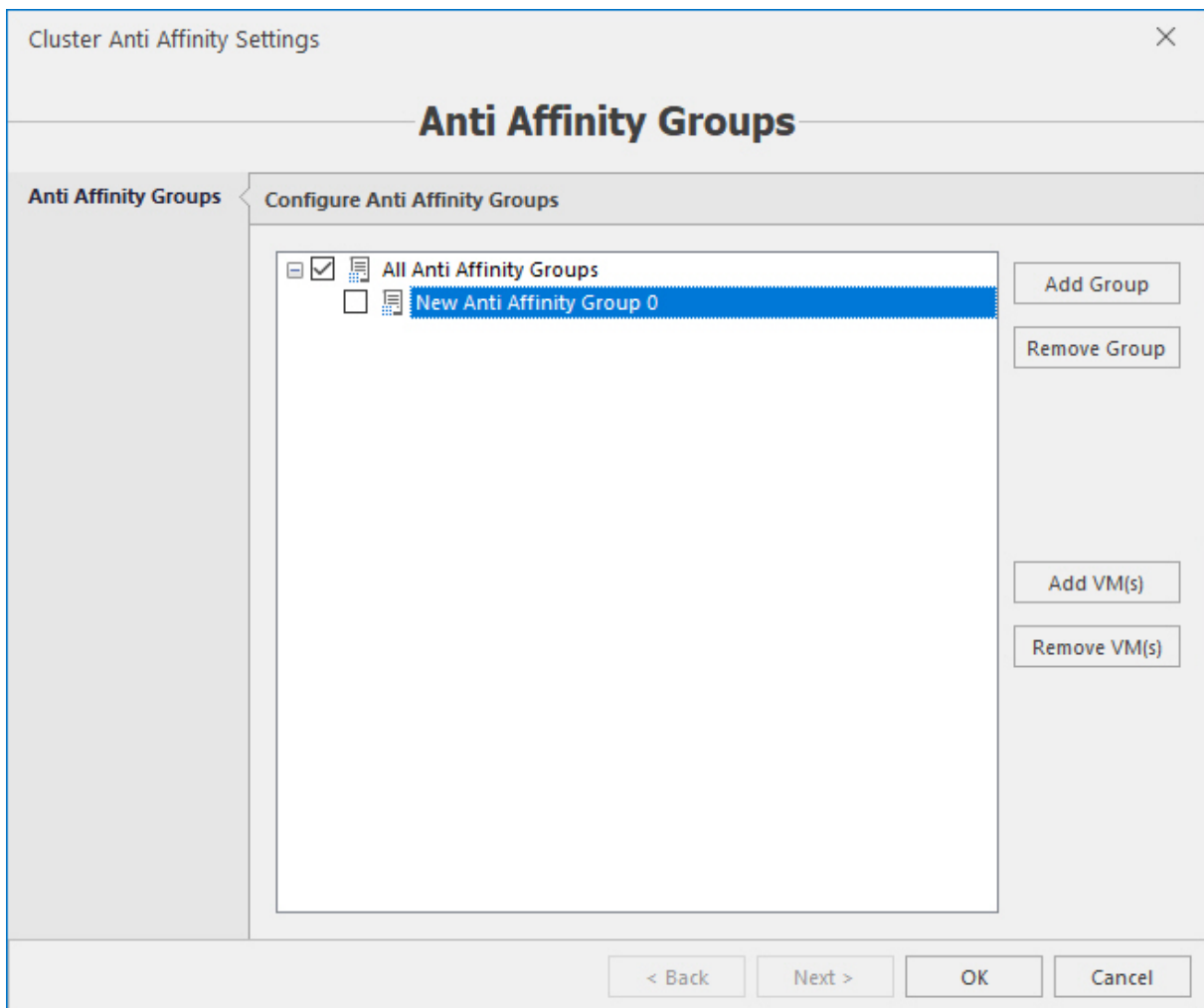
Set categories and groups for the virtual machine. One virtual machine cannot be included in two groups within the same category.

Category	Group
DEV Cluster	DEV Cluster

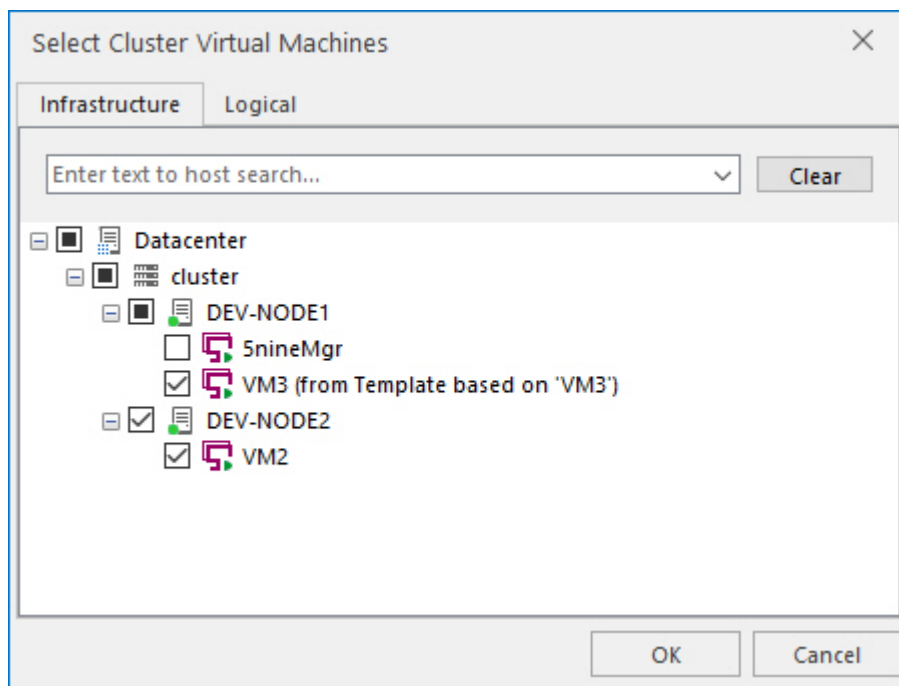
6.1.1 Cluster anti affinity settings

Cluster anti affinity settings are implemented to allow automatic control over HA virtual machines placement during cluster nodes outages in accordance with pre-defined parameters. It works in the following way – HA VMs are selected by user into anti affinity groups. VMs from the same group will be primarily placed onto different active nodes during the outage of one or more other nodes of the cluster (separately from each other) in accordance with technical ability, or, as a last method of lower priority, onto any available node as it happens in usual conditions without anti-affinity configuration.

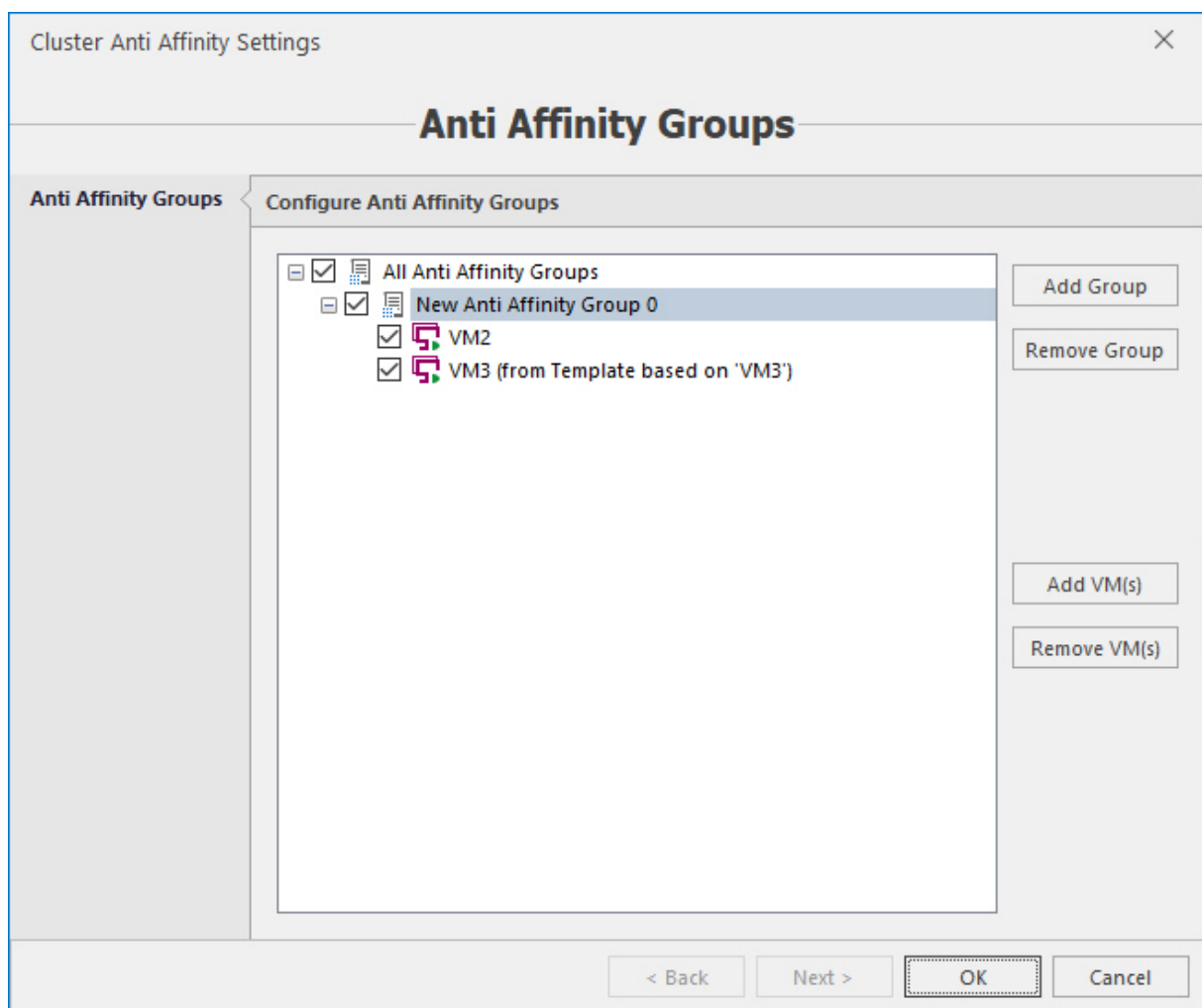
To configure cluster anti affinity settings, click the corresponding context menu command of the cluster and specify parameters in the wizard below:



- Click the **Add group** button to add the new group.
- Select the group and click the **Add VM(s)** button to add HA virtual machines to the group and then click **OK**:



Selected VMs will appear under the group in the tree:



- To remove VM(s) or the whole group, click the corresponding button.
- Click **OK** to save changes and exit the wizard.

6.2 Host settings

To access host settings, select the host in the objects tree and press the **Host settings** button in the toolbar.

The screenshot shows the 'Host Settings' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: General, Default folders, Replica Broker, Guest Console Remote, Category, Copy Host Settings, and Migrations. The main area is titled 'Specify general settings for this host machine' and contains three sections: 'Numa Spanning' with a checked checkbox 'Allow virtual machines to span physical NUMA nodes', 'Enhanced Session Mode Policy' with an unchecked checkbox 'Allow enhanced session mode' and explanatory text, and a 'Shared Resource' checkbox which is also unchecked. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

Note

You can define NUMA Spanning and enhanced session mode policy. The **Shared resource** option determines whether this host is available for all tenants or just on the global level. These settings can be applied to multiple hosts in the **Copy host settings** section.

In the next section you can specify default storage for machines and disks:

Host Settings

Default folders

General
Default folders
 Replica Broker
 Guest Console Remote
 Category
 Copy Host Settings
 Migrations

Specify default folders for host

Virtual Hard Disks Default Storage
 Datastore: Volume2

Virtual Machines Default Storage
 Datastore: Volume2

< Back Next > OK Cancel

This area allows end user to configure replication settings for standalone hosts or a replica broker for a cluster.

Host Settings

Replica Broker

General
 Default folders
Replica Broker
 Guest Console Remote
 Category
 Copy Host Settings
 Migrations

Configure replication settings for this cluster machine

☒ Enable this cluster as a Replica server

Authentication and ports
 Specify the authentication types to allow for incoming replication traffic. Ensure that the ports you specify are open in firewall.

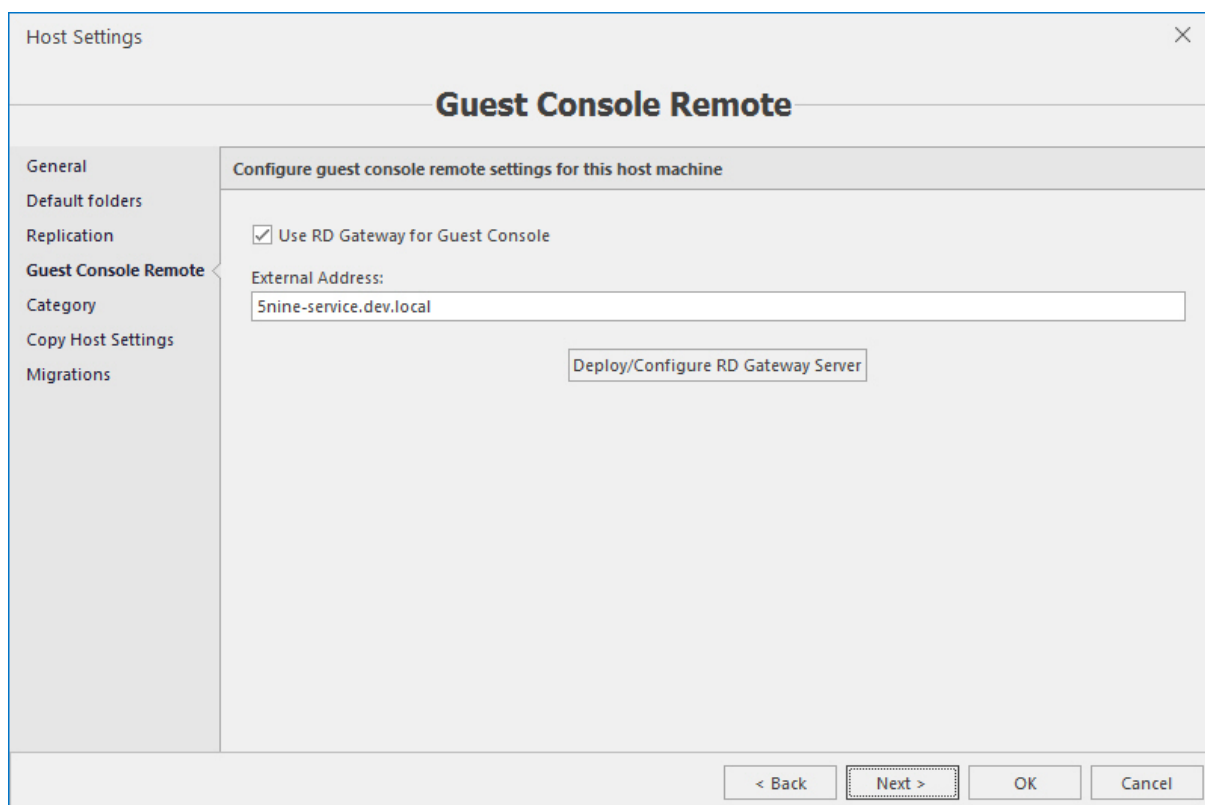
☒ Use Kerberos (HTTP)
 Port: 88

☐ Use certificate-based Authentication (HTTPS)
 Port: 0
 Certificate: Select Certificate...

Issued To: -
 Issued By: -
 Expiration Date: -
 Intended Purpose: -

< Back Next > OK Cancel

In the **Guest console remote** section set your remote desktop gateway (RDG) server parameters.



Host Settings

Guest Console Remote

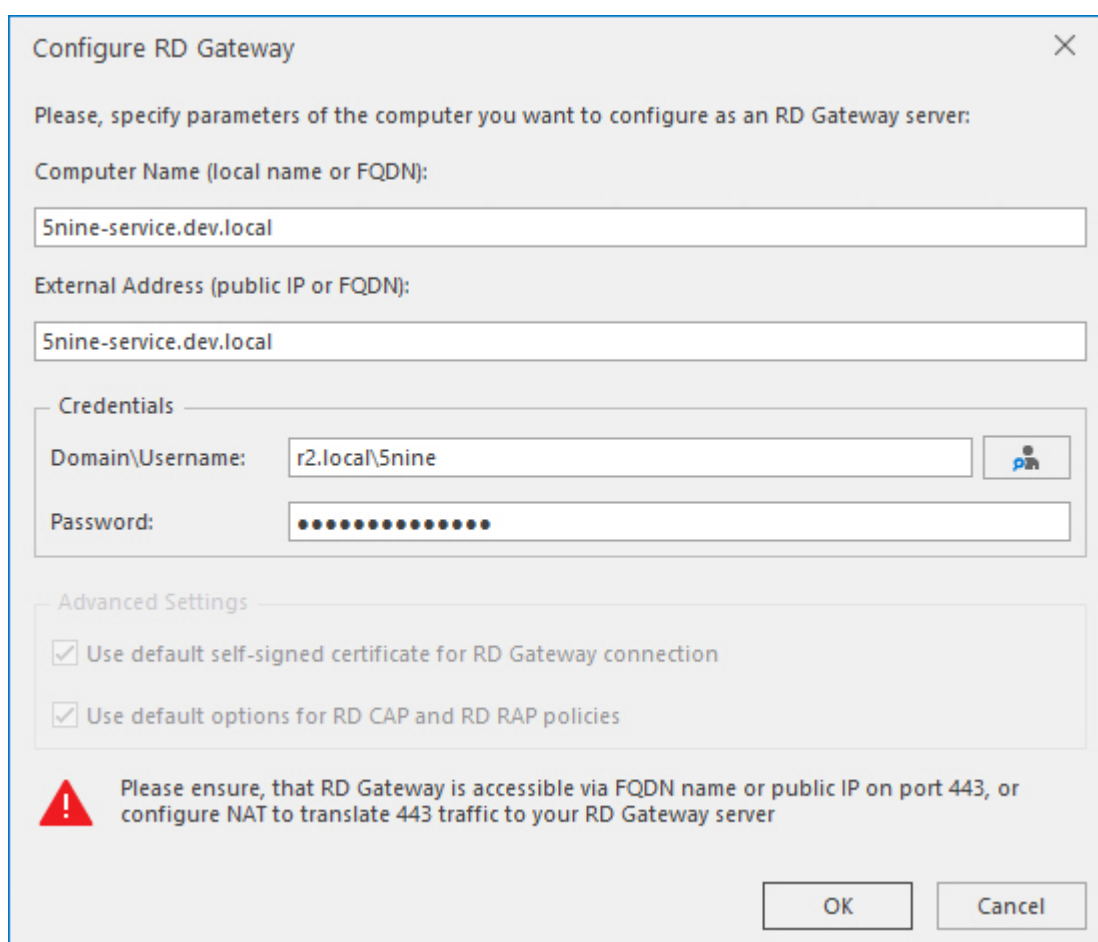
Configure guest console remote settings for this host machine

☒ Use RD Gateway for Guest Console

External Address:

Deploy/Configure RD Gateway Server

Press the **Deploy/configure RD gateway server** button to configure the RDG connection:




Configure RD Gateway

Please, specify parameters of the computer you want to configure as an RD Gateway server:

Computer Name (local name or FQDN):

External Address (public IP or FQDN):

Credentials


Domain\Username: 

Password:

Advanced Settings

☒ Use default self-signed certificate for RD Gateway connection

☒ Use default options for RD CAP and RD RAP policies

 Please ensure, that RD Gateway is accessible via FQDN name or public IP on port 443, or configure NAT to translate 443 traffic to your RD Gateway server

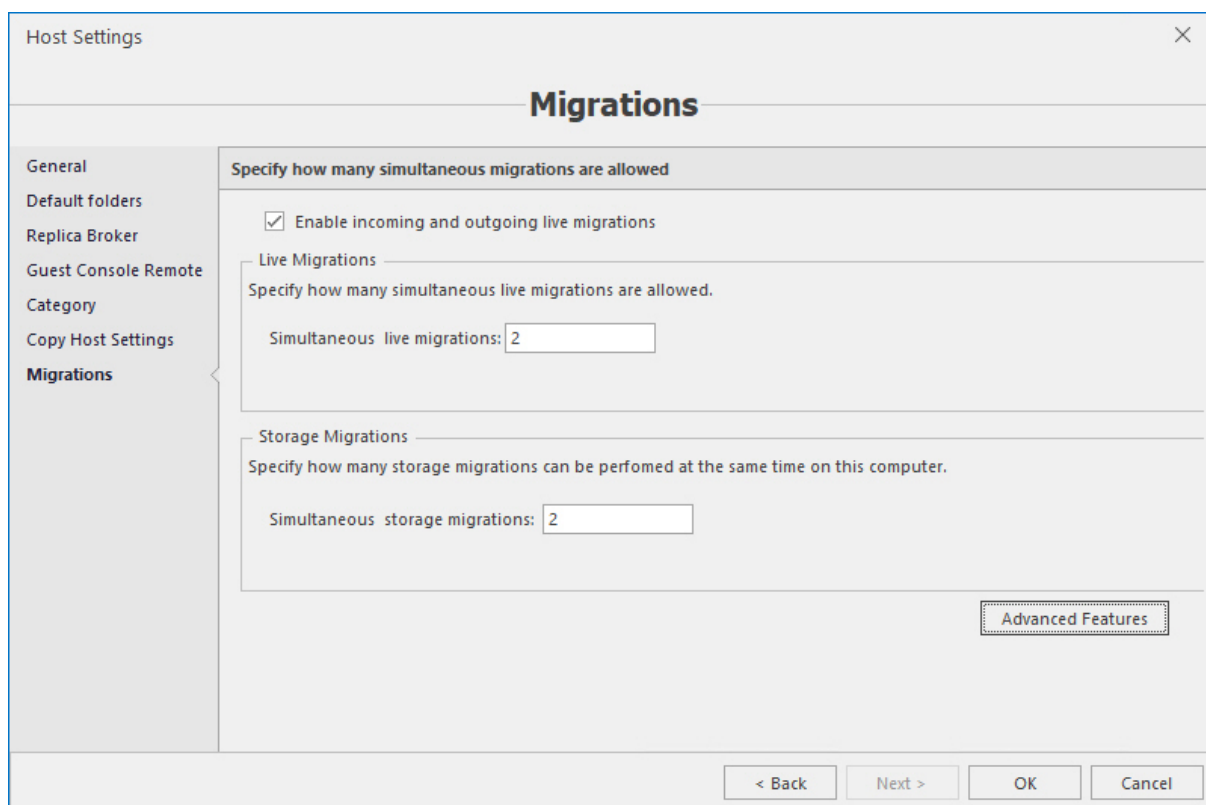
In the **Category** section specify the category and the group to display the host in the logical view:

The screenshot shows the 'Host Settings' dialog box with the 'Category' section selected. The left sidebar lists various settings: General, Default folders, Replica Broker, Guest Console Remote, Category (selected), Copy Host Settings, and Migrations. The main area is titled 'Specify category for this host machine' and contains the instruction: 'Please select the category and group(s) to place your virtual machine. You can create and edit your categories and groups from the administration area.' Below this, there are two dropdown menus: 'Category' with 'Hosts' selected, and 'Group' with 'DEV hosts' selected. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

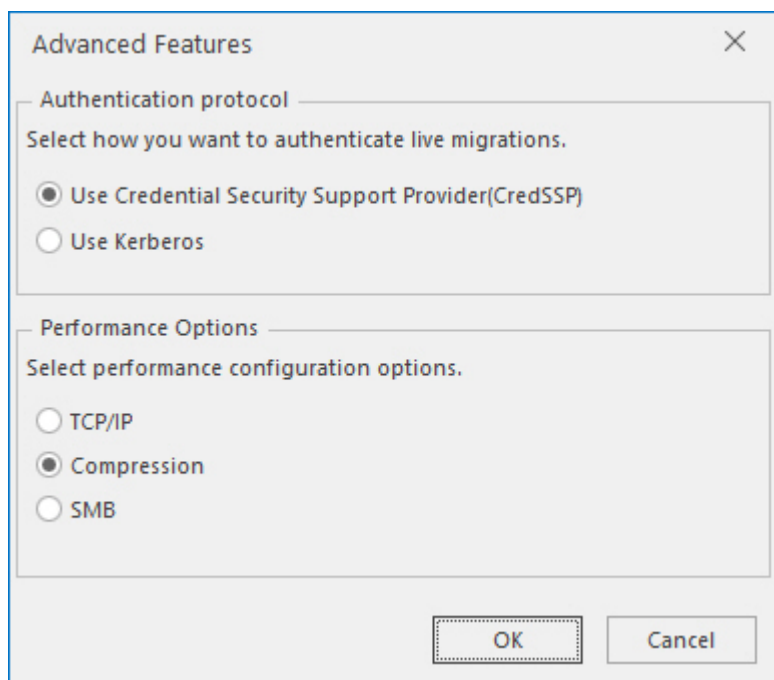
In the **Copy host settings** section configure if settings should be applied to other Hyper-V servers:

The screenshot shows the 'Host Settings' dialog box with the 'Copy Host Settings' section selected. The left sidebar is the same as in the previous screenshot, with 'Copy Host Settings' now selected. The main area is titled 'Select hosts you want to apply settings from current host machine'. It contains a table with two columns: a checkbox and 'Host'. The first row has a checked checkbox and the text 'DEV-NODE2'. Below the table, there is a checkbox labeled 'Ignore storage mapping errors (apply location settings using physical paths)'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

In the **Migrations** section you can enable and configure live migrations settings:

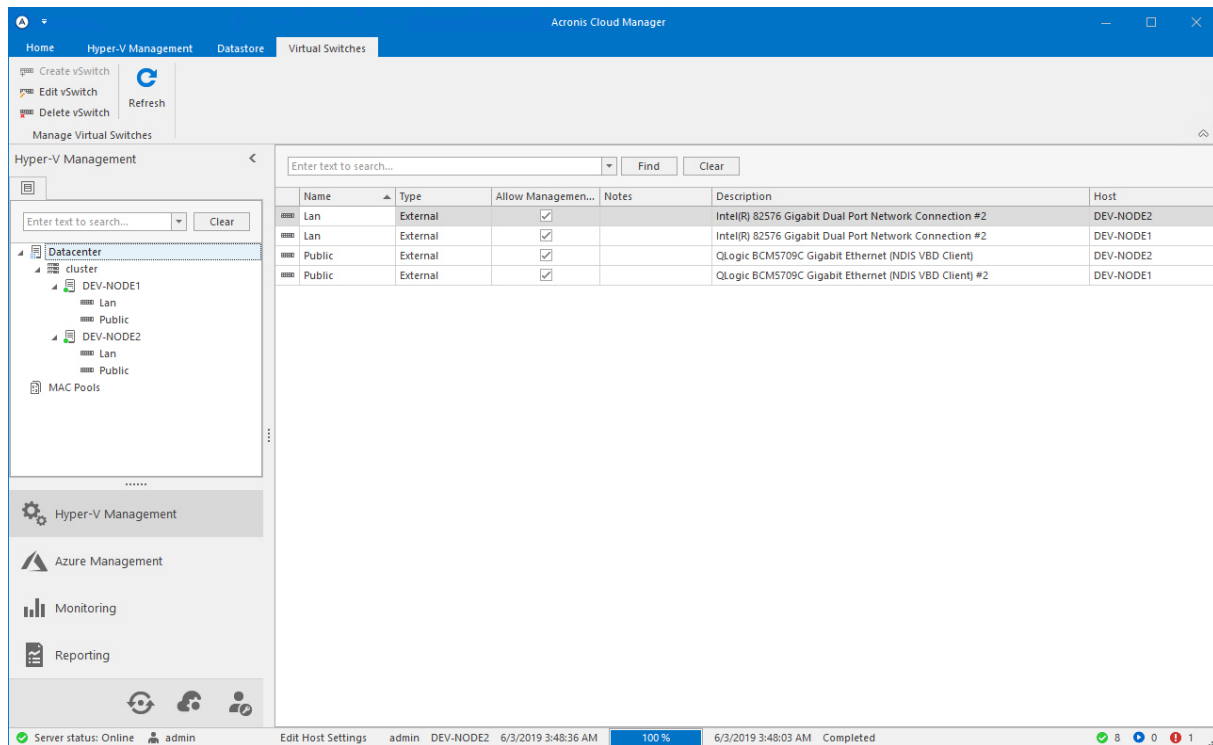


Click the **Advanced features** button to configure authentication protocol and performance options for VM live migrations:



6.3 Configuring virtual switches

Virtual switch management is implemented in the **Virtual switches** tab. You can create, edit and delete virtual switches for all managed Hyper-V hosts.



1. To create the new virtual switch, select the host in the tree and press the **Create vSwitch** button in the toolbar.

2. Define name and description and select its type.

- **External network.** In this type of a virtual switch, one of the physical NICs installed on the host is used to connect the VMs to the network.
- **Internal network.** In this type of a virtual switch, neither of the physical NICs of the host is supposed to be used for VMs that will be using this connection.
- **Private network.** In this type of a virtual switch, neither of the physical NICs of the host is supposed to be used for VMs that will be using this connection, nor the VLANs could be set for it.

The **Shared** option determines whether this virtual switch is available for all tenants or just on the global level. VLAN traffic identification can be set for external and internal switches.

3. Press **Finish** to create the virtual switch.

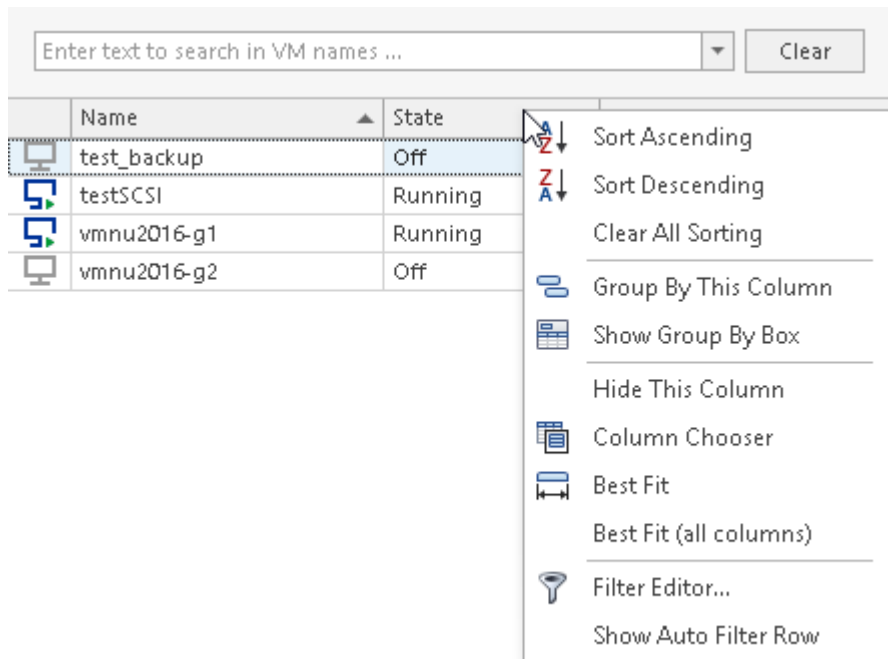
6.4 Operations with VMs

6.4.1 Customizing VM list view

The following options are available to configure the view of the **Hyper-V management** tab and displaying virtual machines:

- Search by name;
- Sorting by column;
- Group by column;
- Choose columns to show;
- Auto arrange (best fit);
- Filter.

To customize view press the left mouse button at the column heading:



6.4.2 Creating VM

1. To create a VM select the Hyper-V host and press the **Create VM** button in the toolbar.

Select the source – either the new blank VM with default settings or a template. When using the template, you will have to select the datastore/relative path, where the template is located, then select the required template in the corresponding fields.

Create VM

Source

+ Source

- Identity
- Category
- Processor
- Memory
- Disk Configuration
- Network Adapters
- Additional Options
- Automatic Actions
- Summary

Select the source for the new Virtual Machine

☒ Create new virtual machine

☐ Create virtual machine from VM template

Datastore: Datastore is not selected

Relative path: Browse

Template: [Please select template]

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

2. Specify VM identity:

Create VM

×

Identity

+ Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Specify Virtual Machine Identity

General Information

Name:

New VM

Notes:

Version:

Microsoft Windows 10 October 2018 Update/Server 2019

Storage

Specify the storage and location from existing storages or create new one for the virtual machine files:

Datstore:

Virtual Machines

Relative path:

Browse

Generation

☐ Generation 1

This virtual machine generation provides the same virtual hardware to the virtual machine as in previous versions of Hyper-V.

☒ Generation 2

This virtual machine generation provides support for features such as Secure Boot, SCSI boot and PXE boot using a standard network adapter. Guest operating systems must be running at least Windows Server 2012 or 64-bit versions of Windows 8.

!

Once a virtual machine has been created, you cannot change its generation

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

3. Define category and group to display VM in the logical view:

Create VM

Category

+ Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Set categories and groups for the Virtual Machine

Please select the category and group(s) to place your virtual machine. You can create and edit your categories and groups from the administration area.

Category	Group
Virtual Machines	DEV VMs

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

4. Define basic virtual CPU parameters:

Create VM

×

Processor

+ Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Choose processor settings

General

NUMA

You can modify the number of virtual processors based on the number of processors on the physical computer.

Number of virtual processors:

Resource Control

You can use resource controls to balance resources among virtual machines.

Virtual machine reserve:	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Percent of total system resources:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Virtual machine limit:	<input type="text" value="100"/>	Percent of total system resources:	<input type="text" value="6"/>
Relative weight:	<input type="text" value="100"/>		

Compatibility

You can limit the processor features that a virtual machine can use. This improves the virtual machine's compatibility with different processor versions.

☐ Migrate to physical computer with a different processor version

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

5. [Optional] If necessary, define NUMA parameters.

The screenshot shows the 'NUMA' tab in a configuration window. It is divided into two main sections: 'Configuration' and 'NUMA Topology'. The 'Configuration' section shows the current settings: 1 processor, 1 NUMA node, and 1 socket. The 'NUMA Topology' section allows for defining a virtual NUMA topology. It includes a description of NUMA nodes and sockets, and three spinners to set the 'Maximum number of processors' (8), 'Maximum amount of memory (MB)' (23274), and 'Maximum NUMA nodes allowed on a socket' (1). A 'Reset NUMA Topology' button is located at the bottom right. A warning icon and text explain that NUMA helps with scaling and performance by grouping processors and memory into nodes and sockets.

General **NUMA**

Configuration

This virtual machine is configured with the following:

Processors: 1

NUMA nodes: 1

Sockets: 1

NUMA Topology

Select the maximum number of processors and memory allowed on a single virtual non-uniform memory architecture (NUMA) node.

Maximum number of processors: 8

Maximum amount of memory (MB): 23274

Select the maximum number of nodes allowed on a single socket.

Maximum NUMA nodes allowed on a socket: 1

Click "Reset NUMA Topology" to reset the virtual NUMA topology to the topology of the physical hardware.

Reset NUMA Topology

NUMA helps multiprocessor virtual machines scale better. With NUMA, the virtual machine's processors and memory are grouped into nodes, and nodes can be grouped into sockets.

Aligning the nodes and sockets of a virtual machine to the hardware topology helps improve the performance of NUMA-aware workloads.

6. Specify amount of memory and dynamic memory options:

+

Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Memory

Specify the amount of memory

Specify the amount of memory to allocate to this virtual machine. To improve performance, specify more than minimum amount recommended for this operating system.

Startup RAM:

1024

MB

Dynamic Memory

You can manage the amount of memory assigned to this virtual machine dynamically within the specified range.

☒ Enable Dynamic Memory

Minimum RAM:

512

MB

Maximum RAM:

2048

MB

Specify the percentage of memory that Hyper-V should try to reserve as a buffer. Hyper-V uses the percentage and the current demand of memory to determine an amount of memory for the buffer.

Memory buffer:

20

%

Memory weight

Specify the percentage of memory that Hyper-V should try to reserve as a buffer. Hyper-V uses the percentage and the current demand of memory to determine an amount of memory for the buffer.

Low

High

!

Specify the percentage of memory that Hyper-V should try to reserve as a buffer. Hyper-V uses the percentage and the current demand of memory to determine an amount of memory for the buffer.

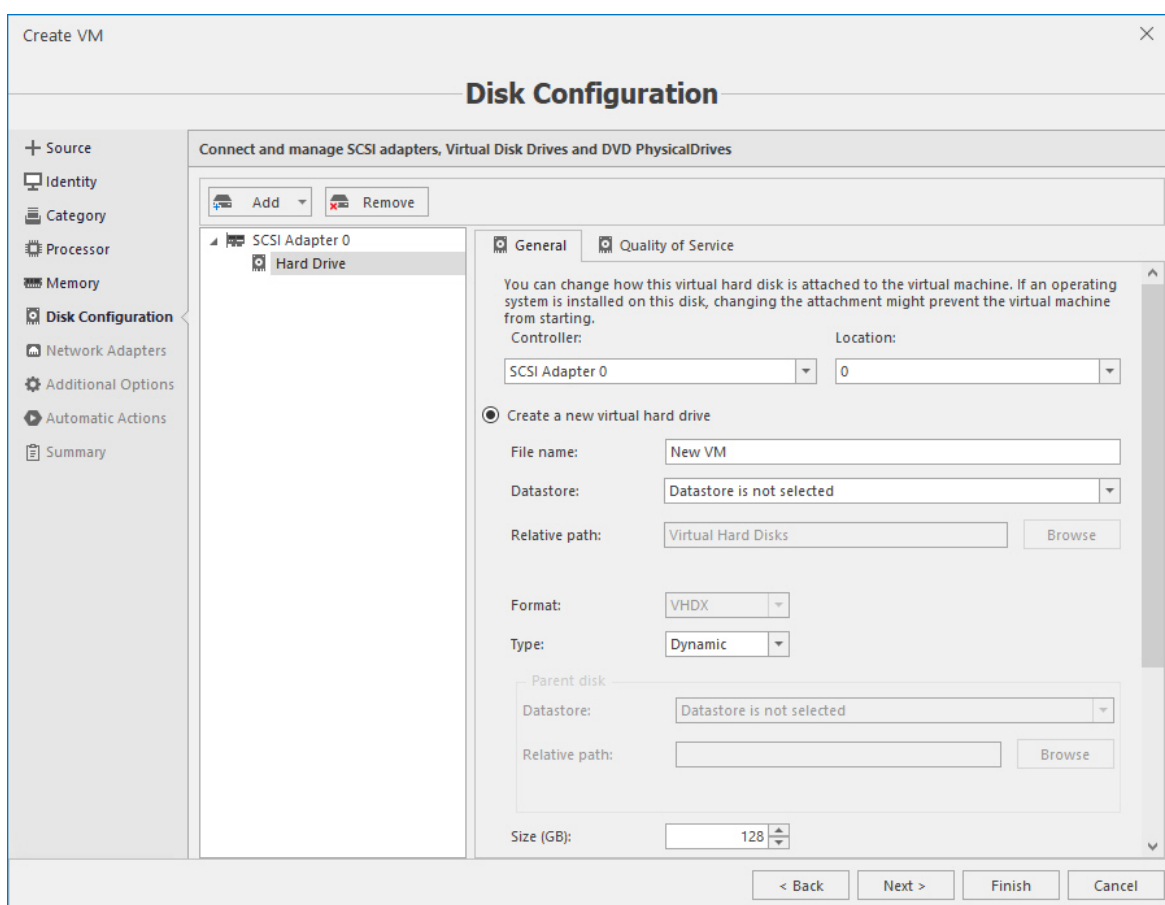
< Back

Next >

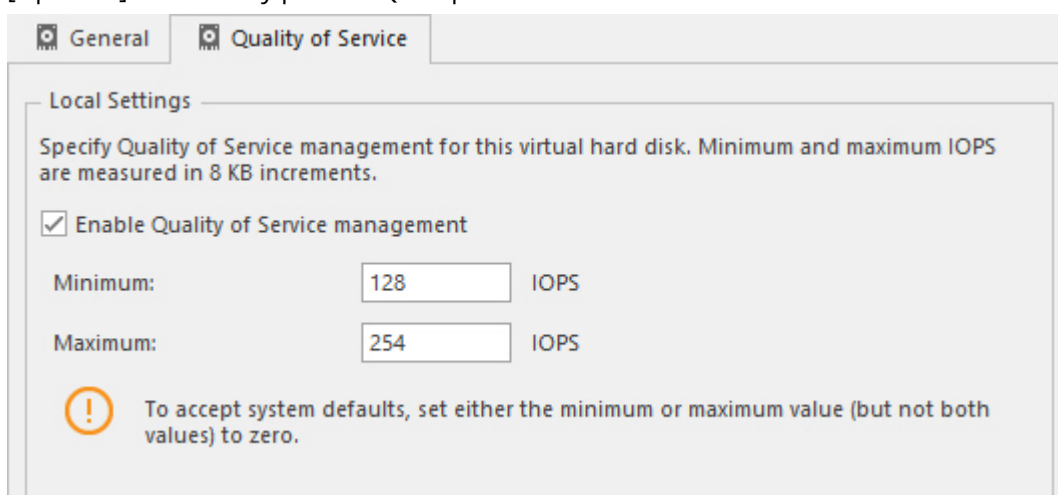
Finish

Cancel

7. Add virtual disks to a VM.



8. [Optional] If necessary provide QoS options disks.



9. Define network configuration for this VM.

Create VM

Network Adapters

+ Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Configure Network Adapters connection

Add

Remove

Network Adapter

General

Hardware Acceleration

Advanced

SDN

Specify the configuration of the network adapter

Virtual network switch: Lan

VLAN ID

☐ Enable virtual LAN identification

The VLAN identifier specifies the virtual LAN that this virtual machine will use for all network communications through this network adapter.

Virtual LAN ID:

Bandwidth Management

☒ Enable bandwidth management

Specify how this network adapter utilizes network bandwidth. Both Minimum bandwidth and Maximum bandwidth are measured in Megabits per second.

Minimum bandwidth: 256 Mbps

Maximum bandwidth: 512 Mbps

!

To leave the minimum or maximum unrestricted, specify 0 as the value.

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

87

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10. [Optional] If necessary, enable hardware acceleration options.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with four tabs: 'General', 'Hardware Acceleration' (selected), 'Advanced', and 'SDN'. The 'Hardware Acceleration' tab contains three sections:

- Virtual machine queue**: A section with a title bar. Below it, text states: "Virtual machine queue (VMQ) requires a physical network adapter that supports this feature." There is a checked checkbox labeled "Enable virtual machine queue".
- IPsec task offloading**: A section with a title bar. Below it, text states: "Support from a physical network adapter and the guest operating system is required to offload IPsec tasks." and "When sufficient hardware resources are not available, the security associations are not offloaded and are handled in software by the guest operating system." There is a checked checkbox labeled "Enable IPsec task offloading". Below this, text says: "Select the maximum number of offloaded security associations from a range of 1 to 4096." There is a label "Maximum number:" followed by a text input field containing "512" and the label "Offloaded SA".
- Single-root I/O virtualization**: A section with a title bar. Below it, text states: "Single-root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) requires specific hardware. It also might require drivers to be installed in the guest operating system." and "When sufficient hardware resources are not available, network connectivity is provided through the virtual switch." There is a checked checkbox labeled "Enable SR-IOV".

11. Define advanced network parameters:

General **Hardware Acceleration** **Advanced** **SDN**

MAC address

☒ Dynamic

☐ Static

☐ MAC Address Pool

MAC address spoofing allows virtual machines to change the source MAC address in outgoing packets to one that is not assigned to them.

☐ Enable MAC address spoofing

DHCP guard

DHCP guard drops DHCP server messages from unauthorized virtual machines pretending to be DHCP servers.

☐ Enable DHCP guard

Router guard

Router guard drops router advertisement and redirection messages from unauthorized virtual machines pretending to be routers.

☐ Enable router advertisement guard

Protected network

Move this virtual machine to another cluster node if a network disconnection is detected.

☒ Protected network

12. Configure SDN network if applicable.

General **Hardware Acceleration** **Advanced** **SDN**

Virtual network subnet:

13. Specify OS installation options and automatic actions if necessary.

Create VM

×

Additional Options

+ Source

Identity

Category

Processor

Memory

Disk Configuration

Network Adapters

Additional Options

Automatic Actions

Summary

Specify installation options, automatic actions and services for the virtual machine

You can install an operating system now if you have access to the setup media or install it later.

☐ Install an operating system later

☒ Install an operating system from a bootable CD/DVD-ROM

Media

☐ Physical CD/DVD drive:

☒ Existing ISO image:

Specify the storage and location from existing storages or create new one for the virtual machine files:

Datastore:

iso

Relative path:

en_windows_10_business_editions_version_1803_updated_march_2018_x64_dvd_12063333.iso

Browse

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Create VM

×

Automatic Actions

+

Source

🖥️

Identity

📁

Category

🔧

Processor

💾

Memory

💿

Disk Configuration

🌐

Network Adapters

⚙️

Additional Options

▶️

Automatic Actions

📄

Summary

Configure Automatic Actions

Automatic start action

What do you want this virtual machine to do when the physical computer starts?

☐ Nothing

☒ Automatically start if it was running when the service stopped

☐ Always start this virtual machine automatically

Startup delay: seconds

Automatic stop action

What do you want this virtual machine to do when the physical computer shuts down?

☐ Turn off the virtual machine

☒ Save the virtual machine state

☐ Shut down the guest operating system

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

14. Check summary information and if everything is correct press **Finish** to create the VM:

Create VM

Summary

+ Source

- Identity
- Category
- Processor
- Memory
- Disk Configuration
- Network Adapters
- Additional Options
- Automatic Actions
- Summary

Summary

You have successfully completed the Virtual Machine Wizard. You are about to create the following virtual machine:

Name:	New VM
Generation:	2
Storage:	Hyper-V
Processors:	1 cores
Memory:	512 MB
Category:	
Hardware:	SCSI Adapters (1) Virtual Hard Drives (1) Network Adapters (1)

☒ Start the virtual machine after creation

To create the virtual machine and close the wizard, click 'Finish' button.

< Back Next > **Finish** Cancel

6.4.3 Editing VM settings

To edit VM settings select the VM and press the **Settings** button in the toolbar:

Note

You will find all options that were present when creating the VM. Some options, however, are not editable (like VM generation) or require the VM to be turned off to alter them.

6.4.4 Standard operations

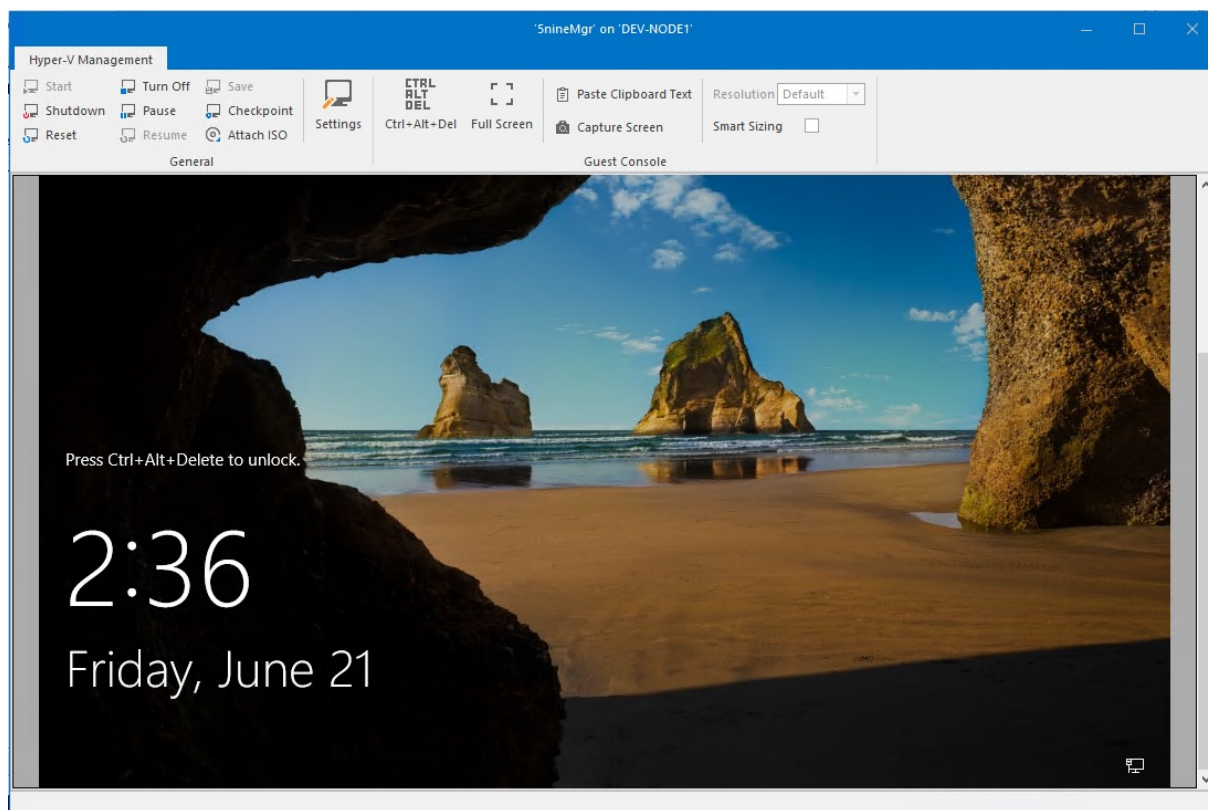
Acronis Cloud Manager supports standard operations with virtual machines (via toolbar or context menu commands):

- Start.
- Turn off.
- Shut down.
- Save.
- Pause/resume.
- Reset.
- Rename.
- Delete.
- Connect via guest console.

Operations with checkpoints: Create, Delete, Apply, Revert, Rename. To view VM checkpoints, select the VM in the objects tree and switch to the **Checkpoints** tab.

Note

Prior to using VM guest console you need to set appropriate credentials for Hyper-V host in the objects tree. Then to view VM guest console select the VM in the objects tree and click the **Connect** button on the main ribbon. The guest console will be opened in the separate window:



6.4.5 Adding and removing VM to/from cluster

To remove the clustered VM from the cluster, select the cluster in the Acronis Cloud Manager object tree, and then select the VM that you need to remove from cluster and right click on it. Select the **Remove from cluster** command.

If you want to add a non-clustered VM to the cluster, select the **Add to cluster** command. Make sure you have moved the VM configuration files and VHD(s) to the CSV prior to adding it to the cluster.

6.4.6 Importing VM

1. To import VM select the host and press the **Import VM** button on the main panel menu. The **Import VM** wizard will be opened.

2. Select the datastore and define the relative path that contains VM data:

The screenshot shows the 'Import VM' wizard window. The title bar says 'Import VM' with a close button. The main heading is 'Location'. On the left is a sidebar with 'Location' selected, and other options are 'Virtual Machine', 'Import Type', and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Specify the folder containing the virtual machine to import'. It contains two input fields: 'Datastore:' with a dropdown menu showing 'Virtual Machines', and 'Relative path:' with a text box containing 'Virtual Machines\VM3' and a 'Browse' button. At the bottom are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Import VM

Location

Location

Virtual Machine

Import Type

Summary

Specify the folder containing the virtual machine to import

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Machines\VM3 Browse

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

3. Select the VM data to import:

Import VM

Virtual Machine

Location

Virtual Machine

Import Type

Summary

Select the virtual machine to import

Enter text to search...

Find

Clear

Name	Date Created
VM3	6/3/2019

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

4. Select import type.

The screenshot shows a window titled 'Import VM' with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main title 'Import Type' is centered at the top. On the left is a sidebar with four items: 'Location', 'Virtual Machine', 'Import Type' (which is highlighted with a bracket), and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Choose the type of import to perform' and contains three radio button options: 'Register the virtual machine in-place (use the existing unique ID)' (which is selected), 'Restore the virtual machine (use this existing unique ID)', and 'Copy the virtual machine (create a new unique ID)'. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (which is highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

5. If the 2nd or 3rd option were selected at the previous step, provide destination options for a VM.

Import VM

Destination

Choose folders where you want to store virtual machine files and its virtual hard disks

Virtual machine configuration folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: VM3 (from Template based on 'VM3') Browse

☒ Allow other virtual machine files to be placed individually

Checkpoint folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Machines Browse

Smart Paging folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: VM3 (from Template based on 'VM3')\Smart Paging Browse

☒ Allow virtual hard disks to be placed individually

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

6. Check summary information and if everything is correct press **Finish** to start the VM import operation.

The 'Import VM' dialog box is shown with the 'Summary' tab selected. The left sidebar contains the following options: Location, Virtual Machine, Import Type, Destination, and Summary. The main area displays the following summary information:

Virtual Machine:	New VM
Import File:	[for_vm]\New VM\Virtual Machines\68618BB2-7BA4-4BD2-BBC4-B5323032CDBF.vmcx
Import Type:	Restore
Configuration folder:	[CSV VM storage]\datastore\New VM
Checkpoint folder:	[CSV VM storage]\datastore\checkpoints\New VM
Smart Paging folder:	[CSV VM storage]\datastore\smart paging\New VM
VHD destination folder:	[CSV VM storage]\datastore\vhd\New VM

Below the table, a message states: "To import the virtual machine with specified options and close the wizard, click 'Finish' button."

At the bottom, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >", "Finish" (highlighted with a dashed border), and "Cancel".

6.4.7 Exporting VM

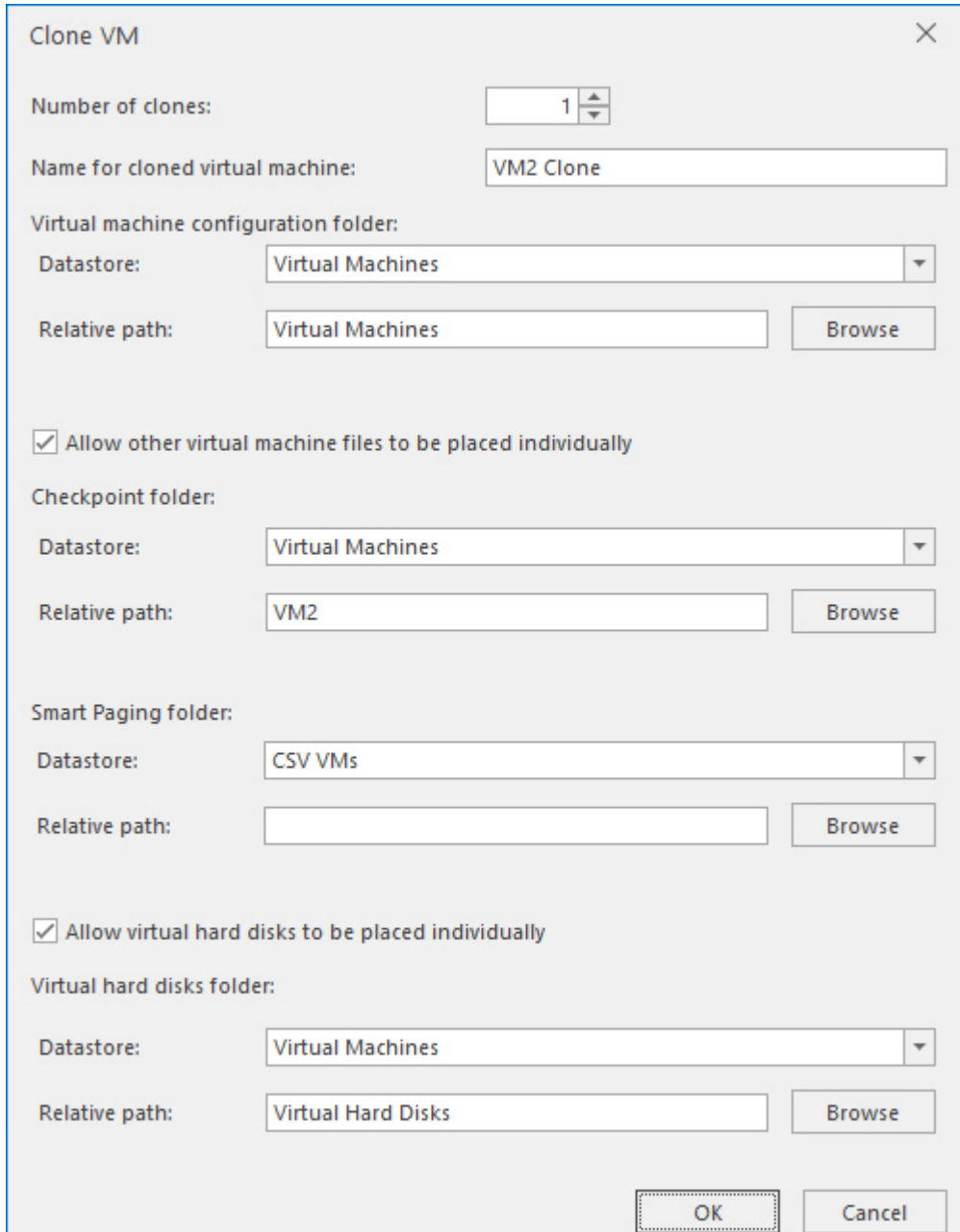
1. To export VM select it and press the **Export VM** button in the toolbar. The **Export VM** dialog will be opened.
2. Define the datastore and the folder where you want the VM to be exported and press **OK**.

The 'Export VM' dialog box is shown. It contains the following fields and buttons:

- A title bar with "Export VM" and a close button (X).
- A message: "Please specify where you want to export the virtual machine files:"
- A "Datastore:" label followed by a dropdown menu showing "Virtual Machines".
- A "Relative path:" label followed by a text input field containing "Virtual Machines" and a "Browse" button.
- At the bottom, there are two buttons: "OK" (highlighted with a dashed border) and "Cancel".

6.4.8 Cloning VM

To clone VM select it and press the **Clone VM** button in the toolbar. The **Clone VM** dialog will be opened.

The image shows a 'Clone VM' dialog box with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains several sections for configuring the clone. The first section, 'Virtual machine configuration folder', includes a 'Number of clones' spinner set to 1, a 'Name for cloned virtual machine' text field with 'VM2 Clone', and a 'Virtual machine configuration folder' section with 'Datastore' and 'Relative path' dropdowns both set to 'Virtual Machines', each with a 'Browse' button. The second section has a checked checkbox 'Allow other virtual machine files to be placed individually' and a 'Checkpoint folder' section with 'Datastore' and 'Relative path' dropdowns set to 'Virtual Machines' and 'VM2' respectively, each with a 'Browse' button. The third section has a checked checkbox 'Allow virtual hard disks to be placed individually' and a 'Virtual hard disks folder' section with 'Datastore' and 'Relative path' dropdowns set to 'Virtual Machines' and 'Virtual Hard Disks' respectively, each with a 'Browse' button. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Clone VM

Number of clones: 1

Name for cloned virtual machine: VM2 Clone

Virtual machine configuration folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Machines Browse

☒ Allow other virtual machine files to be placed individually

Checkpoint folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: VM2 Browse

Smart Paging folder:

Datastore: CSV VMs

Relative path: Browse

☒ Allow virtual hard disks to be placed individually

Virtual hard disks folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Hard Disks Browse

OK Cancel

Provide the number of clones, clone name patterns and the datastore parameters and press **OK**.

6.4.9 Shared nothing VM migration

This operation allows moving VM with/without its storage or a VM storage only to another Hyper-V host. This operation is available for non-HA VMs in both clustered and non-clustered environments.

To move the non-HA VM select it and press the **Move VM** button in the toolbar. The **Move VM** wizard will be opened.

1. You can move the virtual machine or move just the virtual machine's storage here.

The screenshot shows the 'Move VM' wizard window. The title bar says 'Move VM' with a close button. The main heading is 'Move Type'. On the left is a sidebar with the following options: 'Move Type' (selected), 'Destination', 'Move Options', 'Vhd options', 'Network Options', and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Choose type of move you want to perform to the virtual machine'. It contains two radio button options: 'Move the virtual machine' (selected) with the description 'Move the virtual machine and, optionally, its storage to another computer running Hyper-V.', and 'Move the virtual machine's storage' with the description 'Move only the virtual machine's storage to another location, either on this server or on shared storage.' At the bottom right are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

2. Select the destination host:

Move VM

×

Destination

Move Type

Destination

Move Options

Vhd options

Network Options

Summary

Please select the destination computer

Name	Description	State
DEV-NODE2		OK

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

3. Specify move options:

Move VM

Move Options

Choose what you want to do with the virtual machine's items

Move Type

Destination

Move Options

Vhd options

Network Options

Summary

Virtual Machine Files

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Machines Browse

☒ Allow other Virtual Machine files to be placed individually (within the same storage)

Checkpoint folder:

Datastore: CSV VMs

Relative path: VM3 Browse

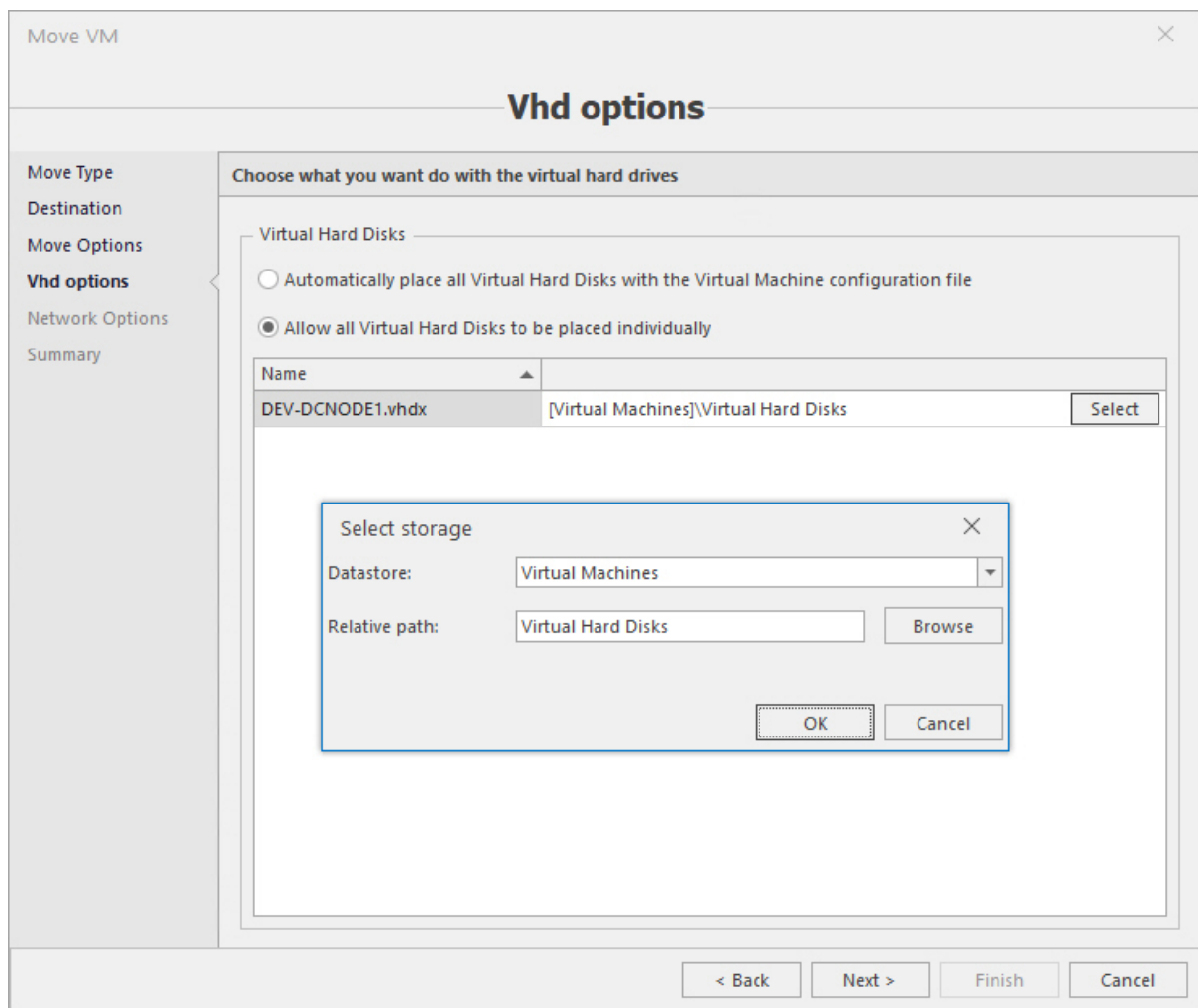
Smart Paging folder:

Datastore: Virtual Machines

Relative path: Virtual Machines Browse

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

4. Select the parameters to move the VHD:



5. Select physical network that will be used for the operation:

Move VM

Network Options

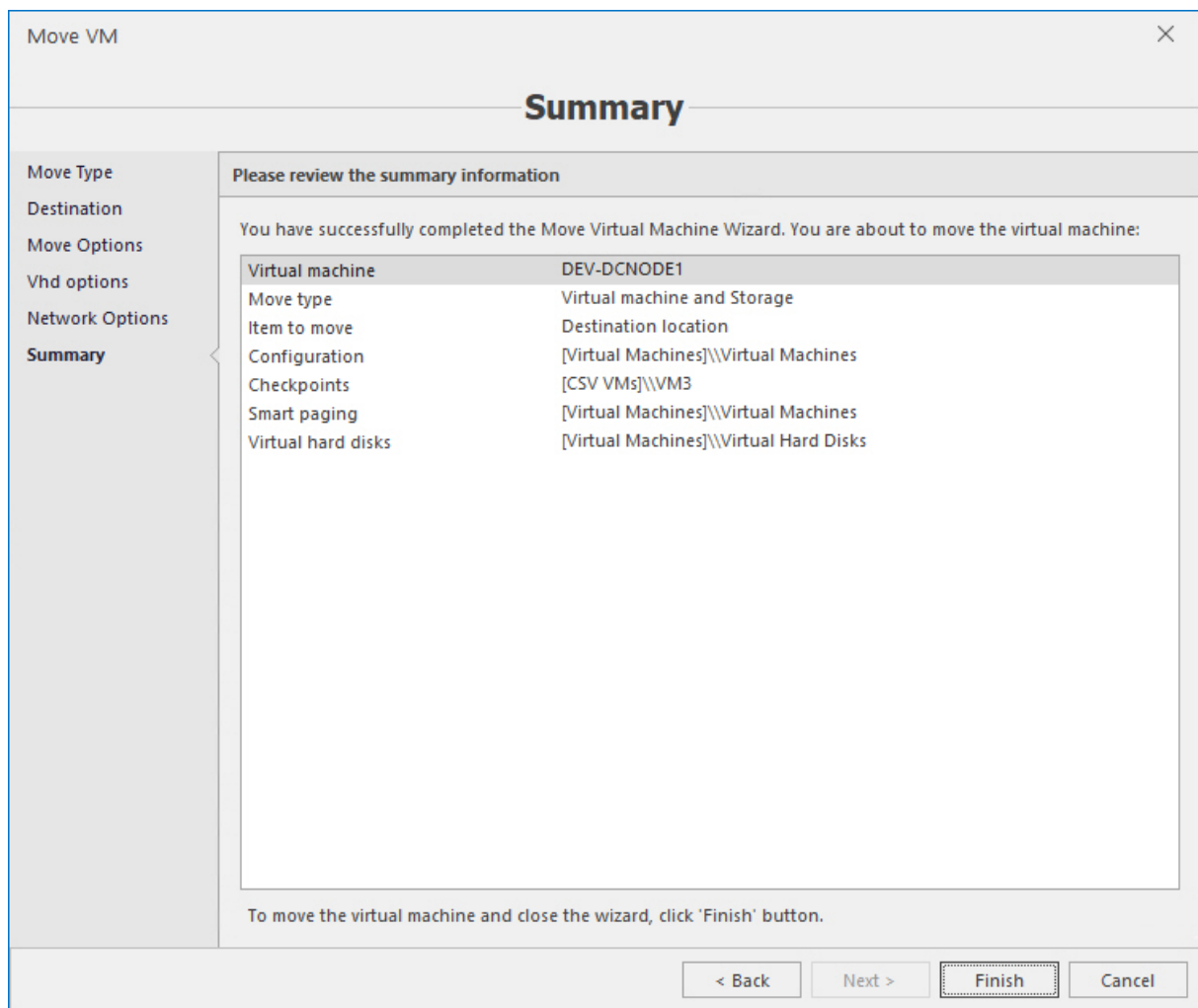
Move Type
Destination
Move Options
Vhd options
Network Options
Summary

Please specify network options for the virtual machine

Name ▲	Old Network Switch	New Network Switch
Network Adapter	Lan	[Please choose the network switch] ▼
Network Adapter	Public	[Please choose the network switch] ▼

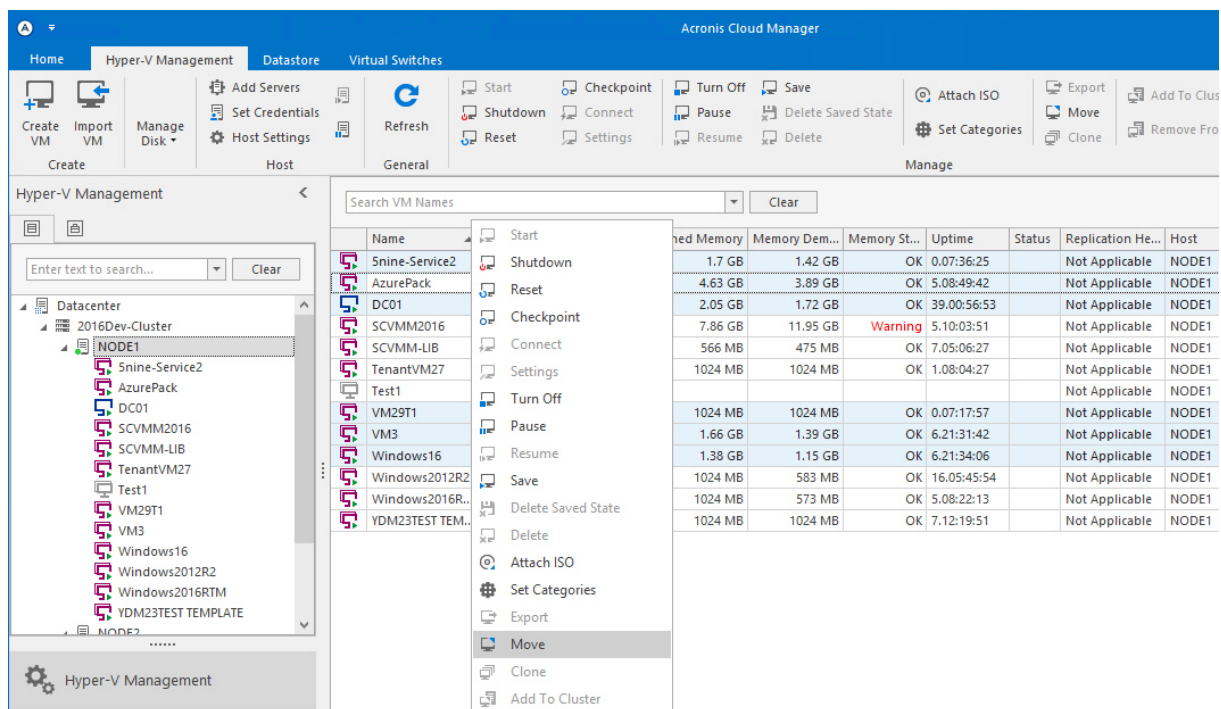
< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

- Check summary information and, if everything is correct, press **Finish** to move a VM/storage.

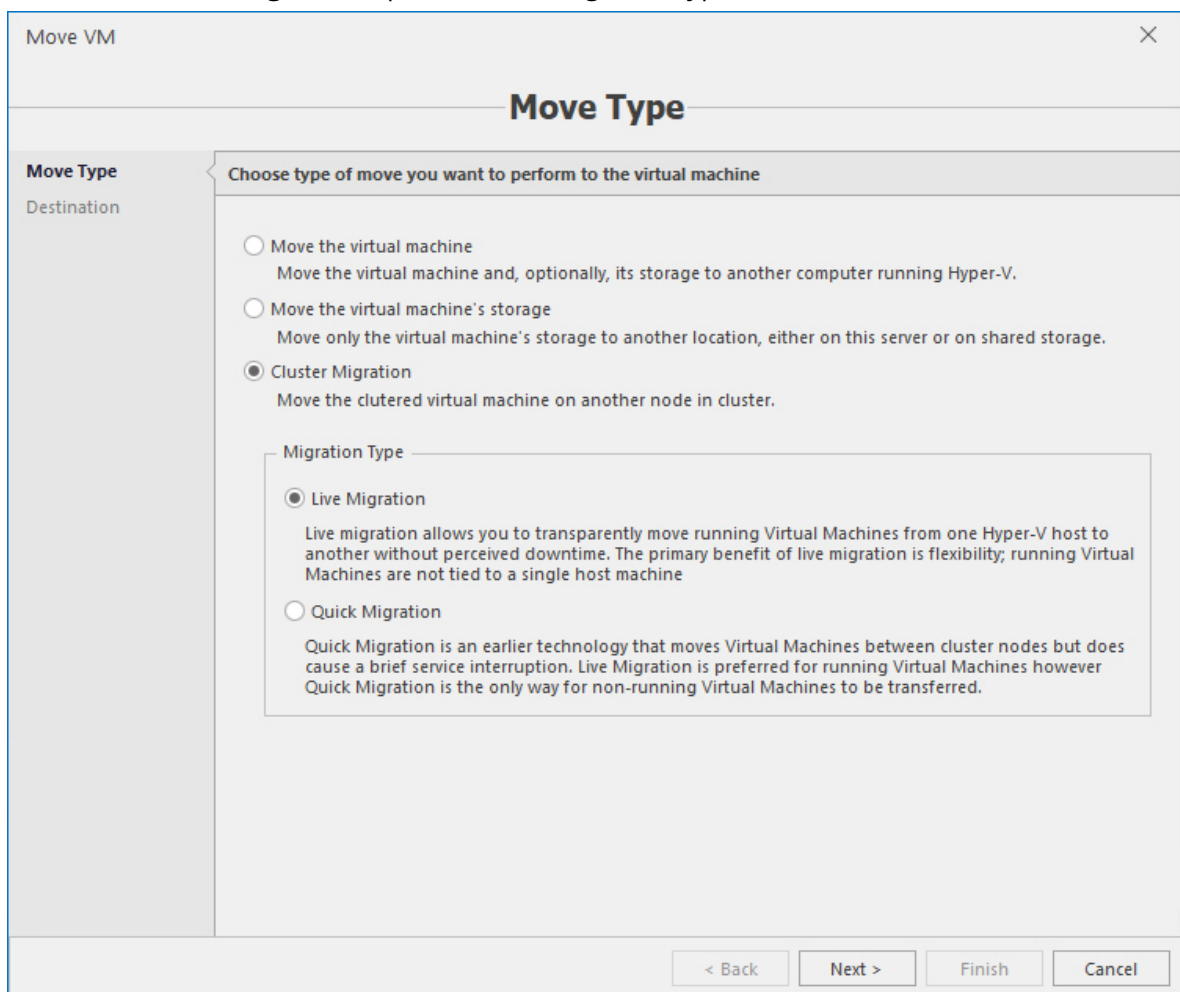


6.4.10 Live and quick VM migration

These operations apply to clustered VMs. To move the VM between nodes that joined into a cluster, first select the cluster in the Acronis Cloud Manager object tree, and then select the VM that you need to move to another node and click the **Move** button in the toolbar. You may select multiple VMs for this action. To do this, first select the target host in the object tree. Then select the VMs that you need to migrate on the right pane, using **Ctrl+Shift** keys and click the **Move** button on the main command ribbon or the corresponding context menu command by using the right-click.



- Select the **Cluster migration** option and the migration type:



- **Live migration.** With this option, a virtual machine will be migrated without switching to the saved state and losing the access. This operation is applicable to virtual machines that are in active (running) state only.
- **Quick migration.** With this option, a virtual machine will be migrated to another node as quickly as possible, but it will be switched to the saved state during the operation. That means access to this virtual machine will be temporarily lost until it returns to the running state on the new node. This operation is applicable to virtual machines in any state – active (running), paused, saved or off.
- Select either **Best possible node** so that the system will choose it automatically or select the exact node you would like the VM to be moved to.

Move VM [X]

Destination

Move Type: **Destination**

Please select the destination computer

Name	Description	State
DEV-NODE2		OK

☒ Best possible node

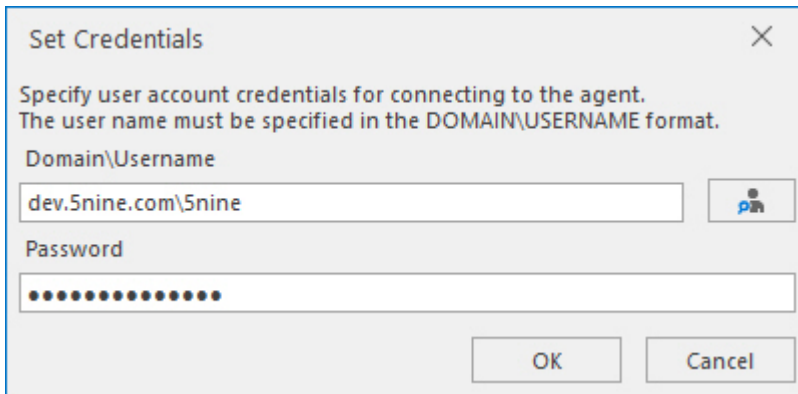
< Back Next > **Finish** Cancel

Press **OK** to start migration.

6.4.11 Guest console connection

If management console is on the same network as management server and Hyper-V hosts then you need only set access credentials for every hosts in the objects tree.

Select the host and press the **Set credentials** button in the toolbar.



Set Credentials

Specify user account credentials for connecting to the agent.
The user name must be specified in the DOMAIN\USERNAME format.

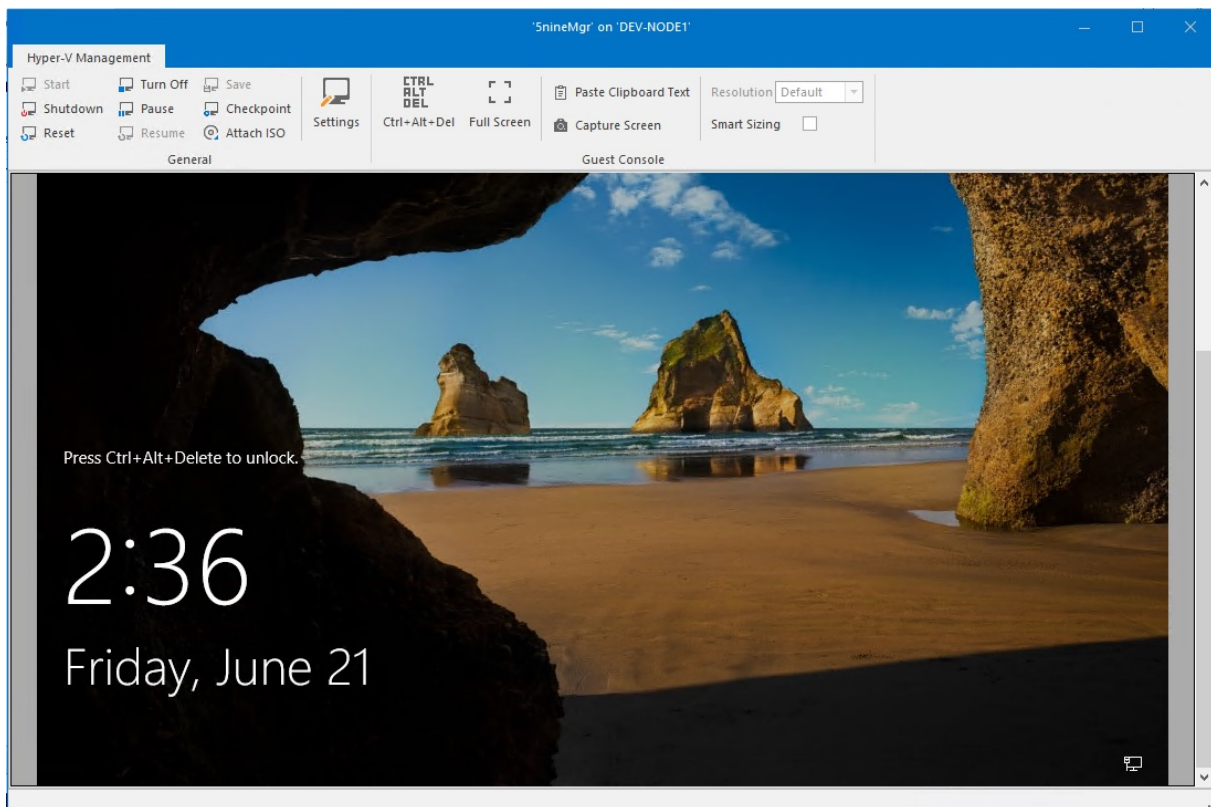
Domain\Username
dev.5nine.com\5nine

Password
●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●

OK Cancel

Note

If everything is configured, select the VM and click the **Connect** context menu command. Guest console for the selected VM will be opened in a separate window.



6.5 Hyper-V replication

Hyper-V replica allows virtual machines running at a primary site to be efficiently replicated to secondary location (replica site) across a WAN link. Primary and replica server must be Microsoft Hyper-V 2012 R2 as a minimum.

When replication is underway, changes in the primary virtual machines are transmitted over the network periodically to the replica virtual machines. The exact frequency varies depending on how long a replication cycle takes to finish (depending in turn on the network throughput, among other

things). In the latest versions of Windows Server, you can configure the replication frequency, so that the changes are sent every 30 seconds, every 5 minutes, or every 15 minutes.

You can also access recovery points up to 24 hours old (previously, recovery points up to 15 hours old were available).

If the primary server should fail unexpectedly, perhaps of a major hardware failure or a natural disaster, you can bring up the replica virtual machines to take over the workload — this is *unplanned failover*. In unplanned failover, there is the possibility of data loss, since there was no opportunity to copy over changes that might not have been replicated yet.

6.5.1 Prerequisites

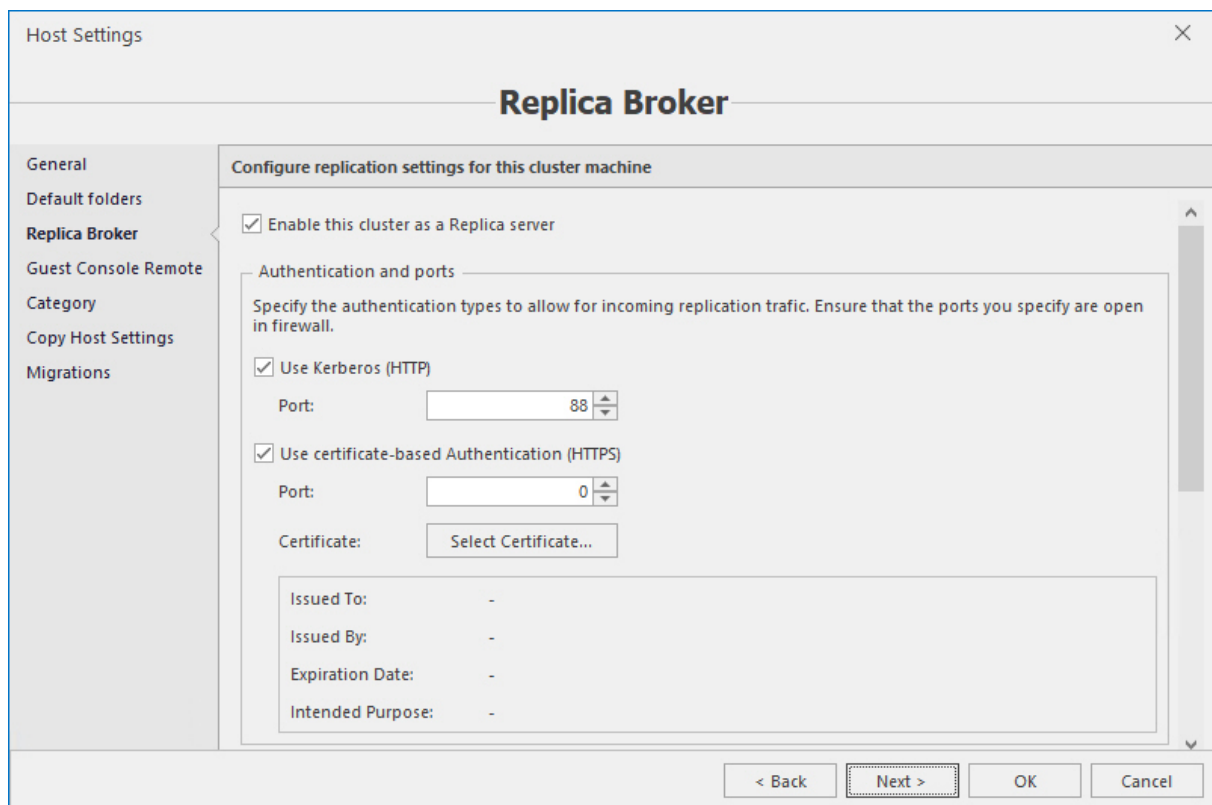
To take advantage of the Hyper-V replica, which is included as part of the Hyper-V server role, the following pre-requisites must be met:

- Hardware that supports the Hyper-V role on Windows Server;
- Sufficient storage on both the primary and replica servers to host the files used by virtualized workloads;
- Network connectivity between the locations hosting the primary and replica servers;
- Properly configured firewall rules to permit replication between the primary and replica sites;
- An X.509v3 certificate to support mutual authentication with certificates (if desired or needed)

To start VM replication, select the VM and press the **Replicate** button in the toolbar.

6.5.2 Host replication settings

Replication settings is a part of host settings. You need to set replication settings if a Hyper-V host is supposed to be used as a replica server.

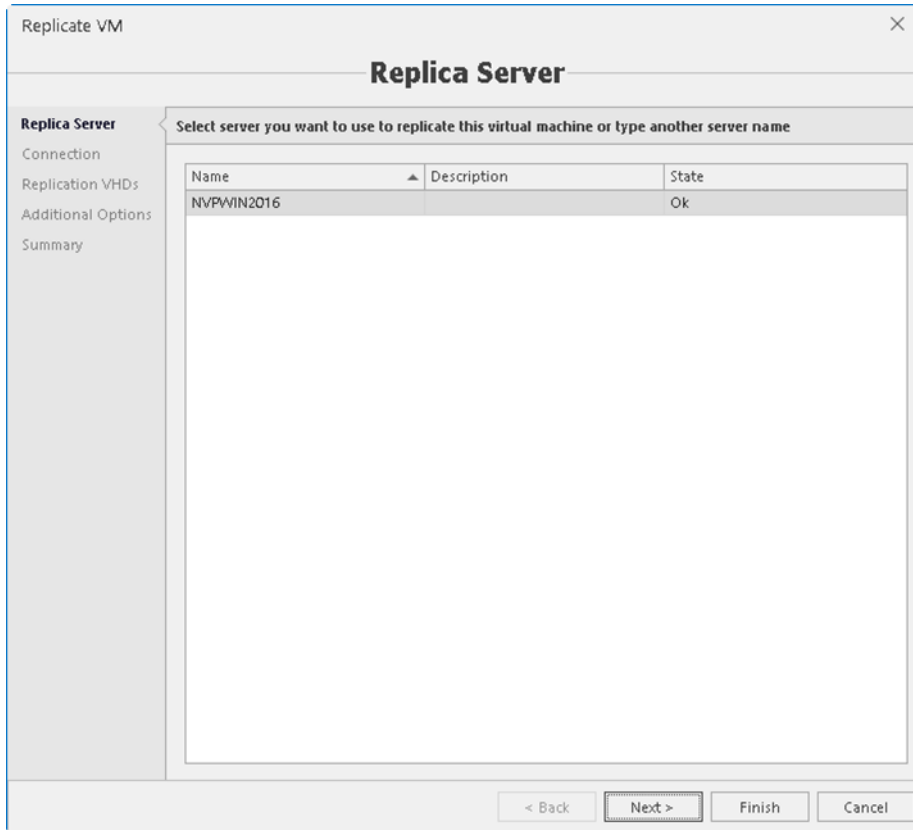


There are the following settings:

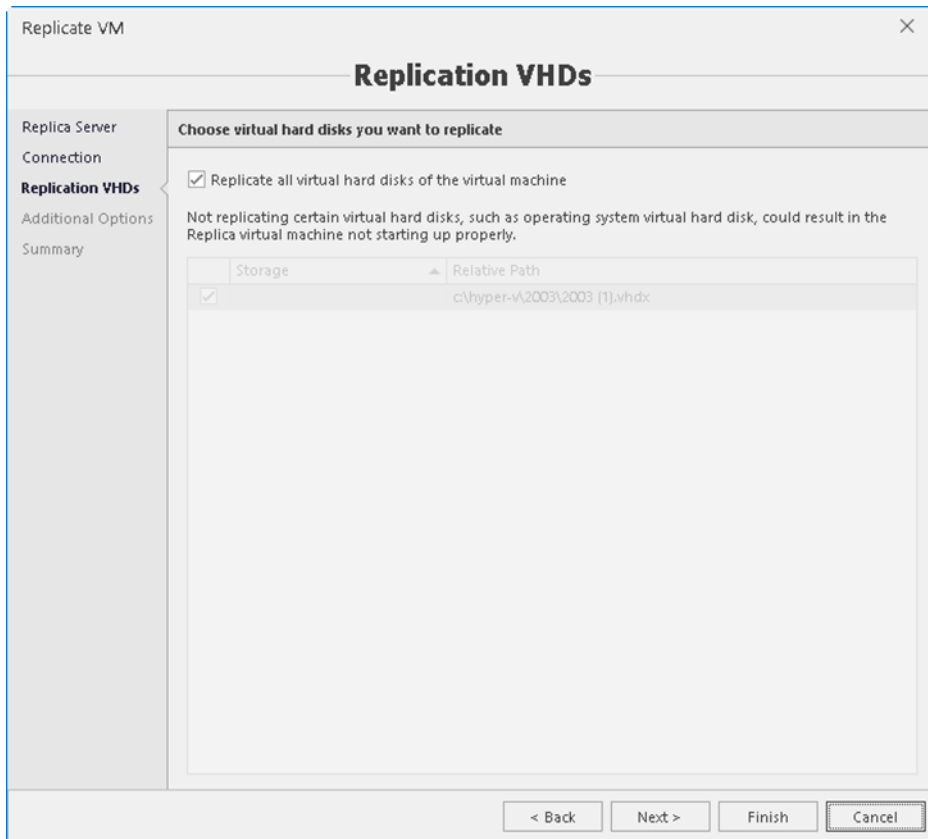
- **Enable this computer as a replica server** – mark this option to set the current Hyper-V host as a replica server.
- Authentication parameters:
 - **Use Kerberos (HTTP)** – this authentication option uses Kerberos authentication protocol via HTTP port 80 (default).
 - **Use certificate-based authentication (HTTPS)** – this authentication method uses pre-installed certificate and works via HTTPS port 443 (default). Press the **Select Certificate** button to choose pre-installed certificate on the current Hyper-V host:
- Authorization and storage parameters:
 - **Allow replication from any authenticated server.** Any Hyper-V host that is set as a replica server in the environment will be allowed to send replica files. Specify the default location by typing or browsing to the folder to store replica files.
 - **Allow replication from the specified servers.** Only specified Hyper-V hosts will be allowed to send replica files. Click **Add** to add the authorized server to the list:
 - **Default storage for replica files on the current Hyper-V host.** Default location on the current Hyper-V server to store replica files.

6.5.3 Starting VM replication

To start VM replication, select the VM and select the **Replicate** command on the main ribbon or from VM's context menu. VM replication wizard will be shown.



1. Select replica server where you want the VM replicated from the list and press **Next**.



2. Define additional replication options:

- Replication frequency
- Recovery points
- Schedule resynchronization
- Initial replication options

Replicate VM

Additional Options

Replica Server
Connection
Replication VHDs
Additional Options
Summary

Specify additional options for this virtual machine

Frequency at which changes will be sent to the Replica server: 5 minutes

Additional Recovery Points

☒ Maintain only the latest recovery point
☐ Create additional hourly recovery points

Coverage provided by additional recovery points (in hours): 24

☐ VSS snapshot frequency (in hours): 4

Schedule Resynchronization

☐ Manual
☐ Automatic
☒ Automatic during the following hours: From 6:30 PM To 6:00 AM

Schedule Initial Replication

☒ Start replication immediately
☐ Start replication on: 5/31/2017 5:22 PM

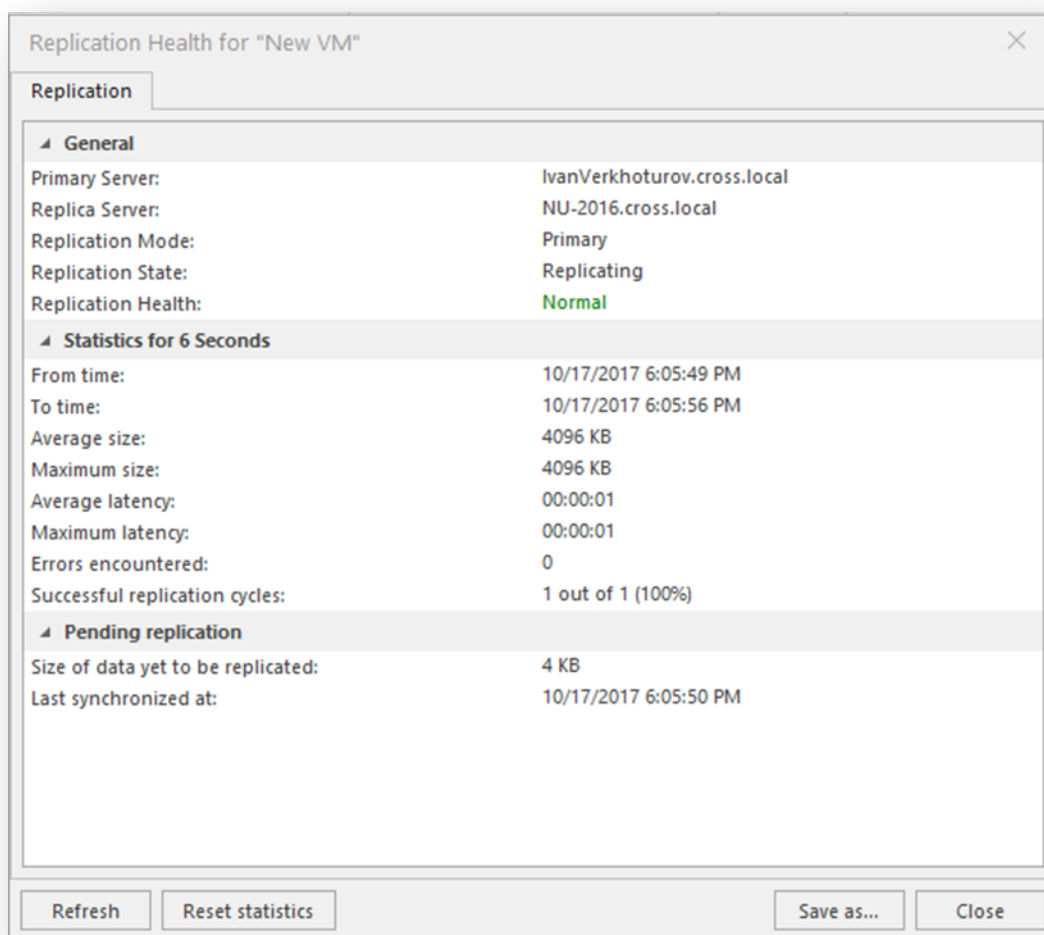
< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

- Press **Finish** to start VM replication. Once VM is replicated its replication health will be shown in the **Replication health** column in the list of VM and in VM details.

Enter text to search in VM names ...
Clear

	Name	State	Replication Health	Host
	New VM 10	Off	Normal	NU-2016
	2003	Running	Critical	NU-2016
	New VM 11	Off	Warning	NU-2016
	New VM 8	Off	Normal	NU-2016
	New VM7	Off	Warning	NU-2016
	New VMtest1	Off	Normal	NU-2016
	New VM	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016
	test_backup	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016
	test-scsi	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016
	testSCSI	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016
	vmnu2016-g1	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016
	vmnu2016-g2	Off	NotApplicable	NU-2016

Please note - Status window with details about replication health is available:



Note

Acronis Cloud Manager also allows administrators to perform replication failover testing to ensure that everything will work as expected in the event of a disaster.

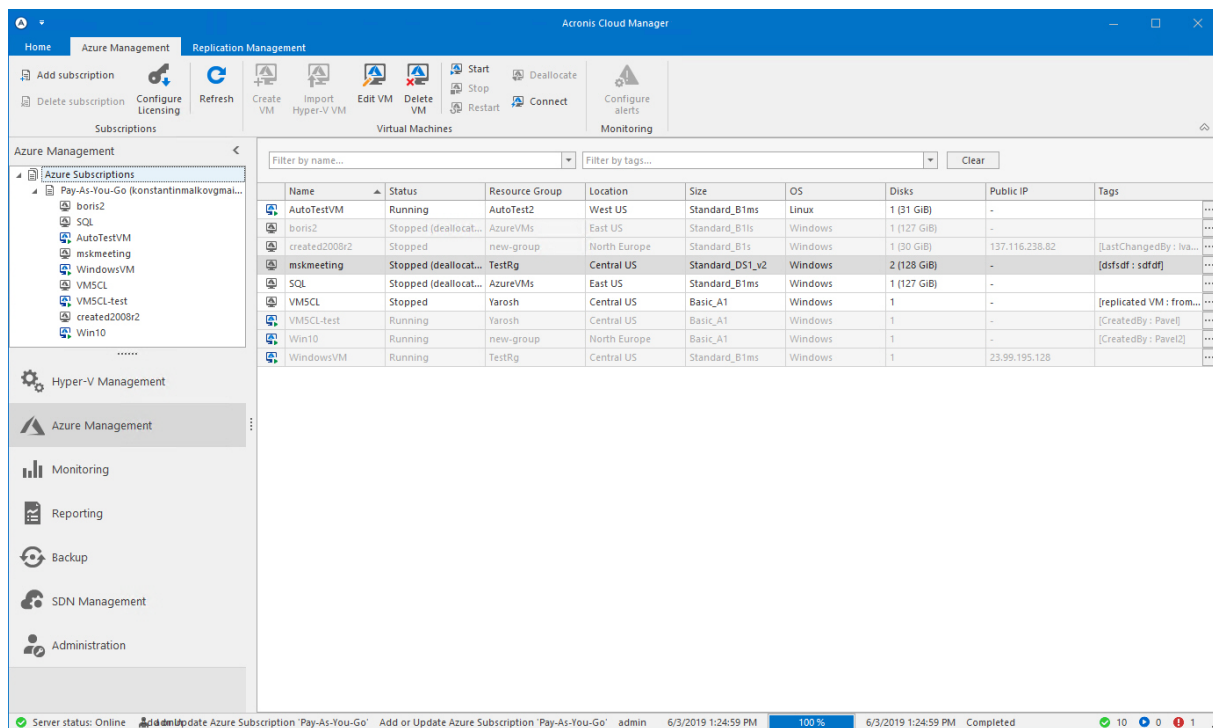


7 Azure management

Acronis Cloud Manager includes a special plugin to control Microsoft Azure subscriptions from its GUI. It allows performing basic operations with Azure cloud virtual machines and convert Hyper-V VMs into Azure.

7.1 General view

The **Azure management** section view looks similar to **Hyper-V management** – there is an object tree on the left pane and VM list on the right pane. Tools and controls are logically grouped and located on the upper ribbon.



Object tree contains Azure subscriptions instead of hosts as root entries, having VMs under them.

7.2 VM view

Selecting a VM from the list on the right pane will enable corresponding controls on the upper ribbon, which are applicable for the current VM state (i.e. **Start** if VM is not currently running, etc.), and the list of the latest alerts for selected VMs in the lower part of the right pane:

Virtual Machines

Name	Status	Resource Group	Location	Size	OS	Disks	Public IP	Tags
AutoTestVM	Running	AutoTest2	West US	Standard_B1ms	Linux	1 (31 GiB)	-	
boris2	Stopped (deallocat...	AzureVMs	East US	Standard_B1ts	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	-	
created2008r2	Stopped	new-group	North Europe	Standard_B1ts	Windows	1 (30 GiB)	137.116.238.82	[LastChangedBy: Iva...
mskmeeting	Stopped (deallocat...	TestRg	Central US	Standard_DS1_v2	Windows	2 (128 GiB)	-	[dsfsdf : sdfdf]
SQL	Stopped (deallocat...	AzureVMs	East US	Standard_B1ms	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	-	
VM5CL	Stopped	Varosh	Central US	Basic_A1	Windows	1	-	[replicated VM: from...
VM5CL-test	Running	Varosh	Central US	Basic_A1	Windows	1	-	[CreatedBy: PaveI]
Win10	Running	new-group	North Europe	Basic_A1	Windows	1	-	[CreatedBy: PaveI2]
WindowsVM	Running	TestRg	Central US	Standard_B1ms	Windows	1	23.99.195.128	

Alerts

Name	Status	Condition	Resource Group	Resource	Last Fired
test recommendation NM	Active	Recommendation events	new-group		
test Policy NM	Active	Policy events	new-group		
test admin NM	Active	Administrative events	new-group		
test autoscale	Active	Autoscale events	new-group		
test security NM	Active	Security events	new-group		
test service health	Active	ServiceHealth events	new-group		
Test-Symon	Active	Percentage CPU > 90	AzureVMs	SQL	8/3/2018 3:14 AM
test	Disabled	Percentage CPU > 3	new-group	created2008r2	4/1/2019 10:48 AM
test 2	Active	Network In < 9	new-group	created2008r2	3/29/2019 5:33 AM
qwe	Active	Percentage CPU > 10	TestRg	WindowsVM	3/28/2019 5:28 AM

Selecting VM in the object tree on the left pane will display graphs for VM performance counters, VM info and alerts on the right pane:

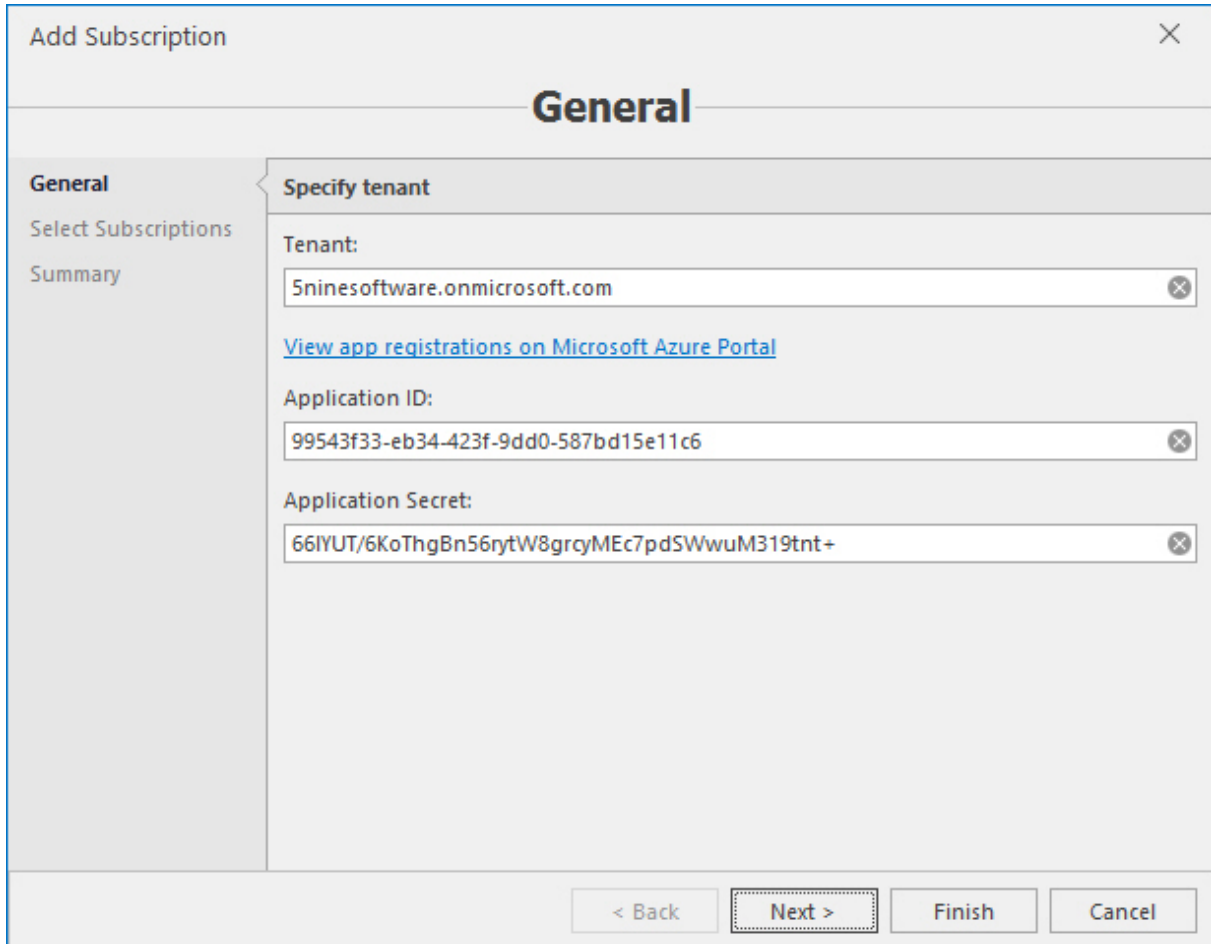
AutoTestVM

Resource Group: AutoTest2
 Status: Running
 Location: West US
 Subscription: Pay-As-You-Go
 Subscription ID: 8144f68a-12ac-44b0-85b4-93434badf29a

Computer Name: AutoTestVM
 Operating System: Linux
 Size: [Standard_B1ms](#)
 Public IP Address:
 FQDN:

7.3 Adding and removing Microsoft Azure subscription

First thing you have to do when starting your work with Azure management is to add your Microsoft Azure subscription to the object tree. To do this, click the **Add subscription** button on the main ribbon, which will open the **Add subscription** wizard:



The screenshot shows the 'Add Subscription' wizard with the 'General' tab selected. The wizard has a sidebar with 'General', 'Select Subscriptions', and 'Summary'. The 'General' tab is titled 'Specify tenant' and contains three text input fields: 'Tenant' with the value '5ninesoftware.onmicrosoft.com', 'Application ID' with the value '99543f33-eb34-423f-9dd0-587bd15e11c6', and 'Application Secret' with the value '66lYUT/6KoThgBn56rytW8grcyMEc7pdSWwuM319tnt+'. A link 'View app registrations on Microsoft Azure Portal' is located between the 'Tenant' and 'Application ID' fields. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. The 'Next >' button is highlighted with a dashed border.

On the first screen, specify your tenant ID, application ID and application secret key. If required, the link [View app registrations on Microsoft Azure portal](#) will open your browser and lead you to Microsoft Azure portal to review your subscriptions.

Note

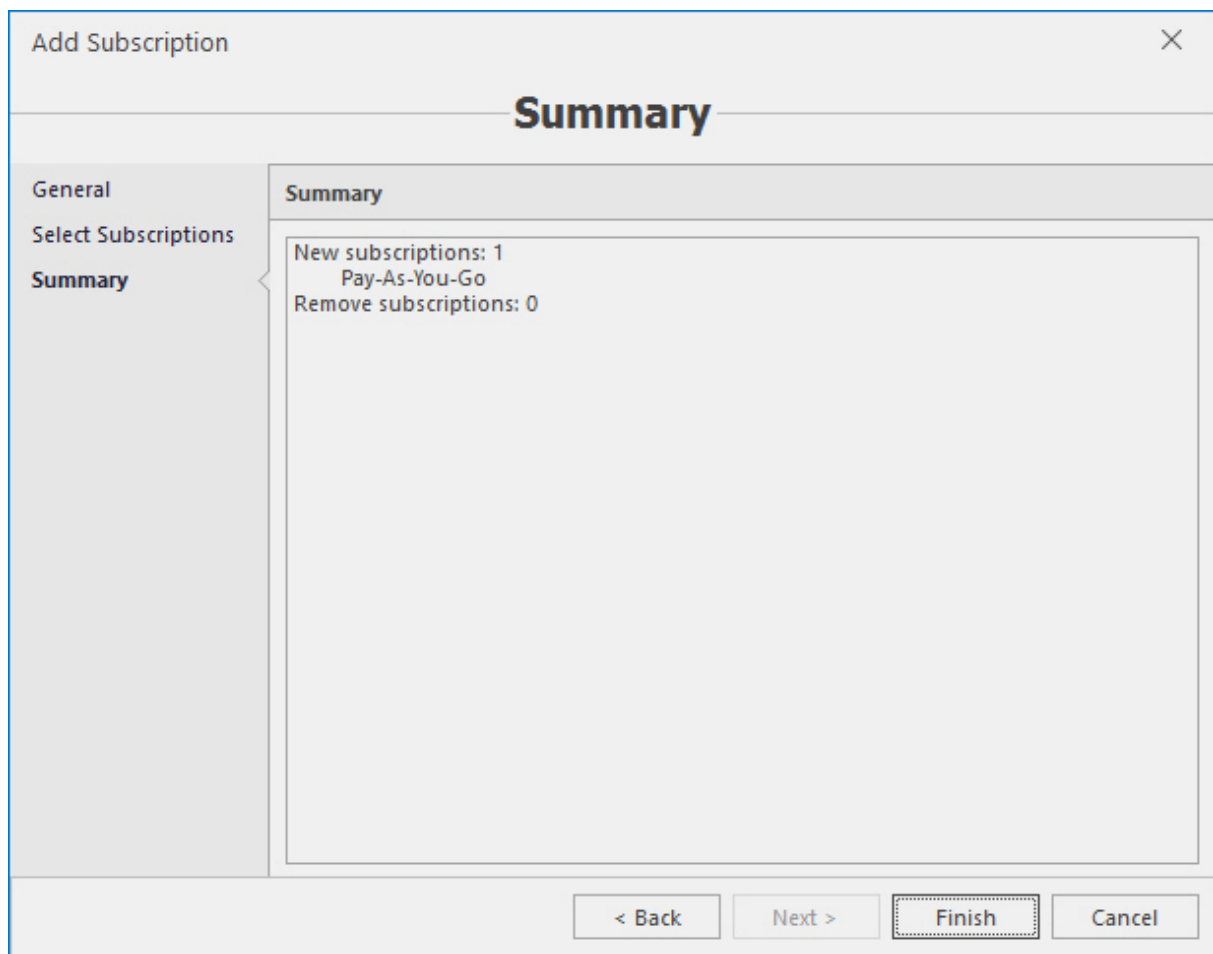
You will have to login to your Microsoft account first to be able to view the Azure subscriptions.

Click **Next**.

On the second screen, select the subscriptions that you want to add to the object tree among available ones in the list and click **Next**:

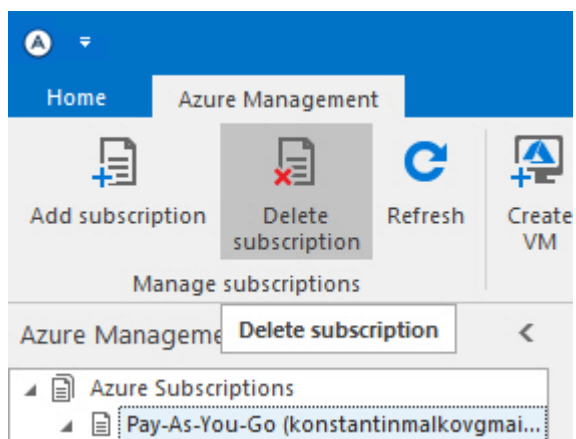
The screenshot shows a software window titled "Add Subscription" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading inside the window is "Select Subscriptions". On the left side, there is a sidebar with three options: "General", "Select Subscriptions" (which is currently selected), and "Summary". The main area of the window is titled "Select subscriptions" and contains a list box with one item: "Pay-As-You-Go", which has a checked checkbox to its left. At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

Review the summary on the third screen and click **Finish** to add the selected subscription(s) to the object tree:



The subscription will be added to the tree.

To remove Microsoft Azure subscription from Acronis Cloud Manager's tree, select the required subscription in the tree and click the **Delete subscription** button on the main menu ribbon:



7.4 Role-based access control

Azure subscriptions are added separately on global and tenant levels. Global administrator can delegate permissions on Azure subscriptions (full access, separate Azure VMs and/or operations)

added on global level to global users without administrative privileges and to tenant administrators. Tenant administrator can delegate permissions to tenant users without administrative privileges.

Permissions for Azure subscriptions are delegated in the standard way as it's done for any other type of resources (please, refer to the "Managing users, tenants and roles" (p. 42) section above for detailed information).

Adding Azure resources to global users:

Add User Wizard

Resources and Roles

Credentials
Resources and Roles
Summary

Manage resources and roles for user

☒ Use Advanced Resource Based Permissions

Resources

Enter text to search... Find Clear

Name	Description	Parent
Pay-As-You-Go		
Type: AzureVirtualMachine		
mskmeeting		Pay-As-You-Go
SQL		Pay-As-You-Go
AutoTestVM		Pay-As-You-Go
VM5CL-test		Pay-As-You-Go
WindowsVM		Pay-As-You-Go
VM5CL		Pay-As-You-Go
boris2		Pay-As-You-Go
Win10		Pay-As-You-Go
created2008r2		Pay-As-You-Go

Roles

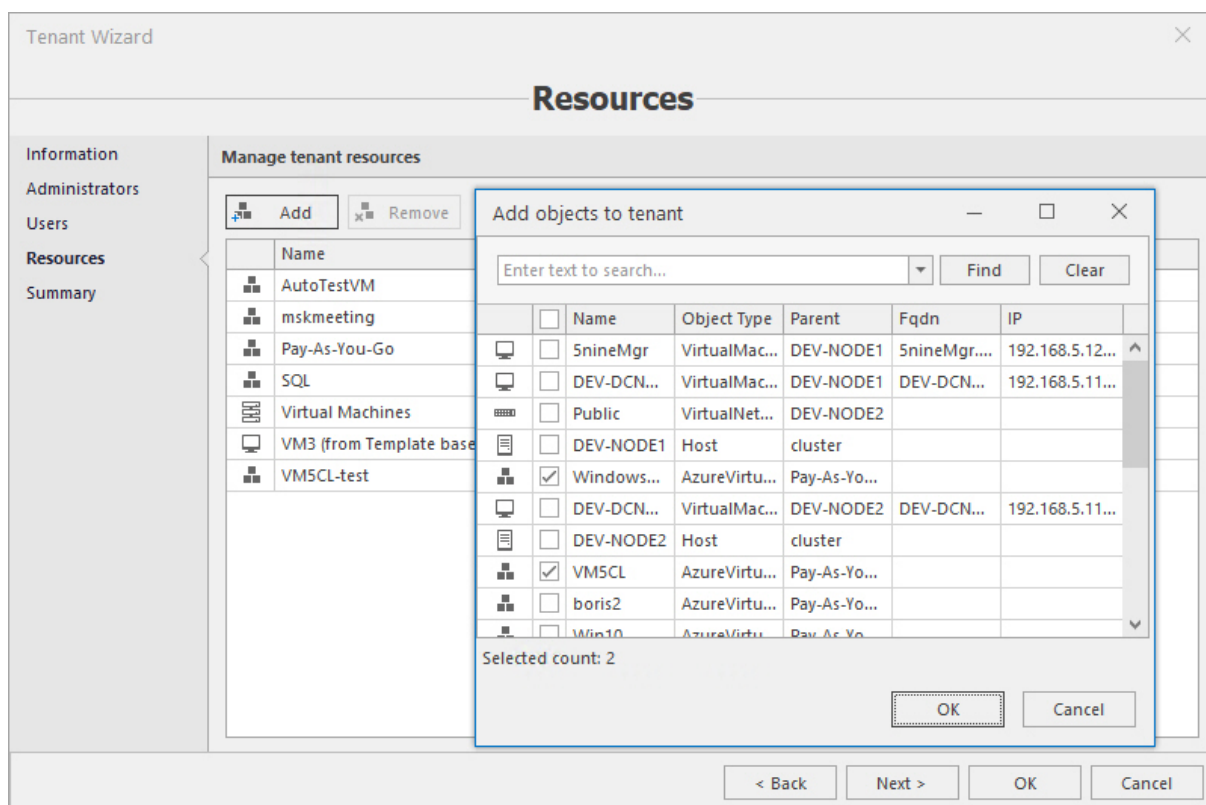
Enter text to search... Find Clear

Is Enabled	Name	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Full Access	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Basic	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Read-Only	

< Back Next > OK Cancel

Select subscriptions and VMs you need to delegate permissions on and click **OK** to add those resources to the user. Operations available for each resource are configured in roles settings (please, refer to the "Managing users, tenants and roles" (p. 42) section above for detailed information). Tenant administrator is able to do the same on tenant level.

Adding Azure resources to tenant:



7.5 Configuring Azure licensing

Azure management part is licensed per VM. Initially, a free license is installed by default, which includes quota for a maximum number of 5 virtual machines from the cloud. Azure license is installed and works separately on a global level and for each tenant. Default 5 VM licenses are only available to global users and additional Azure VM licenses can be purchased which requires a separate license file.

Without the valid Azure license, Acronis Cloud Manager will still display Azure VMs, but all of them will be inactive and inoperable – no actions against them will be possible. After installing the Azure license, you will need to configure it – select VMs from your added Azure subscriptions that you need to be active and available for management. To configure the license, click the **Configure Licensing** button on the main ribbon:

Configure Licensing

Configure

Add Azure virtual machines which you want to be licensed

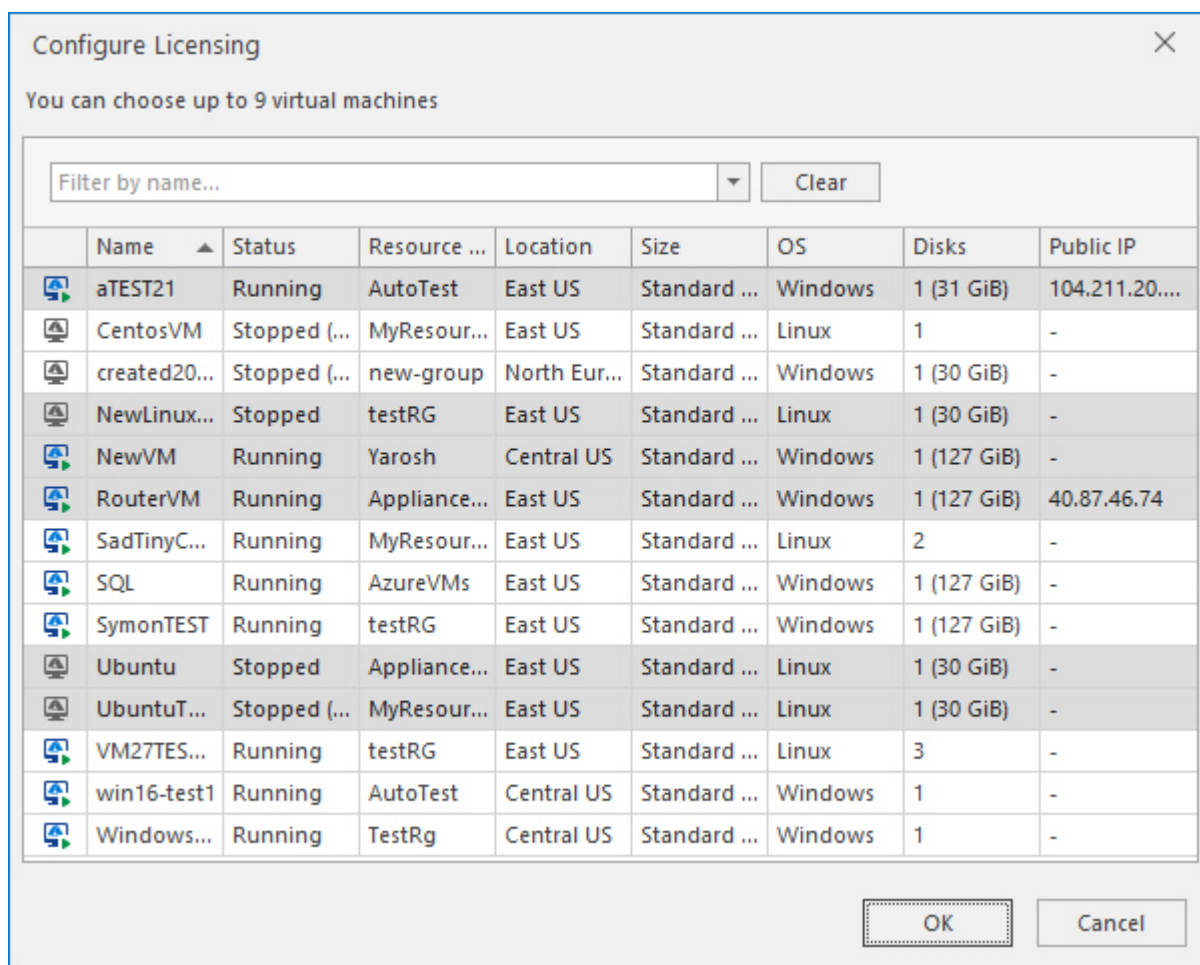
Add
Remove

	Name	Status	Resource ...	Location	Size	OS	Disks	Public IP
	aTEST21	Running	AutoTest	East US	Standard B...	Windows	1 (31 GiB)	104.211.20.136
	NewLinuxV...	Stopped	testRG	East US	Standard B...	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-
	NewVM	Running	Yarosh	Central US	Standard A0	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	-
	RouterVM	Running	ApplianceRG	East US	Standard B...	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	40.87.46.74
	Ubuntu	Stopped	ApplianceRG	East US	Standard A0	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-
	UbuntuTes...	Stopped (d...	MyResourc...	East US	Standard B...	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-

You can register up to 9 virtual machines

OK
Cancel

The wizard displays virtual machines that have been already selected from the subscription(s) limited by max number of the license quota. It is written in the lower part of the wizard how many VMs you may currently register. To add new VMs from the subscription click the **Add** button:



Choose VMs, using your mouse, **Shift+Ctrl** keys as needed, then click **OK** in the dialog window and on the main window of the wizard. Selected VMs will become active and available for management.

7.6 Creating/deleting VM

To create a new Azure VM, click the **Create VM** button on the main ribbon. The **Create Azure virtual machine** wizard will open:

The screenshot shows the 'Create Azure Virtual Machine' dialog box with the 'Resource group' tab selected. The left sidebar contains links for 'Resource group', 'Images', 'Basics', 'Size', 'Settings', and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Select resource group' and contains the instruction 'Select resource group which will hold new virtual machine'. Below this, there are two dropdown menus: 'Resource group:' with 'AzureVMs' selected, and 'Location:' with 'East US' selected. A 'Create...' button is positioned to the right of the 'Resource group' dropdown. At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Select resource group and location, create the new resource group if necessary – click the **Create** button to the right from the **Resource group** field.

The screenshot shows the 'Create resource group' dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button (X). Inside, there are two fields: 'Name:' with the text 'New_resource_group' and 'Location:' with a dropdown menu showing 'centralus'. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Ok' and 'Cancel'.

Type in the name and select the location. Then click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Create Azure Virtual Machine' wizard, specifically the 'Images' step. The window title is 'Create Azure Virtual Machine' with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is 'Images'. On the left, there is a sidebar with a 'Resource group' section and a list of steps: 'Images' (highlighted), 'Basics', 'Size', 'Settings', and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Select image' and contains two tabs: 'Popular' (selected) and 'All'. Below the tabs is a search bar containing the text 'Windows Server 2016'. At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Either select one of popular images, or specify publisher, name of group of related images and SKU. Click **Next**.

Create Azure Virtual Machine

Images

Resource group

Images

Basics

Size

Settings

Summary

Select image

Popular

All

The organization that created the image

Publisher:

Snine software inc

Name of a group of related images created by a publisher

Offer:

Snine smart firewall

An instance of an offer, such as a major release of a distribution

SKU:

Snine smart firewall

Before you can use some marketplace image, you must enable the image for programmatic use. In the Azure portal, find the marketplace image that you want to use and then click 'Want to deploy programmatically? Get Started ->'. Enter any required information and then click Save.

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Enter VM name and credentials – user name and password. Click **Next**.

Create Azure Virtual Machine

Basics

Resource group

Images

Basics

Size

Settings

Summary

Set basic settings

Name

NewVM

User name:

UserName

Password:

••••••••

Confrim password:

••••••••

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Select available VM size. Click **Next**.

Create Azure Virtual Machine

Size

Resource group

Images

Basics

Size

Settings

Summary

Choose virtual machine size

OS disk size, GiB: 1023

vCPU: 1

Name	Memory, GiB	Resource disk size, GiB	Max data disks
Standard_B1ms	2	4	2
Standard_B1s	1	2	2
Standard_DS1_v2	3.5	7	4
Standard_F1s	2	4	4
Standard_A0	0.8	20	1
Standard_A1	1.8	70	2
Basic_A0	0.8	20	1
Basic_A1	1.8	40	2
Standard_D1_v2	3.5	50	4
Standard_F1	2	16	4
Standard_A1_v2	2	10	2
Standard_D1	3.5	50	4

☐ Hide unsuitable virtual machine sizes

< Back **Next >** Finish Cancel

Set IP addresses. Click **Next**.

Create Azure Virtual Machine

Settings

Resource group
Images
Basics
Size
Settings
Summary

Configure optional features

A network interface enables an Azure Virtual Machine to communicate with internet, Azure, and on-premises resources

Address space: 10.1.0.0/24

☒ Dynamic private IP
☐ Static private IP

☒ Without public IP
☐ With public IP

DNS name label: LeafDNSLabel

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Review the summary and click **Finish**.

Create Azure Virtual Machine

Summary

Resource group
Images
Basics
Size
Settings
Summary

Summary

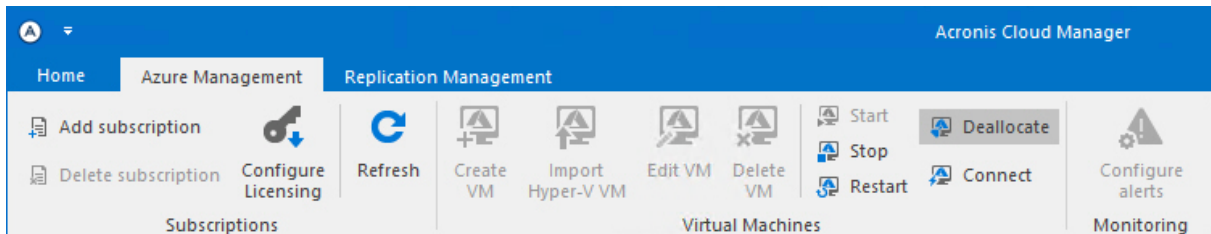
Name: NewVM, Location: eastus, Username: Username, Password: *****, ResourceGroup: Microsoft.Azure.Management.ResourceManager.Fluent.ResourceGroupImpl, SizeName: Standard_B1ms, AvailabilitySet: , NetworkInterface: , SelectedVirtualMachine: , SKU: Microsoft.Azure.Management.Compute.Fluent.VirtualMachineSkulmpl, StorageAccount: , StorageKey: , AddressSpace: 10.1.0.0/24, IsDynamicPrivate: True, IsWithoutPublic: True, PrivateIp: , LeafDNSLabel: LeafDNSLabel, KnownVirtualMachineImage: WindowsServerTechnicalPreview, IsKnownOS: False

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

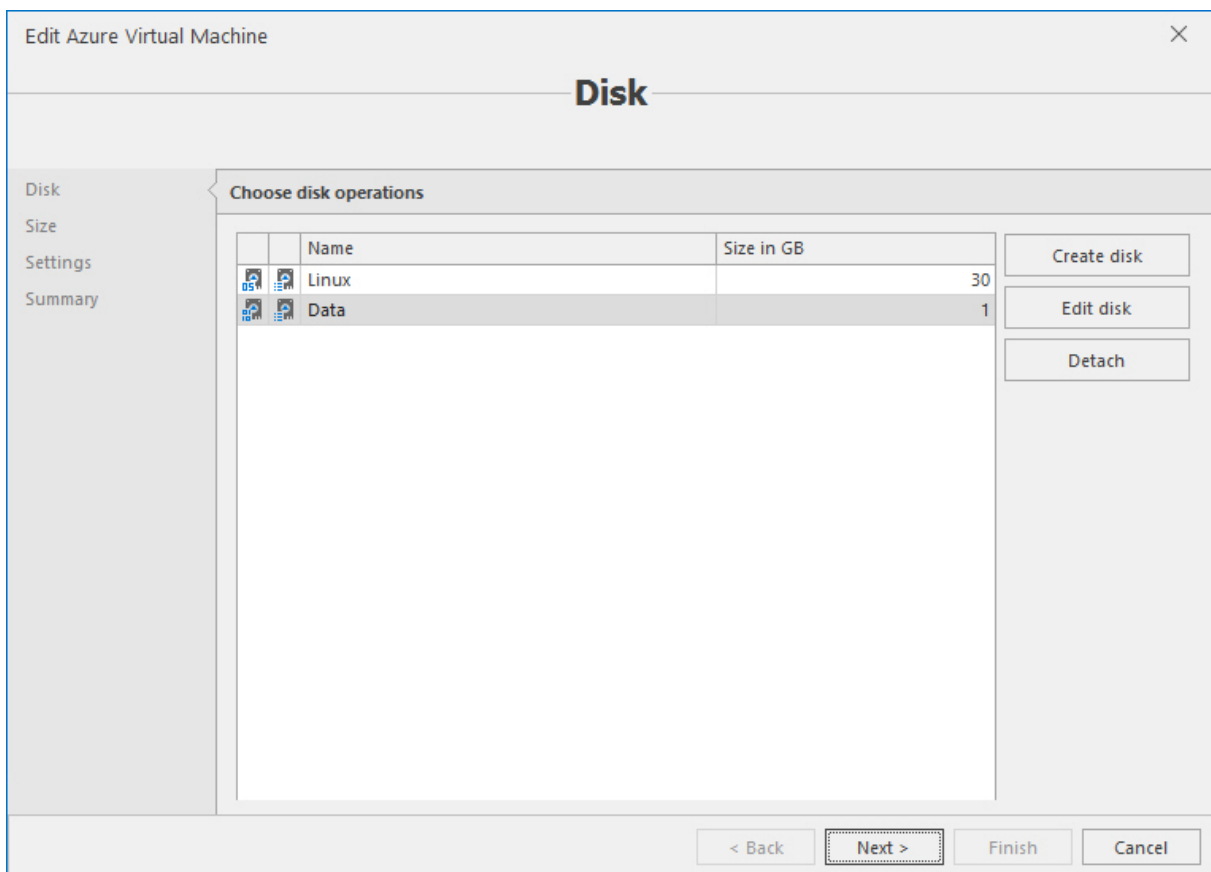
To delete Azure VM, select it, make sure it is in stopped state, and then click the **Delete VM** button on the main ribbon.

7.7 Editing VM

To edit Azure VM, you need to deallocate its resources first. Select virtual machine and click the **Deallocate** button on the main ribbon:

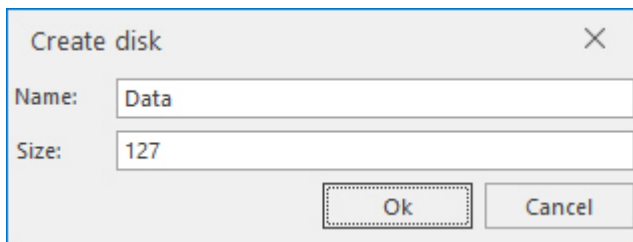


When the process is finished (you may control this using Jobs dialog window), click the **Edit VM** button on the main ribbon. The **Edit Azure virtual machine** wizard will be opened:



The following actions with virtual disk are available on the first screen: create new disk, edit disk and detach disk.

1. To create virtual disk, click the **Create disk** button.



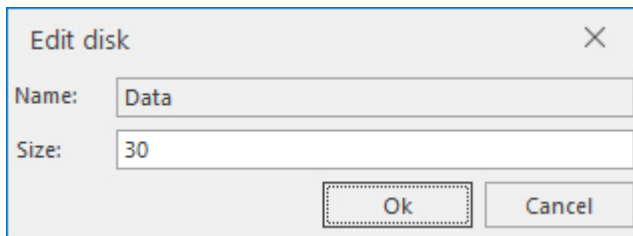
Create disk

Name:

Size:

Enter the name for a new disk and its size, and then click **OK**.

2. To edit the virtual disk, select it and click the **Edit disk** button.



Edit disk

Name:

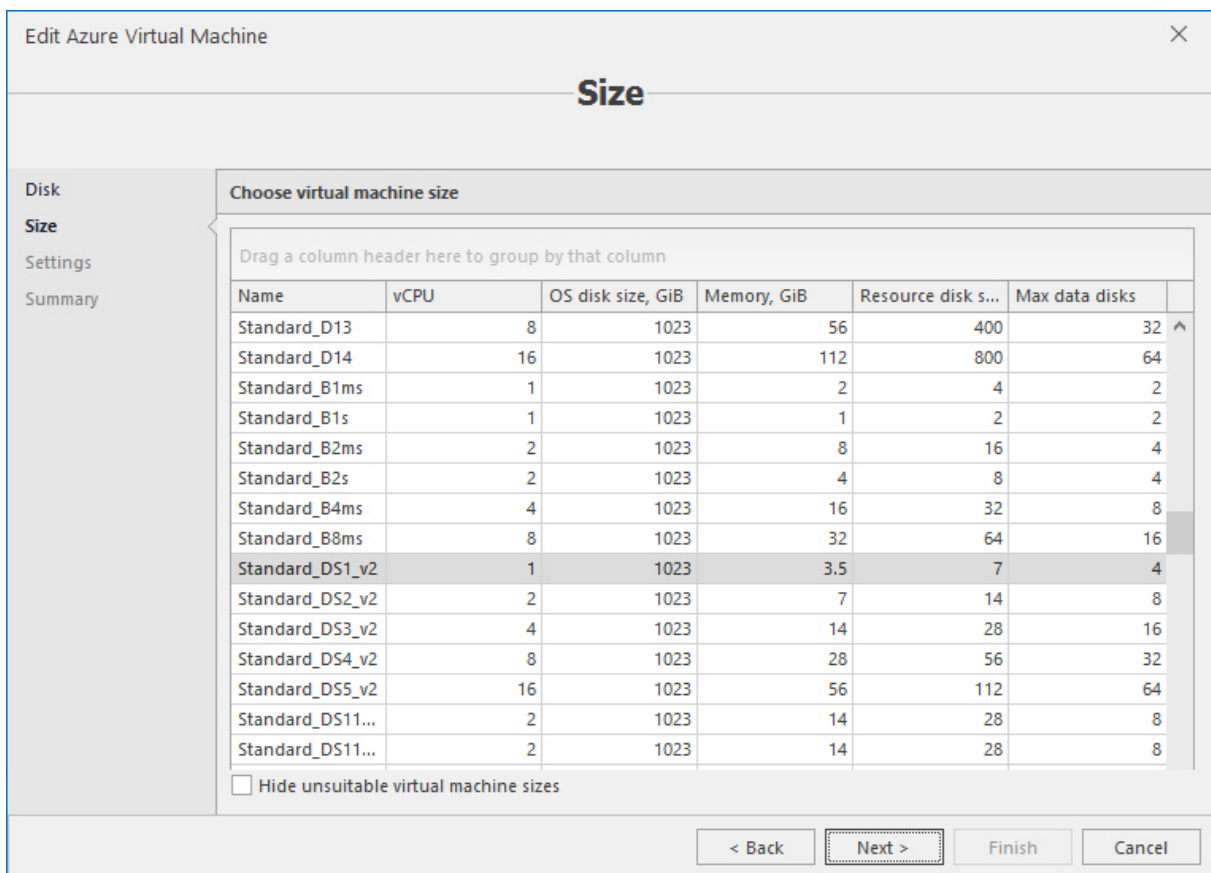
Size:

Edit the necessary parameters for the virtual disk (name and/or size), and then click **OK**.

3. To detach virtual disk, select it and click the **Detach** button.

Click **Next**.

On the next screen, select the new size for Azure VM if necessary. Click **Next**.



Edit Azure Virtual Machine

Size

Choose virtual machine size

Drag a column header here to group by that column

Name	vCPU	OS disk size, GiB	Memory, GiB	Resource disk s...	Max data disks
Standard_D13	8	1023	56	400	32
Standard_D14	16	1023	112	800	64
Standard_B1ms	1	1023	2	4	2
Standard_B1s	1	1023	1	2	2
Standard_B2ms	2	1023	8	16	4
Standard_B2s	2	1023	4	8	4
Standard_B4ms	4	1023	16	32	8
Standard_B8ms	8	1023	32	64	16
Standard_DS1_v2	1	1023	3.5	7	4
Standard_DS2_v2	2	1023	7	14	8
Standard_DS3_v2	4	1023	14	28	16
Standard_DS4_v2	8	1023	28	56	32
Standard_DS5_v2	16	1023	56	112	64
Standard_DS11...	2	1023	14	28	8
Standard_DS11...	2	1023	14	28	8

☐ Hide unsuitable virtual machine sizes

On the next screen, edit Azure VM IP settings, if necessary. Click **Next**.

Edit Azure Virtual Machine

Settings

Disk
Size
Settings
Summary

Configure optional features

A network interface enables an Azure Virtual Machine to communicate with internet, Azure, and on-premises resources

Address space: 10.1.0.0/24

☒ Dynamic private IP
☐ Static private IP
☒ Without public IP
☐ With public IP

DNS name label: LeafDNSLabel

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Review the summary and click **Finish**.

Edit Azure Virtual Machine

Summary

Disk
Size
Settings
Summary

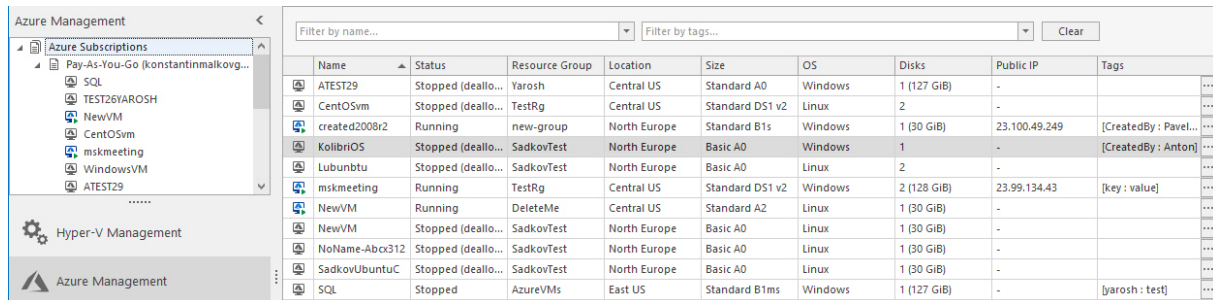
Summary

Detach disk Data 1 GB

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

7.8 Editing tags

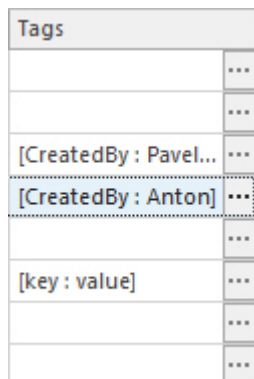
Tags, which are used in Microsoft Azure to categorize and logically order resources, can be edited using Acronis Cloud Manager GUI. To view and edit tags, select either the root branch of the object tree or the exact subscription to view Azure VM list:



The screenshot shows the Azure Management interface. On the left is a sidebar with a tree view under 'Azure Subscriptions' containing items like 'Pay-As-You-Go (konstantinmalkovg...', 'SQL', 'TEST26YAROSH', 'NewVM', 'CentOSvm', 'mskmeeting', 'WindowsVM', and 'ATEST29'. Below this are 'Hyper-V Management' and 'Azure Management' sections. The main area is a table of VMs with filters at the top. The table columns are: Name, Status, Resource Group, Location, Size, OS, Disks, Public IP, and Tags. The 'Tags' column contains values like '[CreatedBy: Pavel...]', '[CreatedBy: Anton]', and '[key : value]', along with ellipses indicating more tags.

Name	Status	Resource Group	Location	Size	OS	Disks	Public IP	Tags
ATEST29	Stopped (deallo...	Yarosh	Central US	Standard A0	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	-	...
CentOSvm	Stopped (deallo...	TestRg	Central US	Standard D51 v2	Linux	2	-	...
created2008r2	Running	new-group	North Europe	Standard B1s	Windows	1 (30 GiB)	23.100.49.249	[CreatedBy: Pavel...
KolibriOS	Stopped (deallo...	SadkovTest	North Europe	Basic A0	Windows	1	-	[CreatedBy: Anton]
Lubuntu	Stopped (deallo...	SadkovTest	North Europe	Basic A0	Linux	2	-	...
mskmeeting	Running	TestRg	Central US	Standard D51 v2	Windows	2 (128 GiB)	23.99.134.43	[key : value]
NewVM	Running	DeleteMe	Central US	Standard A2	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-	...
NewVM	Stopped (deallo...	SadkovTest	North Europe	Basic A0	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-	...
NoName-Abcx312	Stopped (deallo...	SadkovTest	North Europe	Basic A0	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-	...
SadkovUbuntuC	Stopped (deallo...	SadkovTest	North Europe	Basic A0	Linux	1 (30 GiB)	-	...
SQL	Stopped	AzureVMs	East US	Standard B1ms	Windows	1 (127 GiB)	-	[yarosh : test]

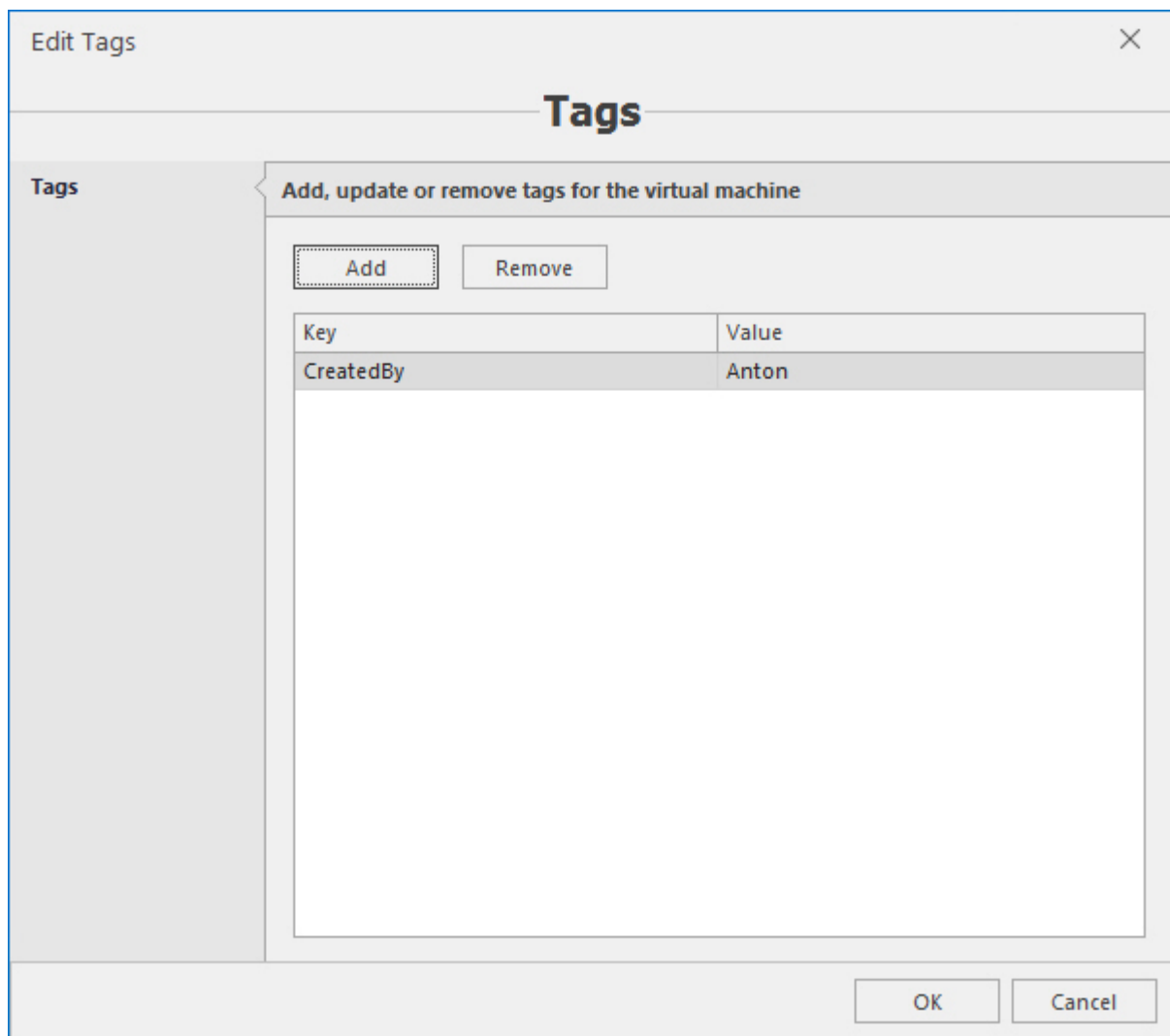
The **Tags** column shows tags for each object:



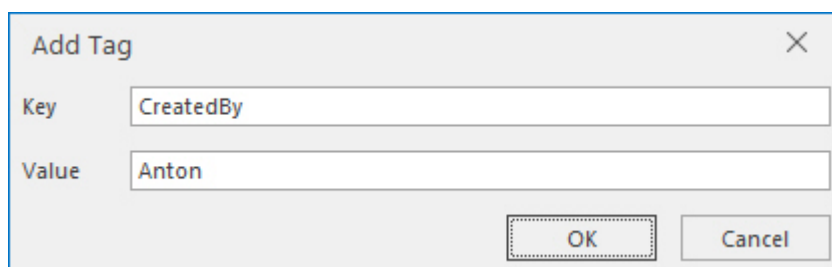
This table shows a detailed view of the 'Tags' column. It lists various tags such as '[CreatedBy: Pavel...]', '[CreatedBy: Anton]', and '[key : value]', each followed by an ellipsis (...) indicating that there are more tags for each object.

Tags
...
...
[CreatedBy: Pavel...
[CreatedBy: Anton]
...
[key : value]
...
...

Click the button located to the right from each row to open the **Edit tags** dialog:



To add the new tag, click the **Add** button and type in its parameters, and then click **OK**:



To remove the tag, select it and click the **Remove** button.

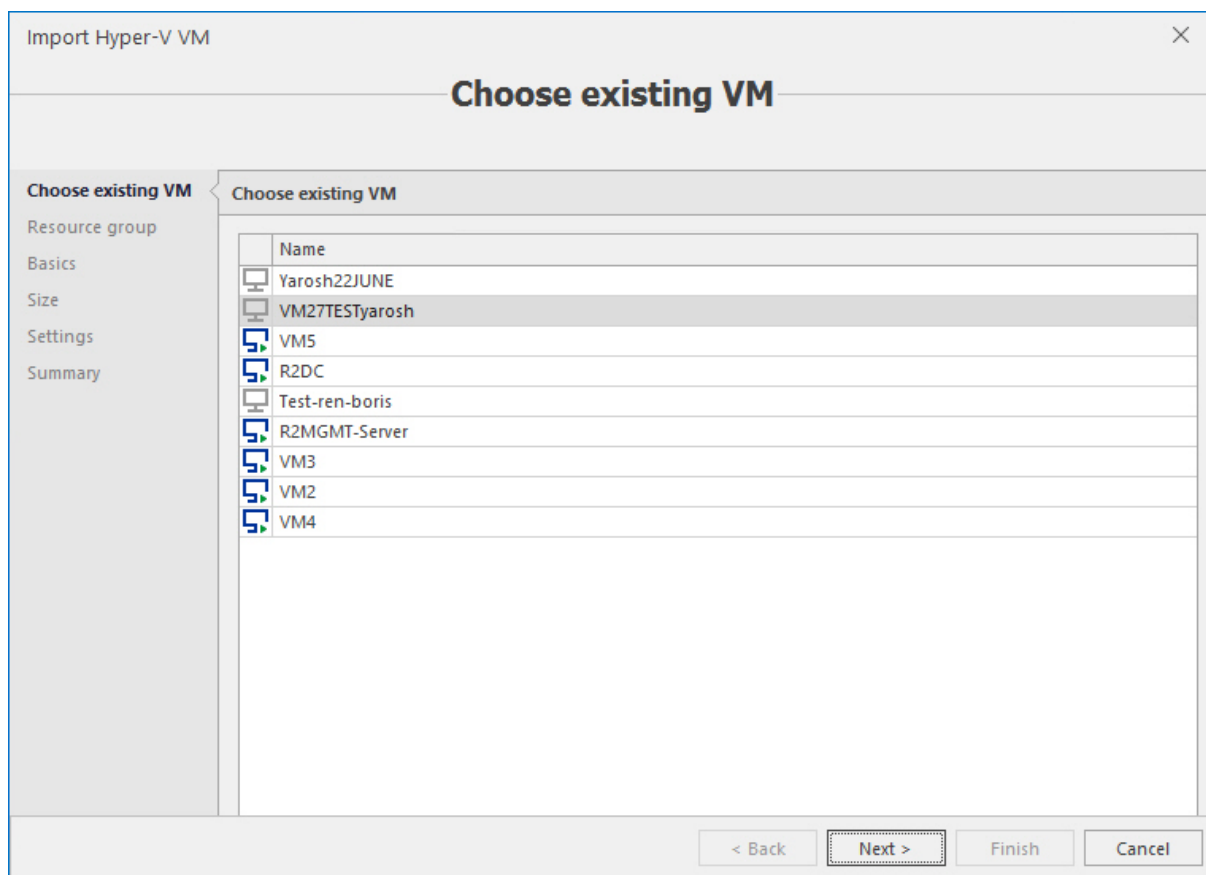
At the end, click **OK** in the **Edit tags** dialog to complete the operation.

7.9 Importing Hyper-V VM into Azure

Note

Only stopped VM can be imported into Microsoft Azure.

To import Hyper-V VM into Azure, select it, make sure it is in stopped state, and then click the **Import Hyper-V VM** button on the main ribbon. The **Import Hyper-V VM** wizard will be opened:



On the first screen, select VM that needs to be imported into Microsoft Azure. Click **Next**.

On the next screen, select resource group, location and storage account. To create the new resource group, click the **Create** button to the right from the **Resource group** field:

Enter the name for the new resource group and select the location. Click **OK**. Click **Next** in the main window.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Import Hyper-V VM" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "Basics". On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing "Choose existing VM", "Resource group", "Basics" (selected), "Size", "Settings", and "Summary". The main area is titled "Set basic settings" and contains four input fields: "Name" with the value "VM2", "User name:" with the value "UserName", "Password:", and "Confrim password:". At the bottom right are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

Set basic settings	
Name	VM2
User name:	UserName
Password:	
Confrim password:	

On the next screen, edit the name for virtual machine as it will appear in Microsoft Azure. Only this parameter can be edited. Click **Next**.

Import Hyper-V VM

Size

Choose existing VM

Resource group

Basics

Size

Settings

Summary

Choose virtual machine size

Drag a column header here to group by that column

Name	vCPU	OS disk size, GiB	Memory, GiB	Resource disk s...	Max data disks
Standard_A2	2	1023	3.5	135	4
Standard_A3	4	1023	7	285	8
Standard_A5	2	1023	14	135	4
Standard_A4	8	1023	14	605	16
Standard_A6	4	1023	28	285	8
Standard_A7	8	1023	56	605	16
Basic_A2	2	1023	3.5	60	4
Basic_A3	4	1023	7	120	8
Basic_A4	8	1023	14	240	16
Standard_D1	1	1023	3.5	50	4
Standard_D2	2	1023	7	100	8
Standard_D3	4	1023	14	200	16
Standard_D4	8	1023	28	400	32
Standard_D11	2	1023	14	100	8
Standard_D12	4	1023	28	200	16

☒ Hide unsuitable virtual machine sizes

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Select size for VM. Click **Next**.

Import Hyper-V VM

Settings

Choose existing VM

Resource group

Basics

Size

Settings

Summary

Configure optional features

A network interface enables an Azure Virtual Machine to communicate with internet, Azure, and on-premises resources

Address space: 10.1.0.0/24

☒ Dynamic private IP
 ☐ Static private IP

☒ Without public IP
 ☐ With public IP

DNS name label: LeafDNSLabel

Upload speed limit in Kb/s (0 - if none): 1024

☐ Windows
 ☒ Linux

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Configure the following settings for VM:

- IP addresses;
- Upload speed limit in Kb/s (0 – if none);
- Guest OS type.

Click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Import Hyper-V VM' wizard in the Azure portal. The window title is 'Import Hyper-V VM'. The main heading is 'Summary'. On the left, there is a sidebar with the following options: 'Choose existing VM', 'Resource group', 'Basics', 'Size', 'Settings', and 'Summary'. The 'Summary' option is selected. The main content area displays the following information:

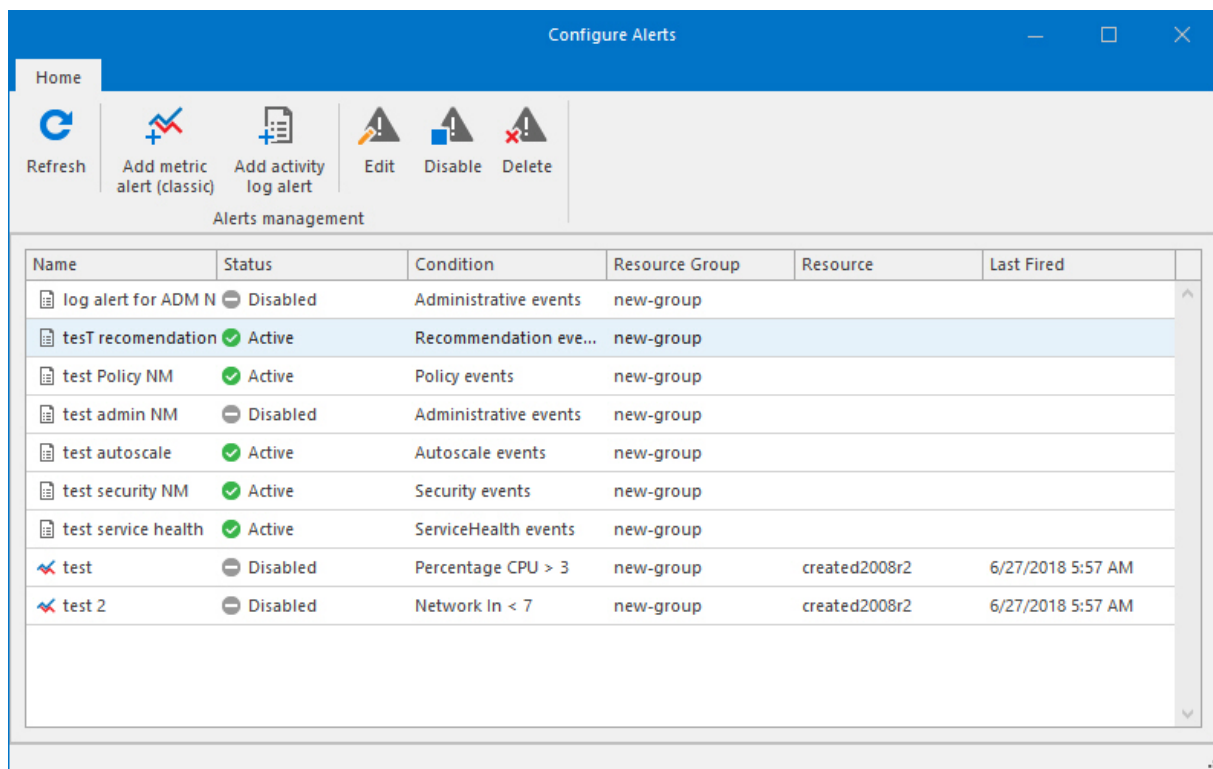
Azure import VM settings:
Azure virtual machine: VM2
From Hyper-V virtual machine: VM27TESTyarosh
Location: westeurope
ResourceGroup: cloud-shell-storage-westeurope
Size: Standard_F1s
UserName: UserName
Password:
AddressSpace: 10.1.0.0/24
IsDynamicPrivate: True
Privateltp:
IsWithoutPublic: True
LeafDNSLabel: LeafDNSLabel
OS: Linux
Disks:
Hard Drive on SCSI controller number 0 at location 0 (129 Gb)
Hard Drive on SCSI controller number 0 at location 1 (6 Gb)
Hard Drive on SCSI controller number 0 at location 2 (4 Gb)
Max upload speed 1024 Kb/s
Estimate upload time: 00:00:12

At the bottom right, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish' (which is highlighted with a dashed border), and 'Cancel'.

Review the summary and click **Finish**.

7.10 Configuring Azure monitoring alerts

To configure Azure monitoring alerts, click the **Configure alerts** button on the main ribbon.



There are two types of alerts – metric alert (classic) and activity log alert. Metric alerts contain numerical data, such as, CPU percentage, disk write/read operations in bytes and sec, network performance etc. Activity log alerts contain information about various services, security issues and actions.

7.10.1 Configuring metric alerts

To add metric alert, click the **Add metric alert (classic)** button on the main ribbon. The **Add metric alert (classic)** wizard will be opened:

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add Metric Alert (classic)" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "General". On the left is a sidebar with three items: "General" (selected), "Criteria", and "Notify Via". The main area of the dialog is divided into two sections. The top section is labeled "General" and contains a required field "* Name:" with a text input box containing "Metric 1 CPU" and a clear button (X). Below this is a "Description:" label followed by a large, empty text area. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

On the **General** screen type the name and description (if necessary) and click **Next**.

Add Metric Alert (classic)

Criteria

General
Criteria
Notify Via

* Resource group:
AzureVMs

* Resource:
SQL

* Metric:
Percentage CPU

Condition:
Greater than

* Threshold:
1

Period:
Over the last 5 minutes

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

On the next screen, specify the criteria for the alert – resource group, resource, metric, condition, threshold and period. Click **Next**.

Add Metric Alert (classic) [X]

Notify Via

General
Criteria
Notify Via

Notify Via

☒ Email owners, contributors, and readers

Additional administrator email(s):

email1@azuremonitoring.com [X]

Webhook:

https://azuremonitoring.com/monitor/bce35g67-9908-6t3y-j885-a1abebe9d38a&wa=ws [X]

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

On the last screen determine, whether and who should be notified – email owners, contributors and readers associated with Microsoft Azure subscription and/or additional email addresses, and/or specific http/https endpoint, where the alerts should be sent. Click **Finish**.

To edit the metric alert, select it in the **Configure alerts** window and click the **Edit** button on the main ribbon. Then repeat the same actions as when adding the alert – edit alert settings as required. To remove the metric alert, select it in the **Configure alerts** window and click the **Delete** button on the main ribbon.

7.10.2 Configuring activity log alert

To add activity log alert, click the **Add activity log alert** button on the main ribbon. The **Add activity log alert** wizard will be opened:

Add Activity Log Alert ✕

General

General
Criteria
Alert Via

General

*** Activity log alert name:**
Activity log alerts are Azure Resource Manager resources. Your alert's name must be unique within the Resource Group it is associated with.

✕

Description:
A description to describe the purpose of the alert.

*** Subscription:**
The Subscription in which the alert will be saved.

▼

*** Resource group:**
The Resource Group the alert will be associated with.

▼

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

On the **General** screen, specify the following parameters – activity log alert name, description (if necessary), Microsoft Azure subscription and resource group. Click **Next**.

Add Activity Log Alert

Criteria

General
Criteria
Alert Via

* Event category:
Events in the Activity Logs are assigned to categories. Choose which category of events the alert will evaluate as part of its criteria.
Security

The properties of Security events this alert will monitor.

* Resource type:
Action groups (Microsoft.Insights/ActionGroups)

* Resource group:
AzureVMs

* Resource:
All

* Operation name:
Action group write (ActionGroups)

* Level:
All

* Status:
All

Event initiated by:
Azure Admin

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

On the next screen, specify criteria for the activity log alert. Events in the activity logs are assigned to categories. First, select the required category, then select properties. The **All** value that is set by default will include all values in each property. Also, you may type the name or another ID of the person who created the alert, if required. Click **Next**.

Add Activity Log Alert

Alert Via

General
Criteria
Alert Via

Alert Via

Action group:

New
Existing

* Action group name:
Azure Security Alerts

* Action short name:
AzureSec

Actions:

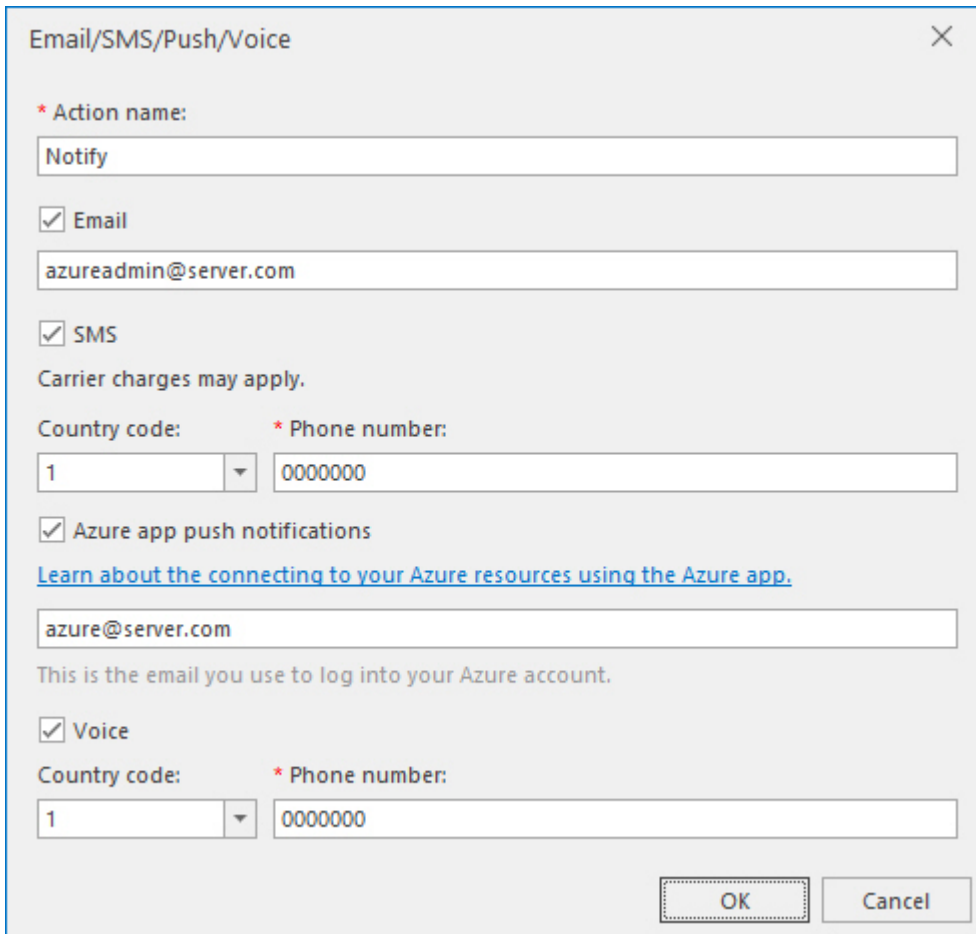
Action Name	Action Type	
Notify	Email/SMS/Push/Voice	Details...

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

On the last screen, specify notification actions associated with the alert. You can configure the new group or select the existing one.

To configure the new notification action group, stay on the **New** tab and enter full and short name for the new group. Then specify action name and type.

Click on **Details** link. The following dialog will be opened:



Email/SMS/Push/Voice [X]

* Action name:

☒ Email

☒ SMS
 Carrier charges may apply.
 Country code: * Phone number:

☒ Azure app push notifications
[Learn about the connecting to your Azure resources using the Azure app.](#)


 This is the email you use to log into your Azure account.

☒ Voice
 Country code: * Phone number:

OK Cancel

Fill up the parameters for notification methods as required – email, SMS, push and/or voice. Click **OK**. You may add several actions into the new group.

To select the existing action group, move to the **Existing** tab:



Action group:

New Existing

* Action group:

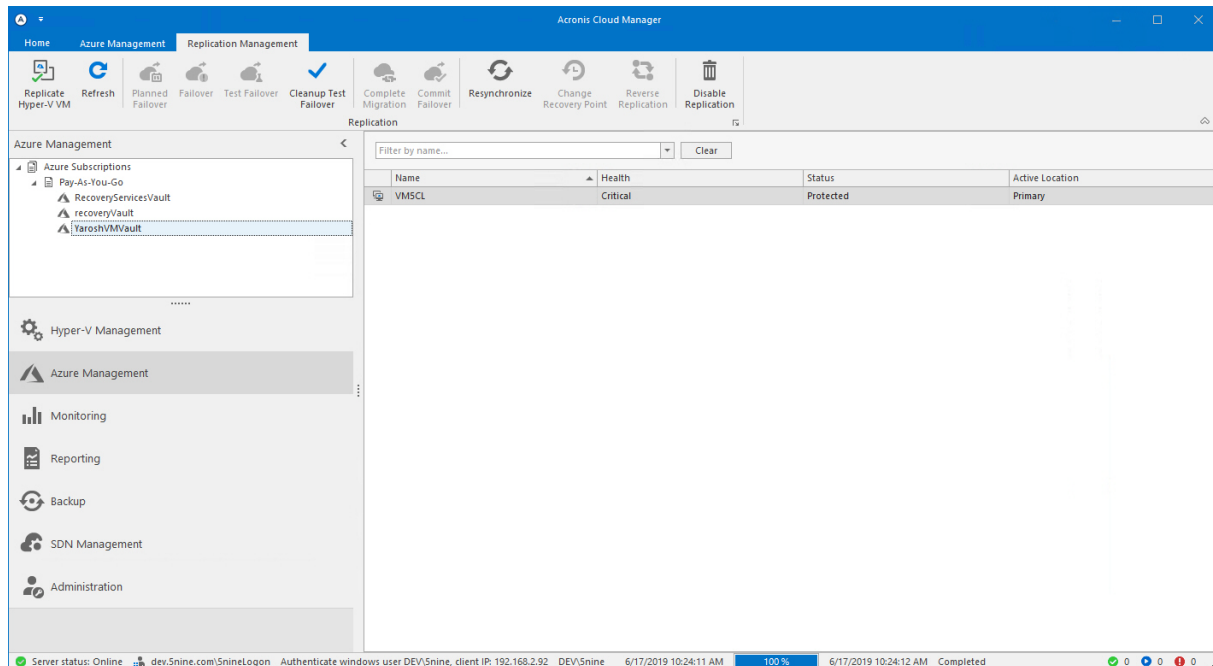
Select the required action group from the drop-down box.

Click **Finish** on the wizard when you complete the operation to add the new activity log alert.

To edit the activity log alert, select it in the **Configure alerts** window and click the **Edit** button on the main ribbon. Then repeat the same actions as when adding the alert – edit alert settings as required. To remove the activity log alert, select it in the **Configure alerts** window and click the **Delete** button on the main ribbon.

7.11 Hyper-V VM replication into Azure

The **Azure management** plugin provides ability to replicate Hyper-V VMs into Azure, which acts as a replica server instead of the other Hyper-V server since that happens in the Hyper-V replication environment. This Acronis Cloud Manager feature is managed on the **Replication management** tab:



To start Hyper-V VM replication into Azure, first select the subscription to which VM will be replicated. To be able to start replication into Azure using Acronis Cloud Manager, the recovery vault with all necessary parameters must be configured on Azure portal for the selected subscription.

Click the **Replicate Hyper-V VM** button on the main ribbon.

Configure replication parameters:

The screenshot shows a window titled "Replicate Hyper-V VM" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "Source". On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing "Source" (selected), "Target", "Virtual Machines", "Properties", and "Replication Settings". The main area is titled "Select your source environment" and contains two dropdown menus: "Recovery vault:" with the value "YaroshVMVault" and "Hyper-V site:" with the value "YaroshHyperVSite". At the bottom right are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >", "Finish", and "Cancel".

Select the recovery vault and Hyper-V site. These parameters must be configured on Azure portal in advance. Click **Next**.

Replicate Hyper-V VM

Target

Source

Target

Virtual Machines

Properties

Replication Settings

Select your target settings for recovery

Storage account: yaroshstorage

☒ Configure Azure network settings now

Virtual network: vnet0c1193779a82

Subnet: subnet1

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Configure the target settings for recovery – storage account, virtual network and subnet. Click **Next**.

Replicate Hyper-V VM

Virtual Machines

Source

Target

Virtual Machines

Properties

Replication Settings

Select virtual machines you want to replicate

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Generation
<input type="checkbox"/>	VM3	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	VMstaticMEM	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	VM4CL	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	VM4	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	VM5CL	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	DiffVM	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	R2DC	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	VM5	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	R2MGMT-Server	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	VM2	2

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Select virtual machines for replication. Click **Next**.

Replicate Hyper-V VM

Properties

Source

Target

Virtual Machines

Properties

Replication Settings

Configure properties for selected virtual machines

Default OS type: Windows

Name	OS Type	OS Disk
VM5CL	Windows	Microsoft.Azure.Manageme...

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Select the operating system of the VM (Windows/Linux). Click **Next**.

Replicate Hyper-V VM

Replication Settings

Source
Target
Virtual Machines
Properties
Replication Settings

Configure replication settings

Frequency at which changes will be sent to the Replica server: 5 minutes

Coverage provided by additional recovery points (in hours): 2

App-consistent snapshot frequency (in hours): 1

Initial replication start time:

☒ Start replication immediately
☐ Start replication on: 11:00 AM

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Configure the general replication settings:

- Frequency to send changes to the Replica server (Azure).
- Coverage period in hours, which additional recovery points provide.
- Application-consistent snapshot frequency in hours.
- Replication start time: immediately upon completing the replication configuration wizard or deferred start (at which moment in the future).

Click **Finish** to save replication configuration settings and start replication in accordance with the configured schedule.

Other replication operations available: failover, test failover, planned failover, commit failover, complete migration, resynchronize, change recovery point, reverse replication. Disabling replication into Azure will erase the replicated VM from Azure and, if configured, stop the replication on the VM:

Disable Replication

✕

☒ Disable replication and remove (Recommended)

This will remove the replicated item from Azure Site Recovery and the replication for the machine will stop. Replication configuration on source will be cleaned up automatically. Site Recovery billing for the machine will stop.

☐ Remove

This will remove the replicated item from Azure Site Recovery. Replication configuration on source will not be cleaned up. Use this option only if the source environment is deleted or not accessible.

OK

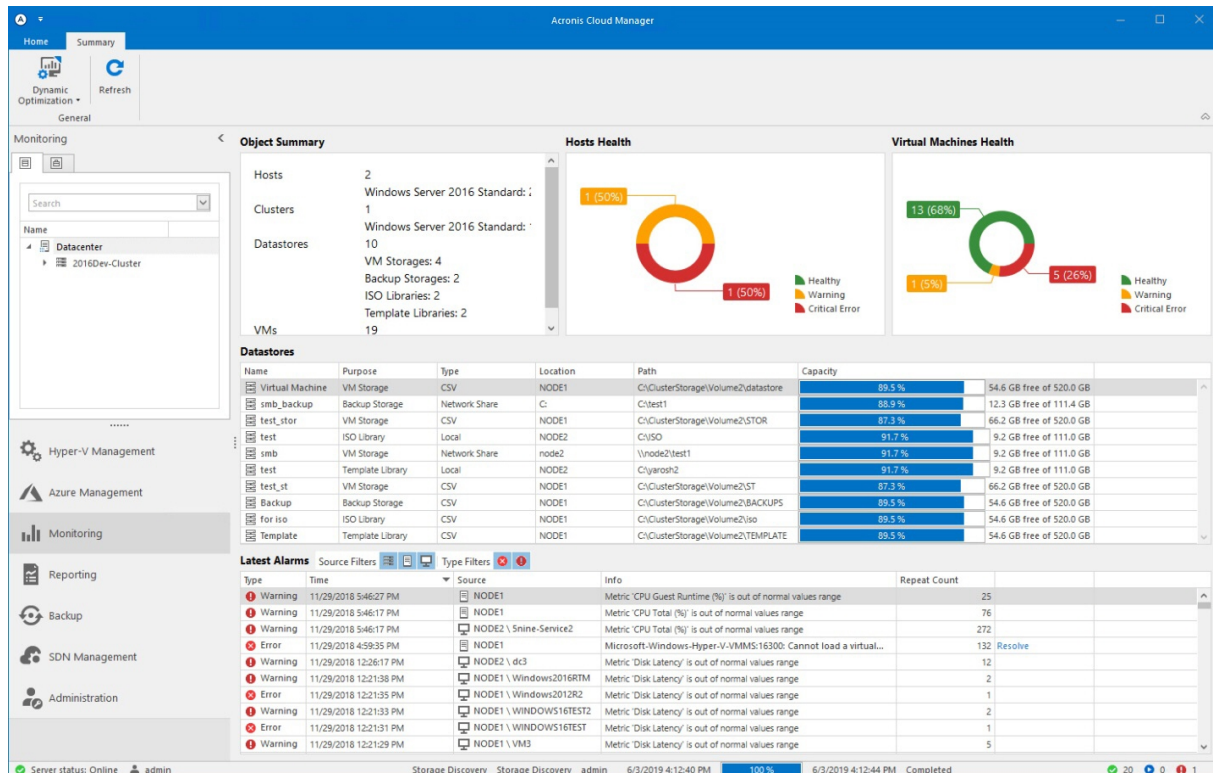
Cancel

8 Hyper-V monitoring

Acronis Cloud Manager provides basic capabilities for cluster, host and VM monitoring. The **Datacenter** view provides consolidated data for the entire environment.

8.1 Datacenter monitoring

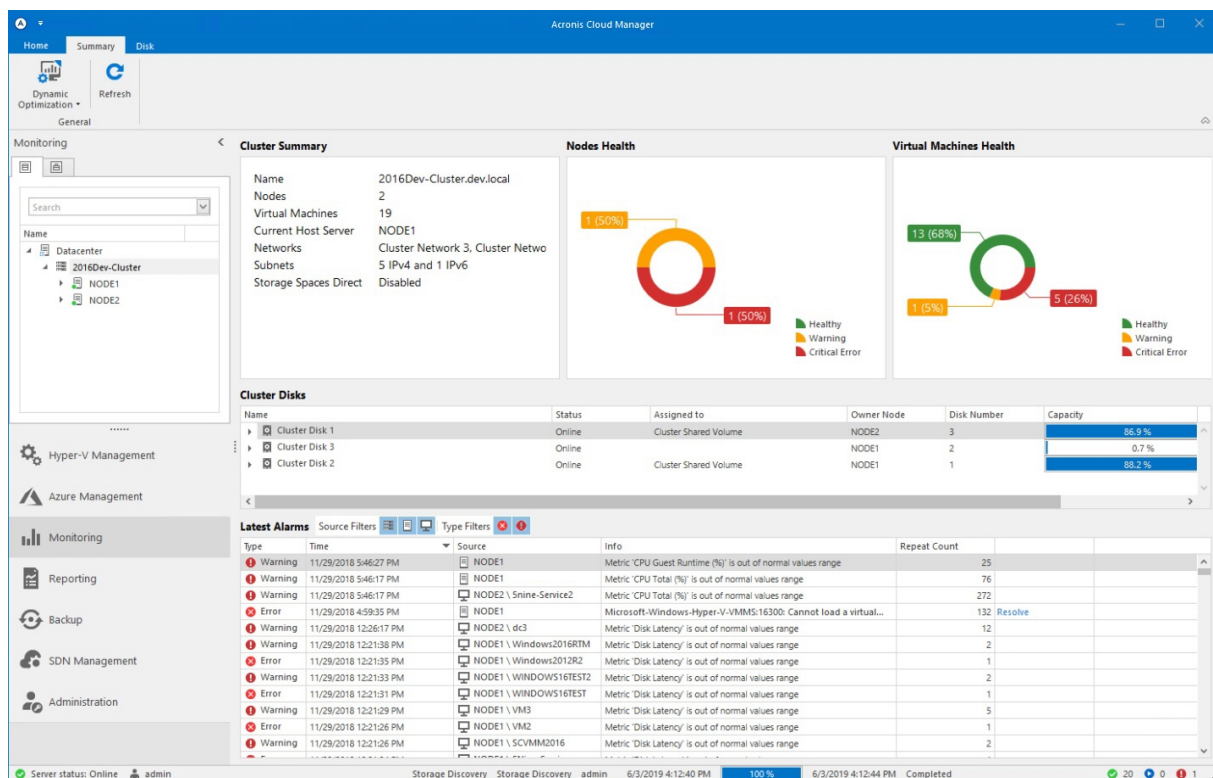
Datacenter monitoring contains consolidated data for all managed objects – clusters, hosts and virtual machines. It also displays datastore information and the list of latest alarms.



8.2 Cluster monitoring

Cluster monitoring has the following tabs containing information about cluster performance indicators:

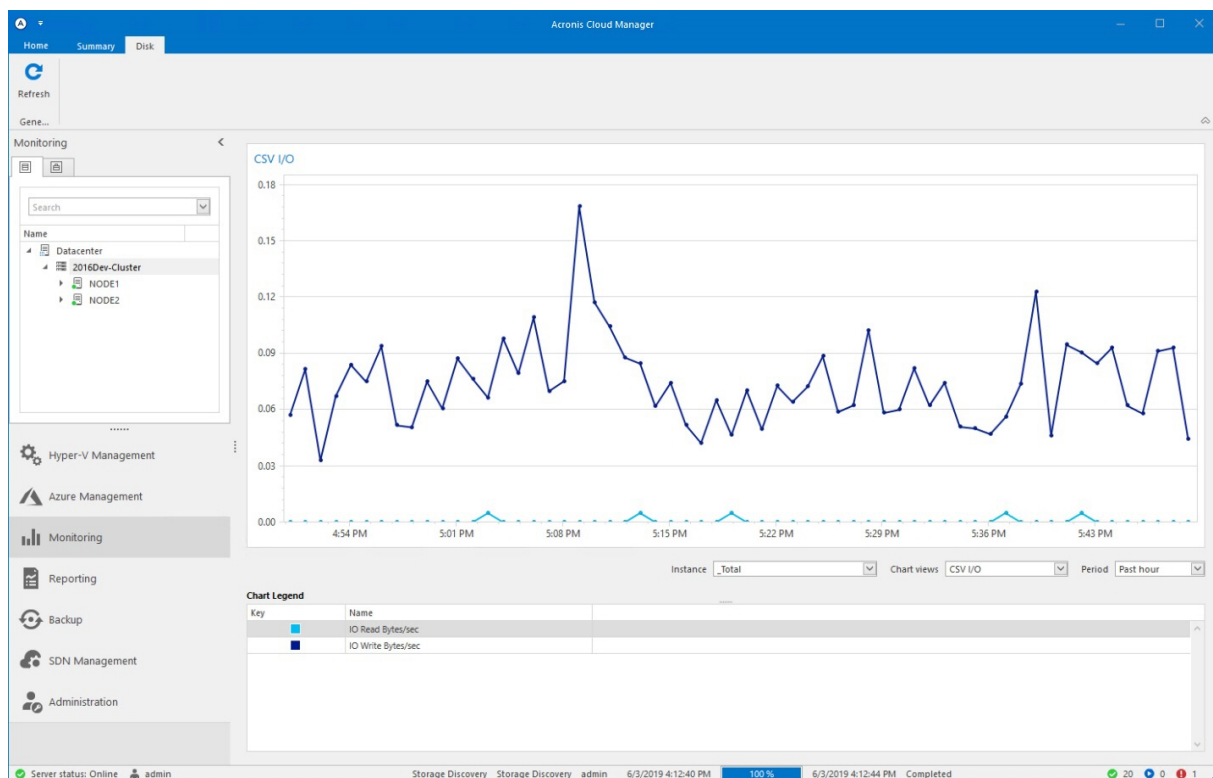
- **Summary.**
- **Disk.**



Note

Summary contains consolidated data for the cluster, overall nodes health diagram, overall VMs health diagram, cluster disks info and the list of latest alarms.

The **Disk** tab shows detailed diagram for CSV volumes I/O and historical data.

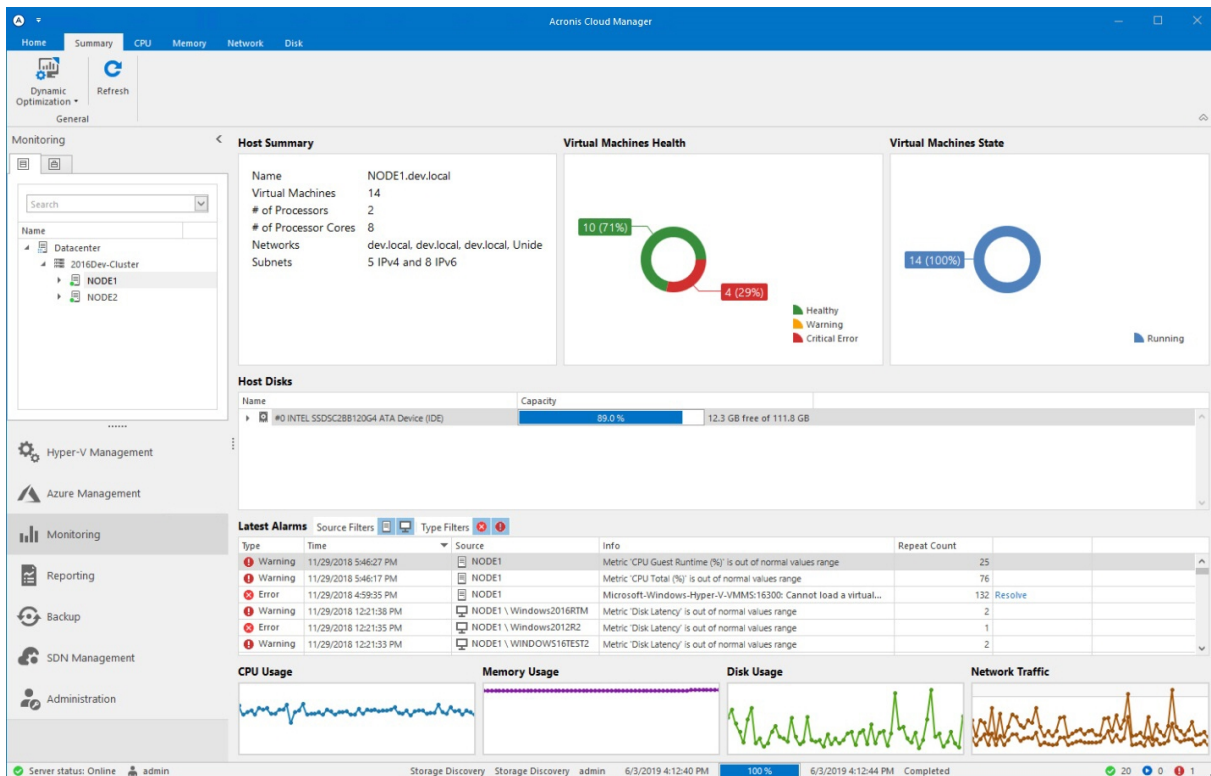


8.3 Host monitoring

Host monitoring has the following tabs containing information about host performance indicators:

- **Summary.**
- **CPU.**
- **Memory.**
- **Network.**
- **Disk.**

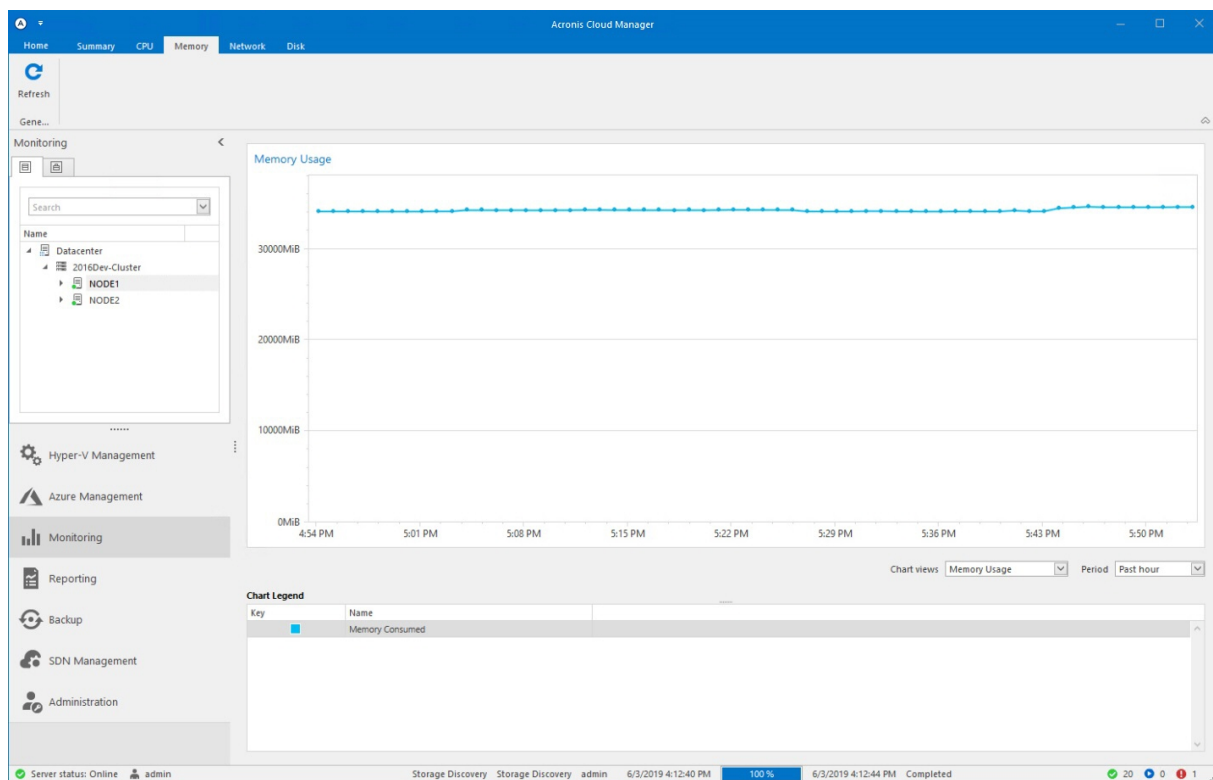
The **Summary** tab contains consolidated host information, VM states and health diagrams, host disks information, CPU total usage (%), memory consumption (Mb), disk read/write speed (MB/sec) and network in/out traffic (MB/sec) and the list of latest alarms.



Note

CPU, Memory, Network and **Disk** tabs show more indicators and historical data for the host.

E.g., the **Memory** tab displays the detailed information about the host memory consumption:

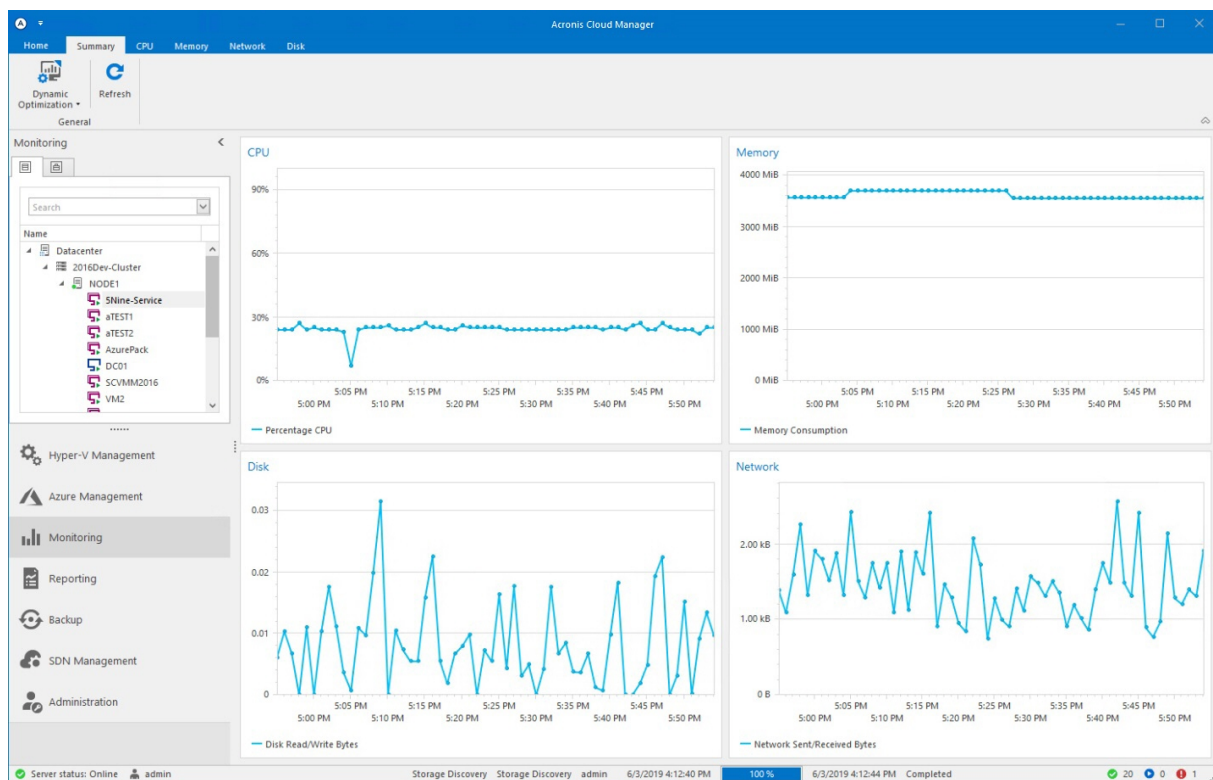


8.4 VM monitoring

VM monitoring has the following tabs containing information about VM performance indicators:

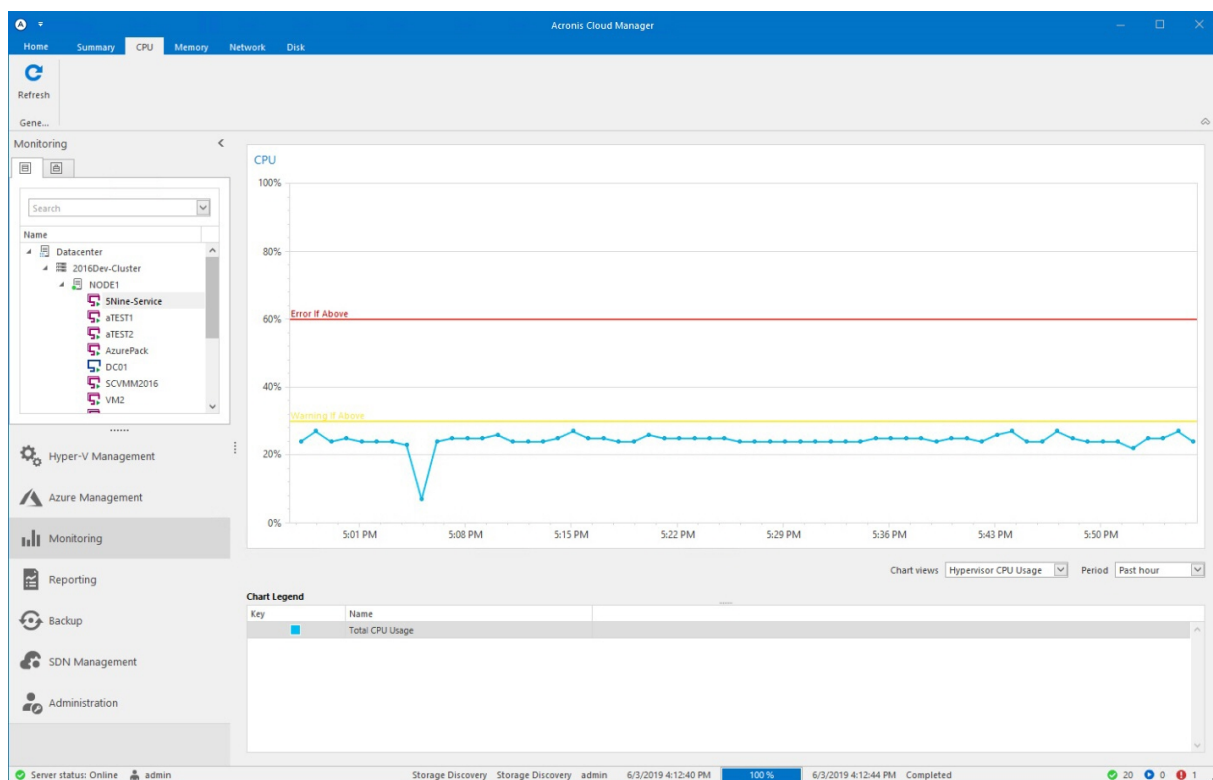
- **Summary.**
- **CPU.**
- **Memory.**
- **Network.**
- **Disk.**

The **Summary** tab contains VM CPU total usage (%), memory consumption (Mb), disk read/write speed (MB/sec) and network in/out traffic (MB/sec).



Note

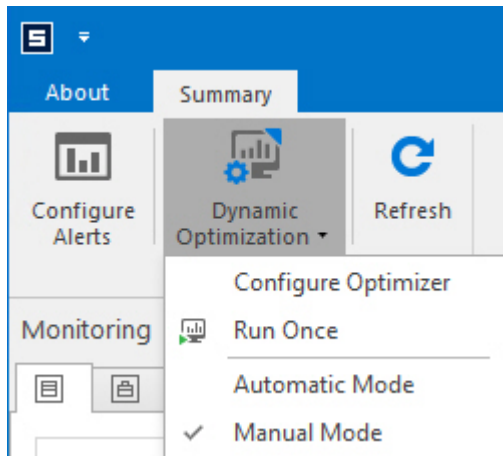
CPU, Memory, Network and Disk tabs show more indicators and historical data for the VM.



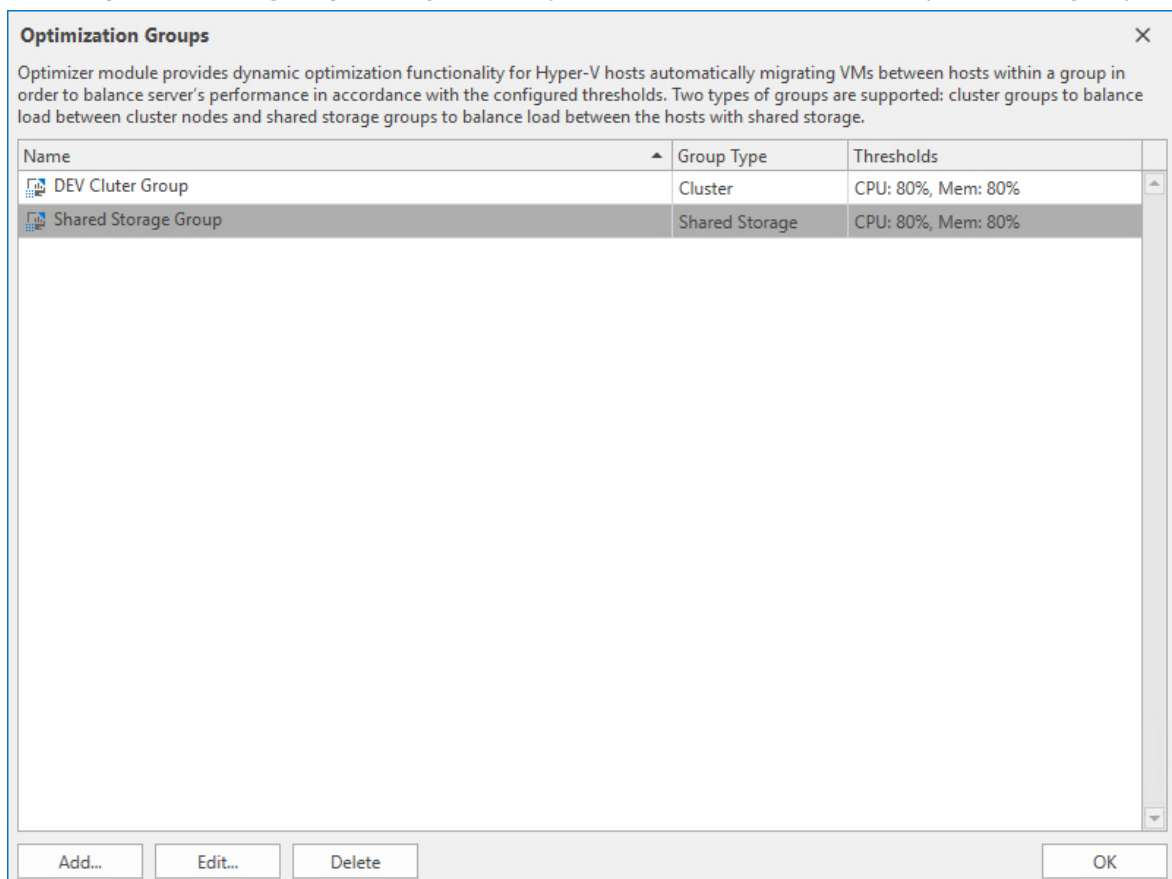
8.5 Optimizer

Optimizer is an active part of Acronis Cloud Manager monitoring feature. It provides dynamic optimization for Hyper-V servers' VM load based on the configured parameters and each server's performance. Selected VMs will be dynamically migrated to a less loaded Hyper-V host (cluster node) in accordance with the configured thresholds.

1. To configure optimizer, click the **Dynamic optimization – Configure optimizer** menu item on the main ribbon of the **Monitoring** plugin screen:



2. In the **Optimization groups** dialog window, you can add, edit and remove optimization groups.



3. To add the new group, click **Add** to open the **Create optimization group** wizard.
4. Set the optimization group parameters: specify group name and choose the group type:

The screenshot shows a window titled "Create Optimization Group" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main heading is "General". On the left, there is a sidebar with two items: "General" (selected) and "Resource Thresholds". The main content area is titled "General" and contains the following fields and options:

- A text prompt: "Specify the name of the optimization group."
- A text input field labeled "Name:" containing the text "DEV Cluter Group".
- A text prompt: "What type of optimization group do you want to create?"
- Two radio button options:
 - Cluster group** (selected): This type of optimization group is only suitable for nodes of a single cluster. It allows for Live and Quick Migration of the clustered virtual machines.
 - Shared datastore group**: This type of optimization group aggregates the hosts with virtual machines residing on a single shared datastore.
- A dropdown menu labeled "Cluster:" with the selected value "2016Dev-Cluster".

At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a dashed border), "Finish", and "Cancel".

If the **Cluster group** type is selected, then choose the available cluster from the drop-down box.

If the **Shared datastore group** type is selected, then you will need to choose the datastore on the next screen:

Create Optimization Group

Shared Datastore

General

Shared Datastore

Resource Thresholds

Specify the shared datastore designated to store virtual machines.

Shared datastore:

Select hosts to include to the optimization group (minimum 2).

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NODE1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NODE2

- Set the resource thresholds for Hyper-V server's CPU and memory consumption:

Create Optimization Group

Resource Thresholds

General

Resource Thresholds

Specify the thresholds of performance counters for the optimization group. When a value is exceeded and also a less loaded host is found, the migration is initiated.

CPU Total Run Time:

Memory Used:

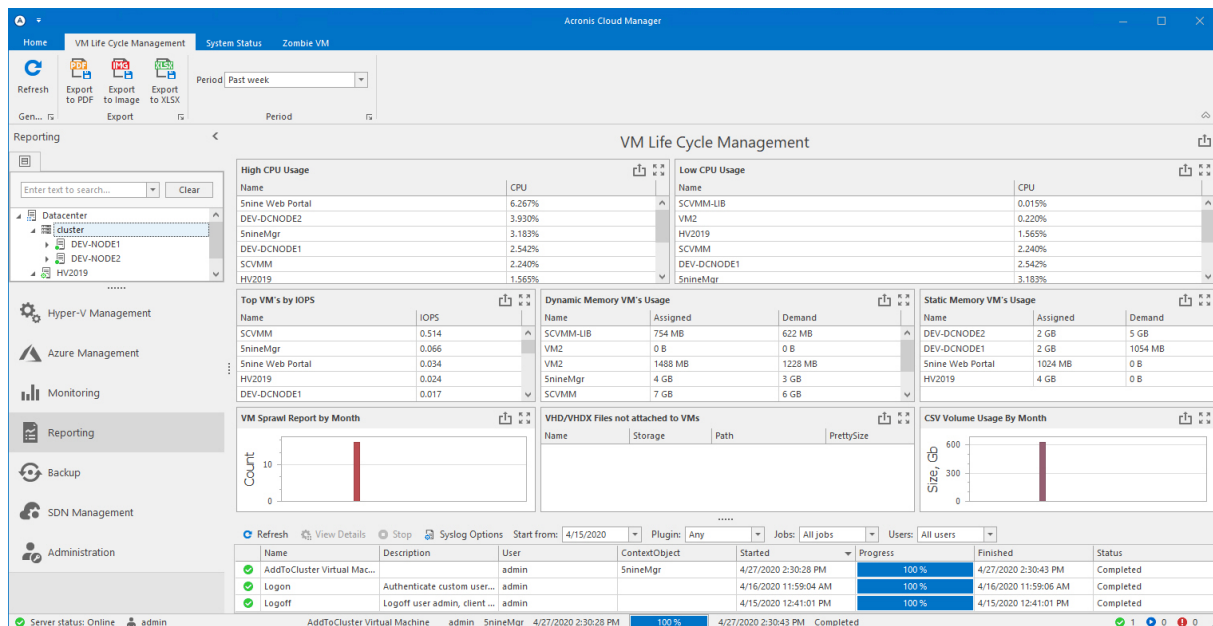
6. Click **Finish** when complete.
7. To choose automatic or manual optimizer mode, select the corresponding option in the **Dynamic optimization** menu on the main ribbon.
8. To run the optimizer once, click the **Run once** item in the **Dynamic optimization** menu on the main ribbon.

9 Reporting

The Acronis Cloud Manager **Reporting** plugin is designed to provide consolidated data about virtual machines. It consists of three tabs – **VM life cycle management**, **System status** and **Zombie VM**.

9.1 VM life cycle management

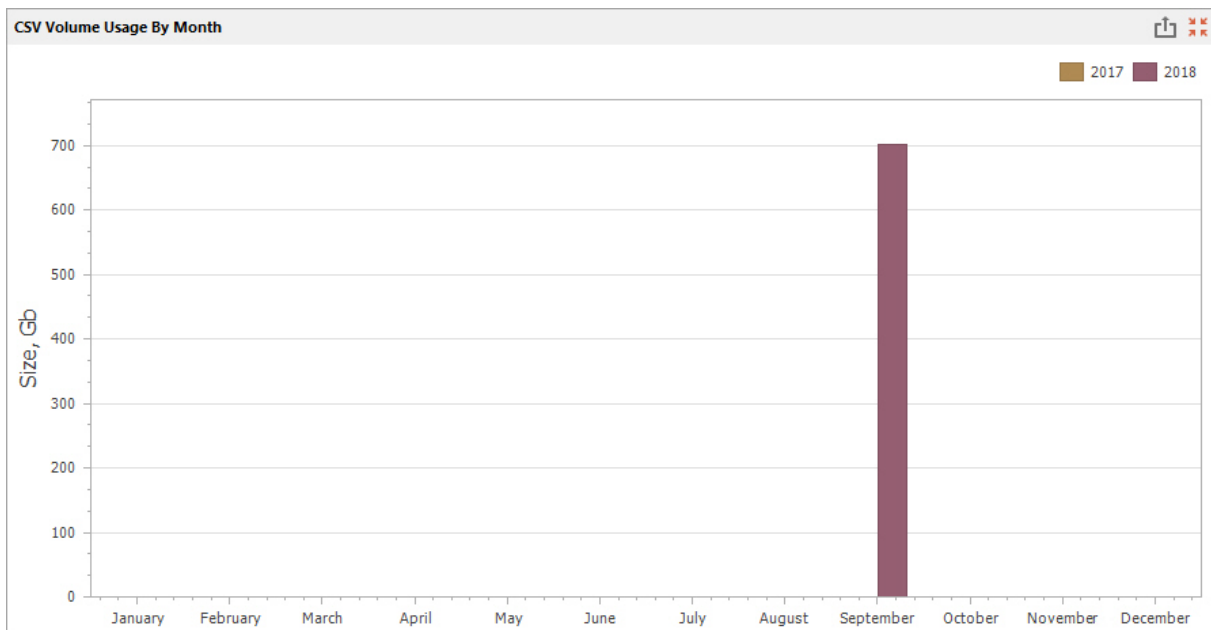
The **VM life cycle management** tab contains consolidated information about various resources utilization by virtual machines during the last week, last month or a period, specified by user.



The **VM life cycle management** tab represents the following data:

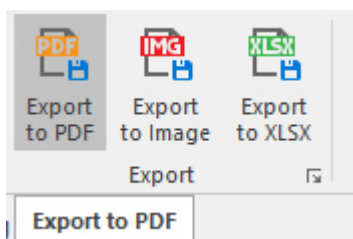
- High CPU usage;
- Low CPU usage;
- Top VMs by IOPS;
- Dynamic memory usage;
- Static memory usage;
- VM sprawl report;
- VHD/VHDX files not attached to VMs;
- CSV volume usage.

Each section can be maximized to the full window size:

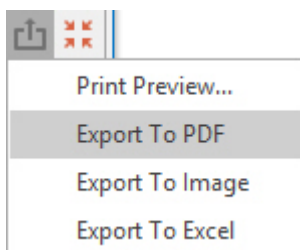


The whole report or just any single separate section (as needed) can be exported into different output formats – PDF file, PNG image, XLSX document or printed and print-previewed:

- By usage of the corresponding main ribbon buttons (for the whole report);



- By usage of the upper-right buttons for both whole report and a single section.



9.2 System status

The **System status** tab contains system status report in the table view. There are different parameters of Hyper-V hosts and virtual machines configuration – CPU, memory, physical/virtual disks, checkpoints and replication data.

The screenshot shows the Acronis Cloud Manager interface. The 'System Status' tab is active. The main report area displays the following data:

Total Running	Total Stopped	Total Saved	Total Paused	Total Clustered	Total Critical	Total Warning
9	8	0	0	8	0	0

HOST NAME: DEV-NODE1
OS NAME: Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter

Running	Stopped	Saved	Paused	Clustered	Critical	Warning
6	7	0	0	7	0	0

Host Configuration

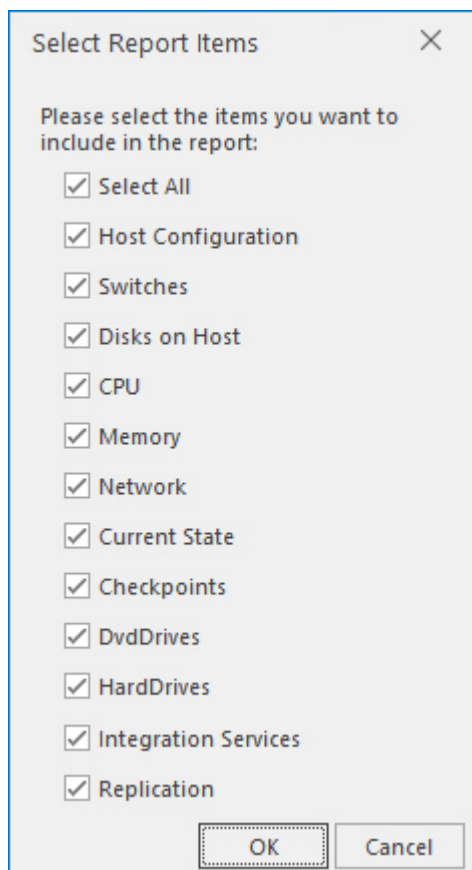
Cpu Usage	Free Memory	State	Number Of Cores	OS Version	Agent Version
30%	12.4 GB	OK	8	10.0.17763	4.0.20105.1

Switches

Name	Description	User	ContextObject	Started	Progress	Finished	Status
AddToCluster Vir...		admin	SnineMgr	4/27/2020 2:30:2...	100 %	4/27/2020 2:30:4...	Completed
Logon	Authenticate cus...	admin		4/16/2020 11:59:...	100 %	4/16/2020 11:59:...	Completed
Logoff	Logoff user admi...	admin		4/15/2020 12:41:...	100 %	4/15/2020 12:41:...	Completed

Server status: Online | adminAddToCluster Virtual Machine | admin | SnineMgr | 4/27/2020 2:30:28 PM | 100% | 4/27/2020 2:30:43 PM | Completed | 1 | 0 | 0

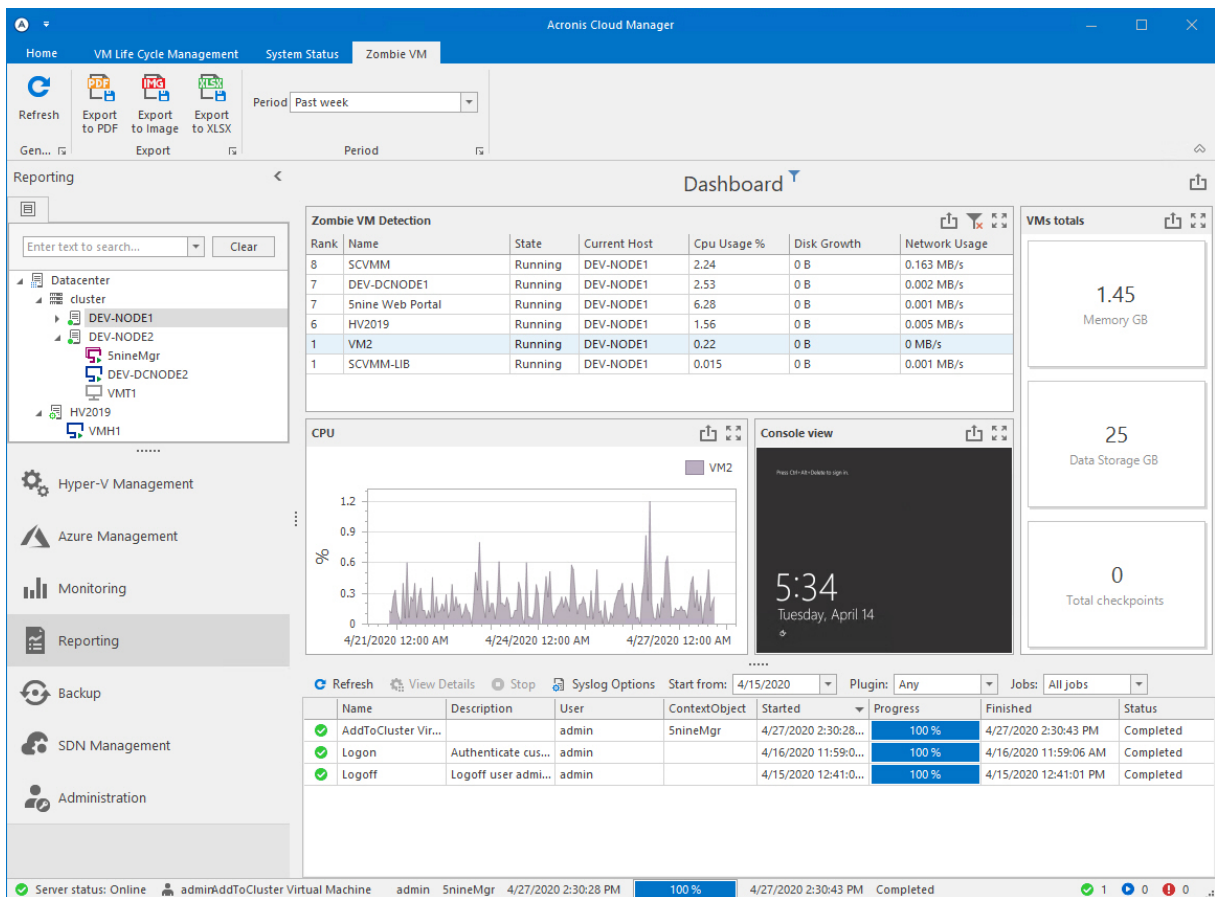
To generate system status report, after opening the System Status tab, click the Refresh button on the main ribbon and then select sections to show in the report:



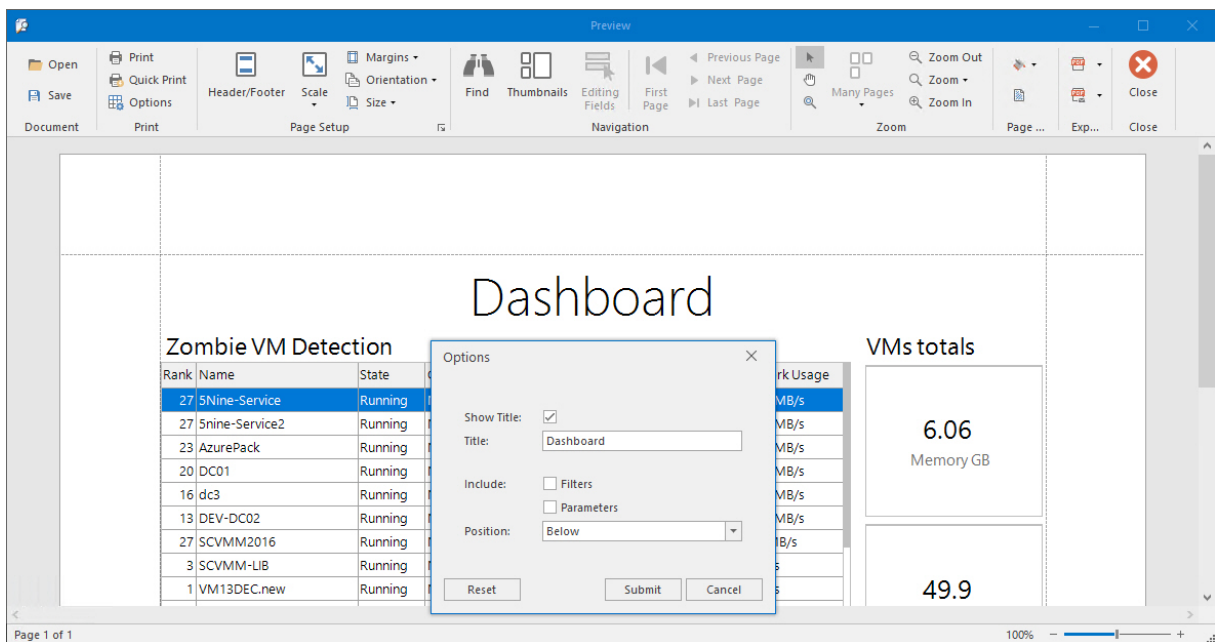
To export the report to pdf file, click “Export to PDF” button on the main ribbon.

9.3 Zombie VM

The **Zombie VM** tab displays all VMs by rank to identify VMs with very low CPU usage, network performance and virtual disk growth.



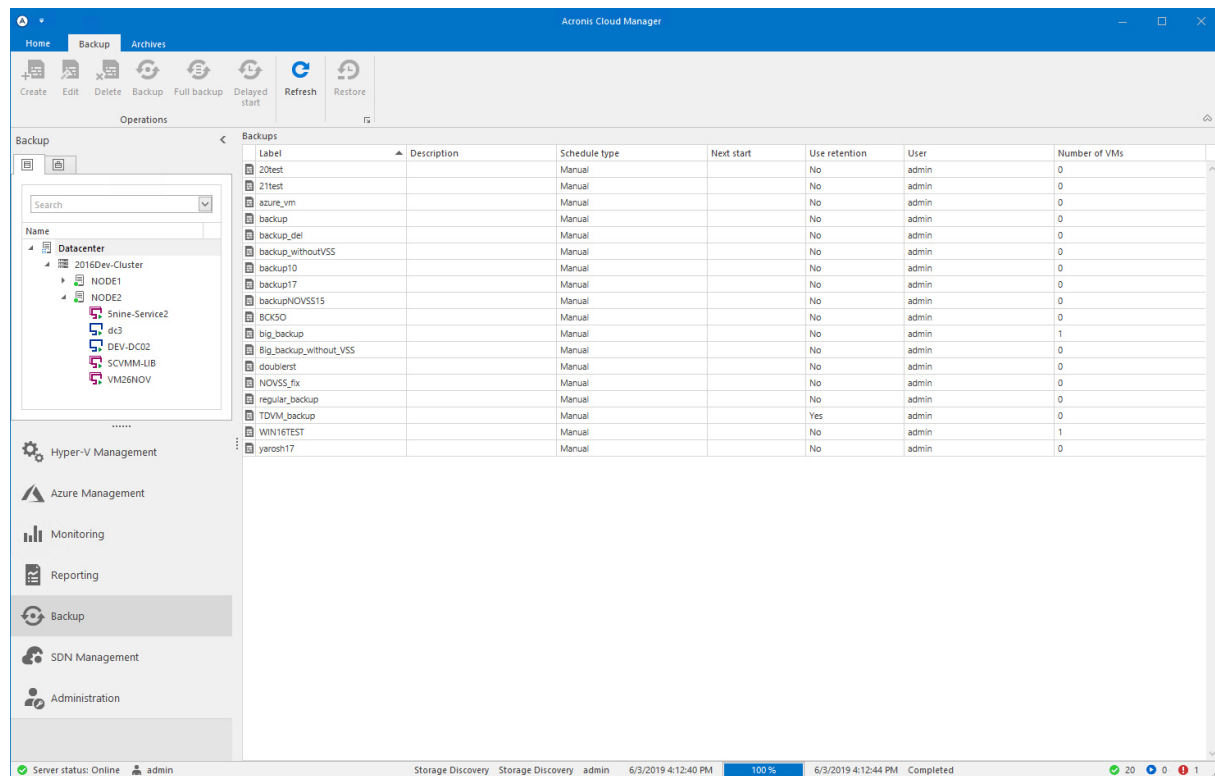
Any section can be exported into different output formats – PDF file, PNG image or XLSX document. Use the corresponding buttons on the main ribbon or the subsequent upper-right commands on each block. They also can be printed and print-previewed:



10 Hyper-V backup and restore

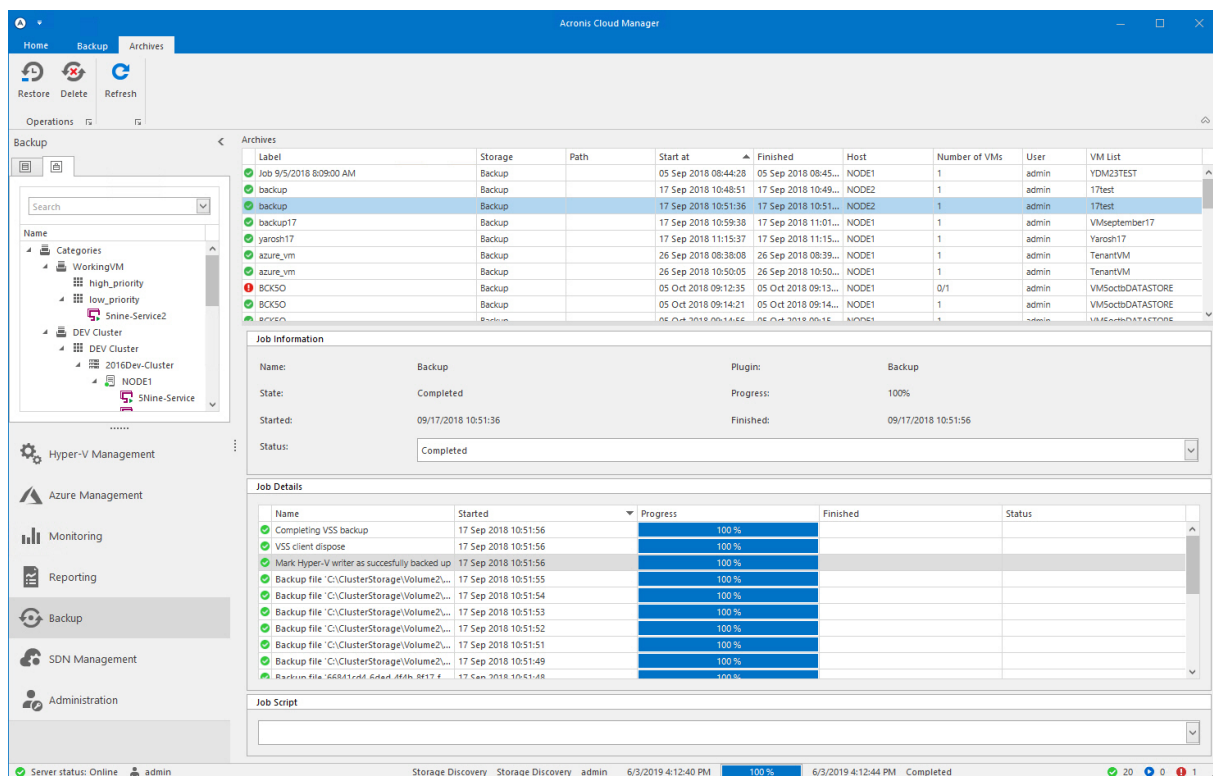
The Acronis Cloud Manager **Backup** plugin performs the entire VM backup on-demand immediately, with specified delay or by schedule. All backup jobs are started from job templates initially created by user from backup wizard. Job templates are kept for further usage and the new jobs can be launched from them manually at any time. Recurrent and deferred backup jobs are launched automatically in accordance with the scheduled configured in their job templates.

There is an option to perform the offsite backup copy to Microsoft Azure cloud and restore from it.



The **Backup** plugin consists of two tabs: **Backup** and **Archives**. On the **Backup** tab there are list of backup job templates and commands to work with them – create, delete, edit, start (full, incremental, delayed).

On the **Archives** tab there are list of backup jobs that are started, in progress and completed (both successful and failed ones) and commands to work with them – restore, delete, view job info.



There are different backup job types:

- **Full** – always performs the entire VM backup.
- **Incremental** – performs only first entire VM backup, then saves only changed virtual disks parts in subsequent backups. Normally, the scheduled jobs are used for incremental backup that allows additional saving of a storage disk space and ensure safety of data.

To keep track of changing data blocks, Acronis Cloud Manager backup uses changed block tracking technology (CBT) for Hyper-V virtual disks (A)VHD(X).

The CBT is implemented as a file system filter driver to be installed on every Hyper-V host within Acronis Cloud Manager agent setup. The CBT driver keeps track of changed data blocks of virtual disks. Information on data blocks that have changed is registered in special files. When an incremental job is run, Acronis Cloud Manager uses these files to understand what blocks of data have changed since the last run of this incremental job, and copies only changed data blocks from the disk image.

10.1 Creating backup job

1. To create a VM backup job, start backup wizard by pressing the **Create** button. Specify the name of the backup job and provide the job description. For Windows 2016 OS or later you can bypass the usage of Volume shadow copy service (VSS) for the backup by checking the **Do not use VSS** box. Click **Next**.

Backup wizard

Name and description

Name and description

- Compression and encryption
- Virtual machines and groups
- Select storage
- Backup copy to Azure
- Backup schedule
- Backup type
- Retention
- Summary

Specify the backup name and description

Backup name: Job 11/29/2018 7:48:21 PM

Description: Created by admin at 11/29/2018 7:48:21 PM

☐ Do not use VSS

This option works only for VMs running on Hyper-V hosts with Server 2016 and later versions. Application data consistency in this case is guaranteed by Server 2016 mechanism of production snapshots.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

2. Define compression and encryption options.

Backup wizard

×

Compression and encryption

Name and description

Compression and encryption

Virtual machines and groups

Select storage

Backup copy to Azure

Backup schedule

Backup type

Retention

Summary

Select compression and encryption options

☒ Use encryption

Encryption settings

Encryption level: AES 128 bit

Encryption key: ***

☒ Use compression

Compression settings

Compression level: Normal

Block size (Mb): 2

!

Once a backup has been created, you cannot change this settings

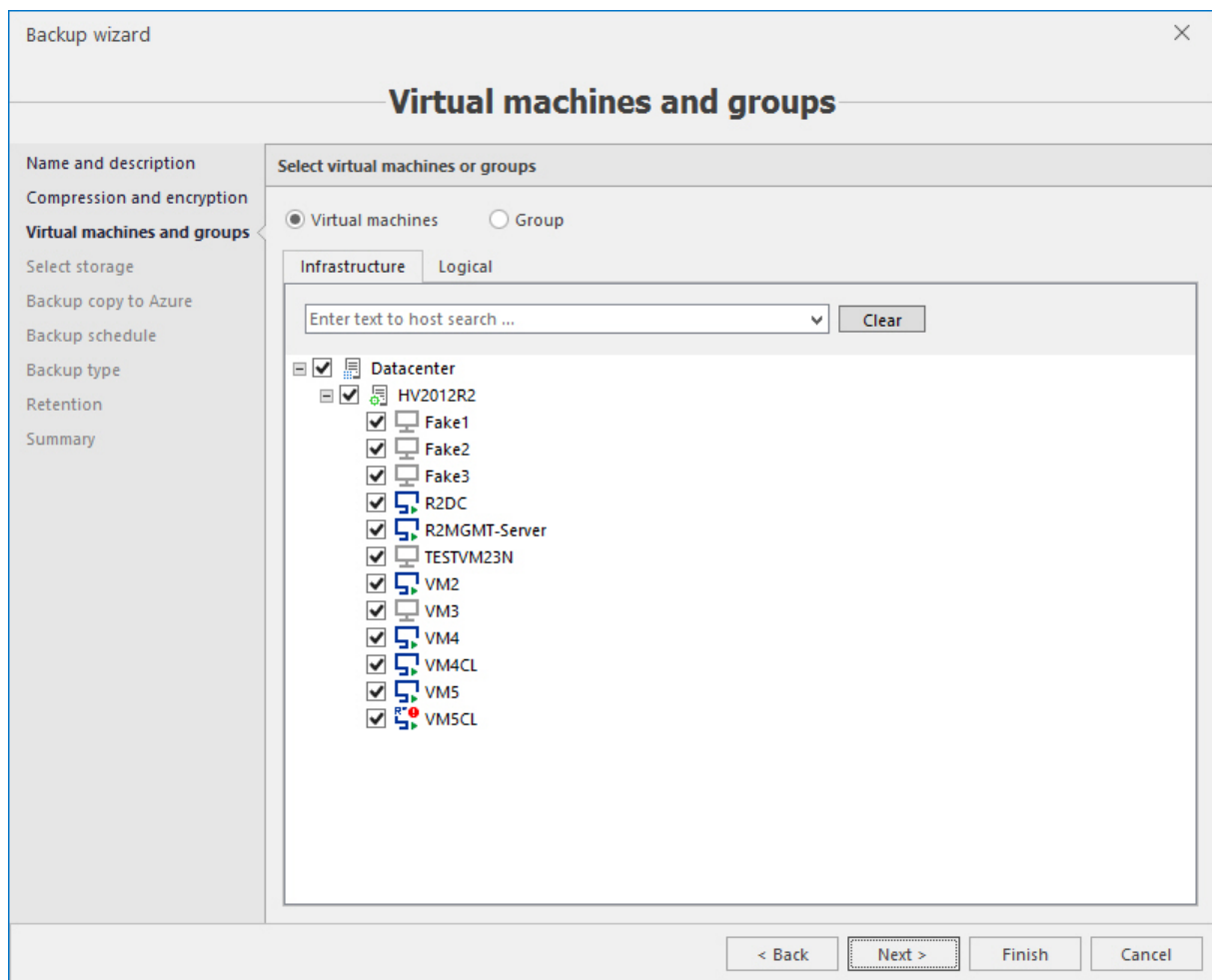
< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

3. Select virtual machines or groups to be placed into backup job.



4. Select the storage and folder for each VM Hyper-V host where backup files will be placed.

Backup wizard

Select storage

Please select storage for each object

For hosts and clusters please select any appropriate backup datastore.
For a group you can only use the SMB datastore associated with this group.

Host/Cluster/Group	Selected datastore
HV2012R2	[for_backup]\ <input type="button" value="Select"/>

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

5. Specify parameters to create an offsite backup copy to Microsoft Azure cloud, if necessary (skip this screen if an offsite backup copy to Microsoft Azure is not needed):

Backup wizard

Backup copy to Azure

Configure backup copy to Microsoft Azure

☒ Make a backup copy to Microsoft Azure

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	VM3

Provide protocol, account name and key to access Azure blob storage account where backup archives are to be stored.
Do not use your general Azure portal credentials.

Endpoint protocol:

Account name:

Account key:

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

- Enable the checkbox for **Make a backup copy to Microsoft Azure** option.
- Select VMs to make backup copy to Microsoft Azure from the list of selected VMs into the backup job.
- Select endpoint protocol (http or https) and specify the storage account name and access key to access Microsoft Azure cloud.

Note

Storage account name and access key are different from your general Azure portal credentials, which will not be accepted! The proper parameters can be retrieved at the following address on the portal: **Home -> Storage accounts -> <your_storage_account_name> -> Access keys**. You may generate the new key(s) for the existing storage account in there and/or create the new storage account(s).

6. Configure backup job schedule:

The screenshot shows the 'Backup wizard' window, specifically the 'Backup schedule' step. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: 'Name and description', 'Compression and encryption', 'Virtual machines and groups', 'Select storage', 'Backup copy to Azure', 'Backup schedule' (which is highlighted), 'Backup type', 'Retention', and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Specify the backup scheduling options'. It contains several radio buttons for scheduling: 'Manual', 'Hourly', 'Daily' (which is selected), and 'Monthly'. Under 'Hourly', there is a 'First start' dropdown and an 'Every' field set to '12' hours. Under 'Daily', there is a 'Start at' time picker set to '23:00:00', a 'Day period' section with 'Every' set to '1' days, and a 'Selected days' section with checkboxes for Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, and Sat, all of which are checked. Under 'Monthly', there is a 'Day of month' dropdown set to '1' and a 'Start at' time picker set to '23:00:00'. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (which is highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

7. Select the backup job type.

For incremental backup job you can determine the frequency of performing full backup job between incremental backup jobs.

Note

Cloud Manager does not allow to leave at "0", some value must be configured for full backups. The number of incremental backups to perform before doing a full backup should balance between ease of restoration jobs due to the number of backup archives files and the speed of performing backups. This will vary widely between environments based on the frequency of backups and the rate of changes between them.

Backup wizard

×

Backup type

Name and description

Compression and encryption

Virtual machines and groups

Select storage

Backup copy to Azure

Backup schedule

Backup type

Retention

Summary

Specify backup type

☒ Full

Create full backup.
This option is recommended for manual backup if you want to restore virtual machines very quickly in the future.

☐ Incremental

Create incremental backup.
This option is recommended for periodical backup if you want to save storage disk space.
In incremental mode, will sometimes create full backups in order to be able to remove old archives

Create full archives every backup

!

Once a backup has been created, you cannot change its type

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

8. Review and set the retention parameters if necessary. It is disabled by default.

The screenshot shows the 'Retention' step of a backup wizard. The window title is 'Backup wizard'. The main heading is 'Retention'. On the left, a sidebar lists the steps: 'Name and description', 'Compression and encryption', 'Virtual machines and groups', 'Select storage', 'Backup copy to Azure', 'Backup schedule', 'Backup type', 'Retention' (which is highlighted), and 'Summary'. The main area is titled 'Specify when old archives will be removed'. It contains two sections. The first section, 'Use retention', is checked and has two options: 'Number of days to keep backups' (selected with a radio button and a text box containing '7') and 'Number of restore points to keep' (unselected with a radio button and a text box containing '7'). The second section, 'Use retention for Azure', is also checked and has the same two options with radio buttons and text boxes, both containing '7'. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (which is highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

9. Check the summary information and if everything is correct. Check the **Run immediately** box if you need to launch the backup job right upon completing the backup wizard. Press the **Finish** button to create a backup job.

Backup wizard

Summary

Name and description

Compression and encryption

Virtual machines and groups

Select storage

Backup copy to Azure

Backup schedule

Backup type

Retention

Summary

Review job settings

Backup type Job 11/29/2018 7:48:21 PM

Description Created by admin at 11/29/2018 7:48:21 PM

Encryption level AES 128 bit

Encryption key 123

Compression level Normal

Block size (Mb) 2

Selected virtual machines

Fake3
Fake1
VM5
R2DC
R2MGMT-Server
TESTVM23N
VM3
VM2
VM5CL
VM4
VM4CL
Fake2

Selected storage:

HV2012R2 for_backup

Use Azure Yes

Selected virtual machines VM3
VM2

Endpoint protocol https

Account name mytenant.onmicrosoft.com

Schedule type Daily

☒ Run immediately

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

10.2 Restore

To restore a VM from backup, perform the following actions:

1. Select appropriate completed backup job on the **Backup** or **Archives** tab and start the **Restore** wizard by pressing the **Restore** button.

If you have chosen the job on the **Backup** tab, first the following dialog window will be opened:

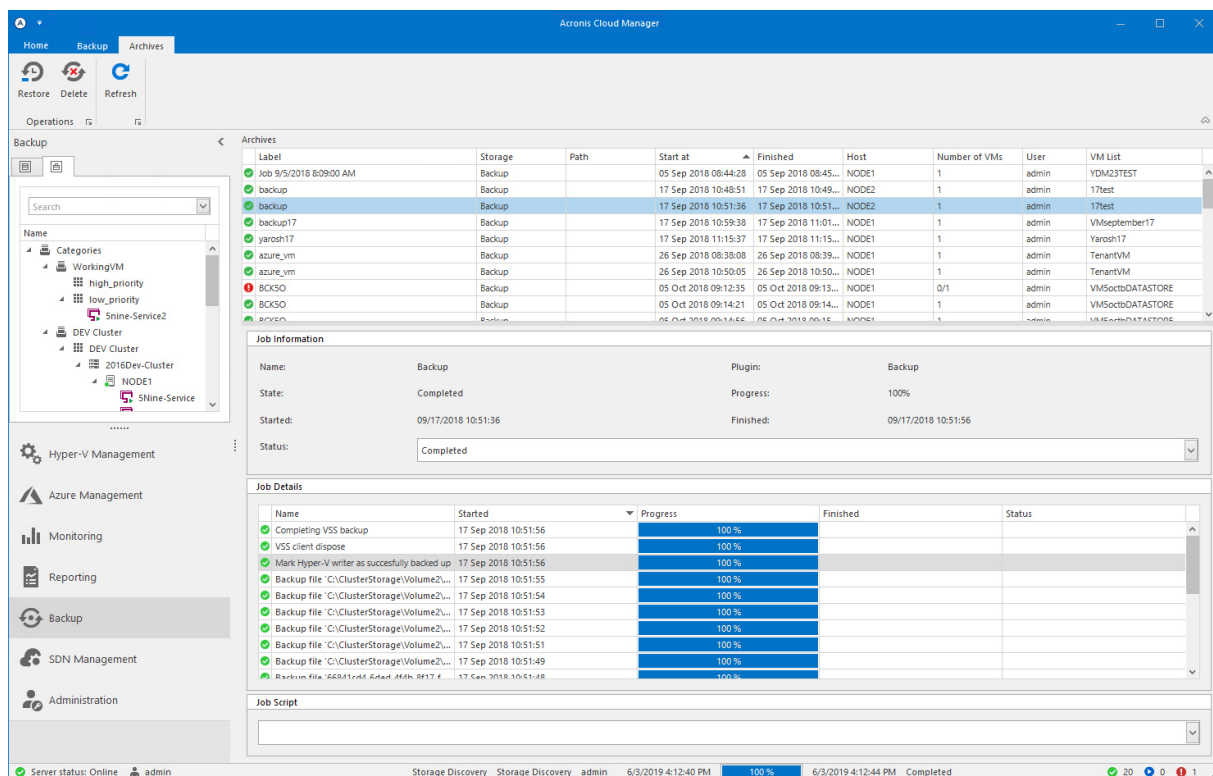
Restore

Label	Storage	Path	Start at	Finished	Host	Number of VMs	User	VM List
Job 7/9/20...	BACKP-CSV		09 Jul 2020 12:4...	09 Jul 202...	DEV-NODE1	1/2	admin	testVM2, test1...
Job 7/9/20...	BACKP-CSV		09 Jul 2020 12:4...	09 Jul 202...	DEV-NODE2	0/1	admin	

Restore Close

Select the required archive and click **Restore**.

If you are on the **Archives** tab, select the required archive from the list of archives and then click the **Restore** button on the main ribbon:



2. Select the restore mode:

- **Restore entire virtual machine** – to restore the full copy of the VM.
- **Browse and download virtual machine files** – to select and download the separate files from within the archived VM.

Specify the decryption key if encryption was used in the backup creation. If the decryption key was not specified, the field **Decryption key** will not appear. Click **Next**.

Restore

Restore mode

Restore mode

Restore from Microsoft Azure

Select Destination Hosts

Select VMs to restore

Restore mode

☒ Restore entire Virtual Machine

☐ Browse and download Virtual Machine files

Decryption key:

< Back **Next >** Finish Cancel

3. [Optional] The next page will appear only if in the corresponding backup job the **Make a backup copy to Microsoft Azure** option was enabled and on the first page of the **Restore** wizard the **Restore entire Virtual Machine** option was selected.

Restore

Restore from Microsoft Azure

Restore mode

Restore from Microsoft Azure

Select Destination Hosts

Select VMs to restore

☒ Restore from Microsoft Azure

☒ Override Azure settings

Provide protocol, account name and key to access Azure blob storage account where backup archives are to be stored.
Do not use your general Azure portal credentials.

Endpoint protocol:

Account name:

Account key:

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

This step is optional and can be skipped. If you do not need to restore the VM from the Microsoft Azure off-site copy, just click **Next**. Otherwise, enable the **Restore from Microsoft Azure** option and specify the storage account settings to override the default ones if necessary, and then click **Next**.

4. Select a host or a cluster where you need to restore a VM. This step applies for the restore of the entire VM.

Restore

Select Destination Hosts

Restore mode

Restore from Microsoft Azure

Select Destination Hosts

Select VMs to restore

Select Destination Hosts

	Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	HV2012R2

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

5. Select VMs you need to restore and the alternative path if necessary and click **Finish** to start the VM restore operation:

Restore

Select VMs to restore

Restore mode

Restore from Microsoft Azure

Select Destination Hosts

Select VMs to restore

Select VMs to restore

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Storage	Path
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	VM3		Original

☒ Original path
 ☐ Default path
 ☐ Another path

Datastore: Datastore is not selected

Relative path: Browse

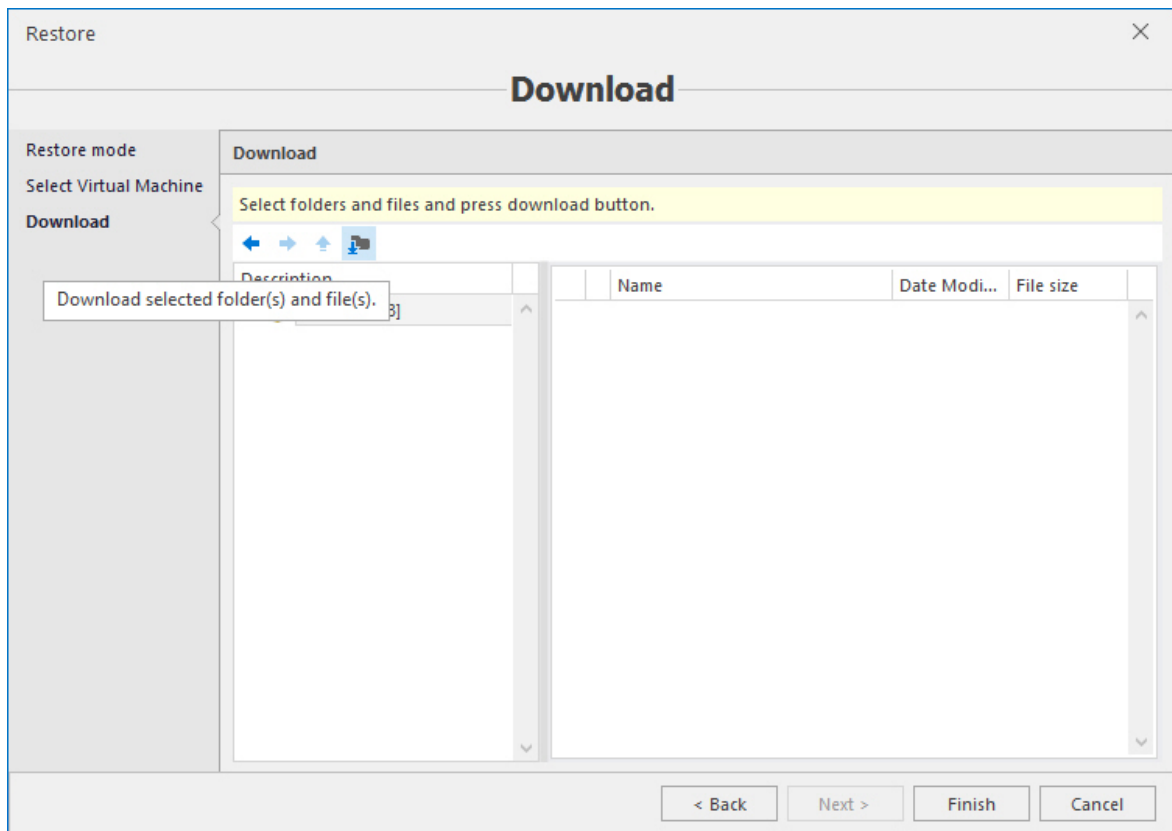
< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

6. If you have selected to browse and download separate files from the archive, you will need to choose and download the required files:



7. When the files downloading is complete, press **Finish** or **Cancel** to exit the wizard.

11 SDN management

Software defined networking (SDN) provides a method to centrally configure and manage physical and virtual network devices such as routers, switches, and gateways in your datacenter.

For Hyper-V hosts and virtual machines (VMs) that run SDN infrastructure servers, such as network controller and software load balancing nodes, you must install Windows Server 2016 Datacenter edition or later. For Hyper-V hosts that contain only tenant workload VMs that are connected to SDN-controlled networks, you can run Windows Server 2016 Standard edition.

New in Windows Server 2016, the network controller provides a centralized, programmable point of automation to manage, configure, monitor, and troubleshoot both virtual and physical network infrastructure in your datacenter. Using network controller, you can automate the configuration of network infrastructure instead of performing manual configuration of network devices and services.

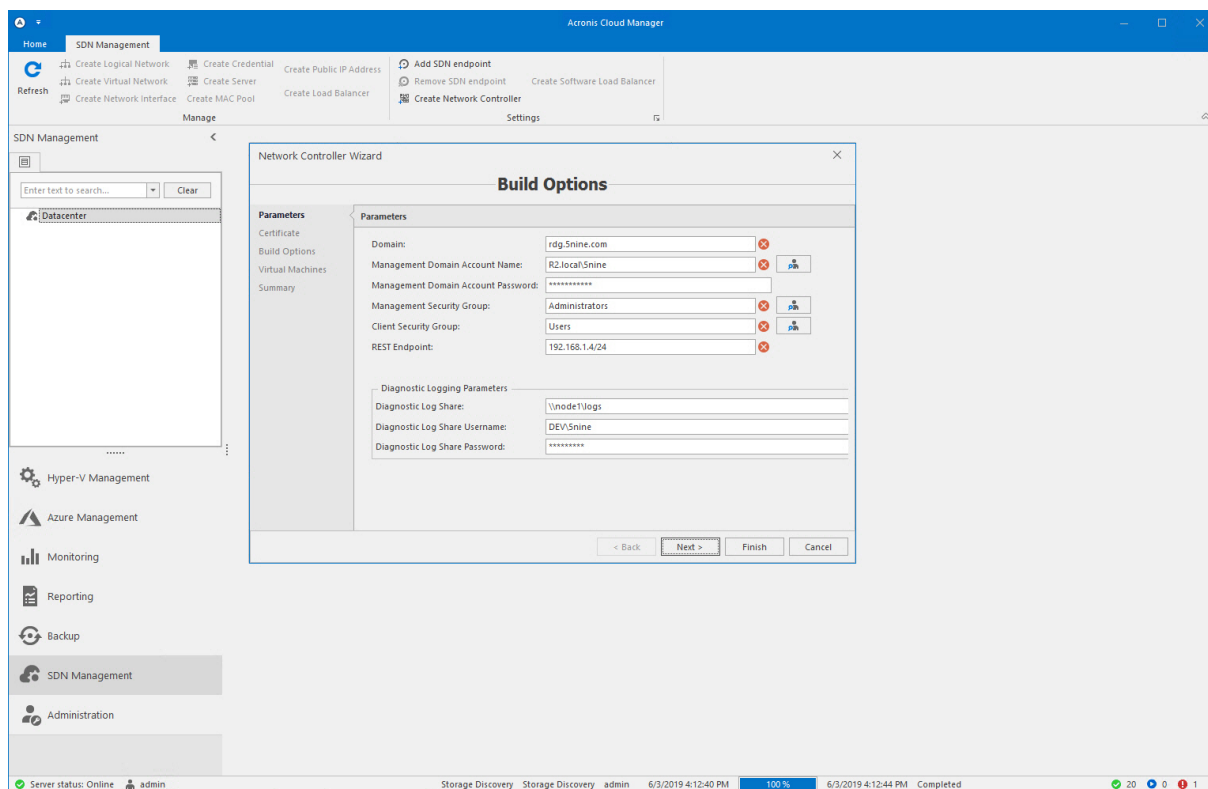
Network controller is a highly available and scalable server role and provides one application programming interface (API) - the *Southbound API* - that allows network controller to communicate with the network, and a second API - the *Northbound API* - that allows you to communicate with network controller.

Network controller provides Windows PowerShell and the representational state transfer (REST) API. Microsoft provides management APIs, Acronis Cloud Manager provides graphical user interface (GUI) to these APIs so that system administrator can easily work with SDN objects.

This GUI provides basic management features for the main SDN objects:

- Network controllers;
- Logical networks;
- Virtual machine networks;
- Logical switches;
- Network interfaces;
- Virtual switches;
- IP address pools.

Acronis Cloud Manager provides a graphical user interface for operations with all these objects via PS or REST interfaces of network controller.



11.1 Network controller deployment

To start the network controller deployment, click the **Create network controller** button on the main ribbon:

Fill in parameters:

- **REST endpoint** – IP address or FQDN of northbound network controller interface (REST API). If FQDN is specified – A record must be created in DNS. If an IP address is used, it must be chosen from the vacant part of the pool. This IP address will be set for the NC cluster. It is not needed to create the cluster manually and set the IP in advance.
- **Domain** – active directory domain.
- **Management domain account name** – domain account used for network controller deployment. Will be added to local administrators group. Must be member of **Management Security Group** specified below.
- **Management domain account password** – password for domain account.
- **Local administrator password** – password assigned to local administrator account.
- **Management security group** – active directory security group. Members of this group will have full access to the network controller.
- **Client security group** – active directory security group. Members of this group will have read-only access to the network controller.
- **Diagnostic log share** – file share for storing logs of network controller and managed server. If not specified – logs will be stored locally on each NC node or managed server with retention 14 days.

- **Diagnostic log share username** – user name of the account, which have write access to logs file share.
- **Diagnostic log share password** – password of log share access account.

Click **Next**.

Network Controller Wizard

Certificate

Parameters
Certificate
Networks
Virtual Machines
Summary

Certificate selection option

☒ Create new self signed certificate
☐ Use existing certificate or generate new CA certificate

Server Certificate Password:

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Set certificate. Network controller can be deployed with self-signed or CA certificate. Acronis Cloud Manager can work with both types of certificate. If you want to use CA certificate – you need to prepare certificate template with two **Enhance key usage** attributes – *server authentication* (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1) and *client authentication* (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2). Click **Next**.

Network Controller Wizard

Networks

Parameters

Certificate

Networks

Virtual Machines

Summary

Management Network Name:

Name	VLAN	Address Prefix	DNS	Gateway	Pool Start	Pool End	P...	VIP
Manage...	0	10.0.0.0/24	10.0.0.6	10.0.0.1	10.0.0.10	10.0.0.254	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Transit Network Name:

Name	VLAN	Address Prefix	DNS	Gateway	Pool Start	Pool End	P...	VIP
Transit_1	0	172.16.0/24	172.16.0.6	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.10	172.16.0.254	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

HNV PA Network Name:

Name	VLAN	Address Prefix	DNS	Gateway	Pool Start	Pool End
HNV PA_1	0	192.168.1.0/24	192.168.1.6	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.10	192.168.1.254

Set networks:

- Management network – management network is used for communication between network controller, network controller service VMs (SLB, GW) and managed devices. Must be specified for use in feature deployment of NC services (SLB, GW).
- Transit network – transit network is used for communication between service VMs (SLB, GW) and BGP router(s).
- HNV PA network – HNV PA network is used for creation of virtualized (VXLAN) VM networks. Every Hyper-V host will acquire two addresses from this network pool. These addresses will be used to create tunnels between Hyper-V hosts.

Click **Next**.

Network Controller Wizard

Virtual Machines

Parameters
Certificate
Networks
Virtual Machines
Summary

Virtual Machines

Select Virtual Machine storage for new created VMs

Datastore: CSV VMs

Relative path: Browse

Select template with Windows Server 2016 Guest Operating System

Datastore: CSV tmpl

Relative path: Browse

Template: Template based on 'TenantVM'

NC Virtual Machine 1: Settings Reset

NC Virtual Machine 2: Settings Reset

NC Virtual Machine 3: Settings Reset

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Select virtual machines that will be used for network controller. The following parameters must be specified for VMs that will be used for network controller deployment – datastore on which NC VMs will be placed and template from which network controller nodes will be deployed. Template must be syspreped VM with Windows Server 2016 or higher. Click **Finish**.

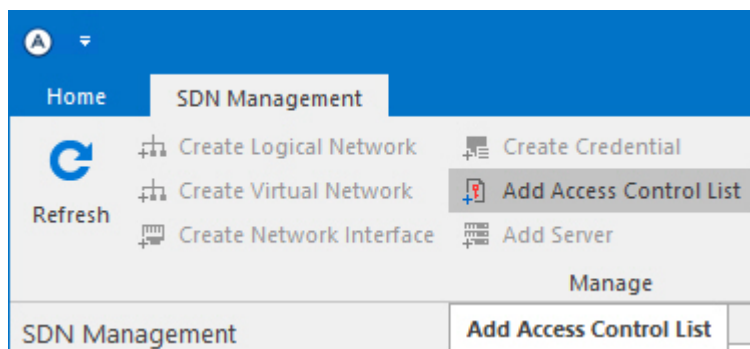
11.2 SDN management

SDN management includes the following operations:

11.2.1 Access control list

Defines set of ACL for network interfaces – direction of flow (ingress/egress), range of source/destination ports and address prefix. After the network controller deployment Acronis Cloud Manager creates default rule which allows all inbound traffic.

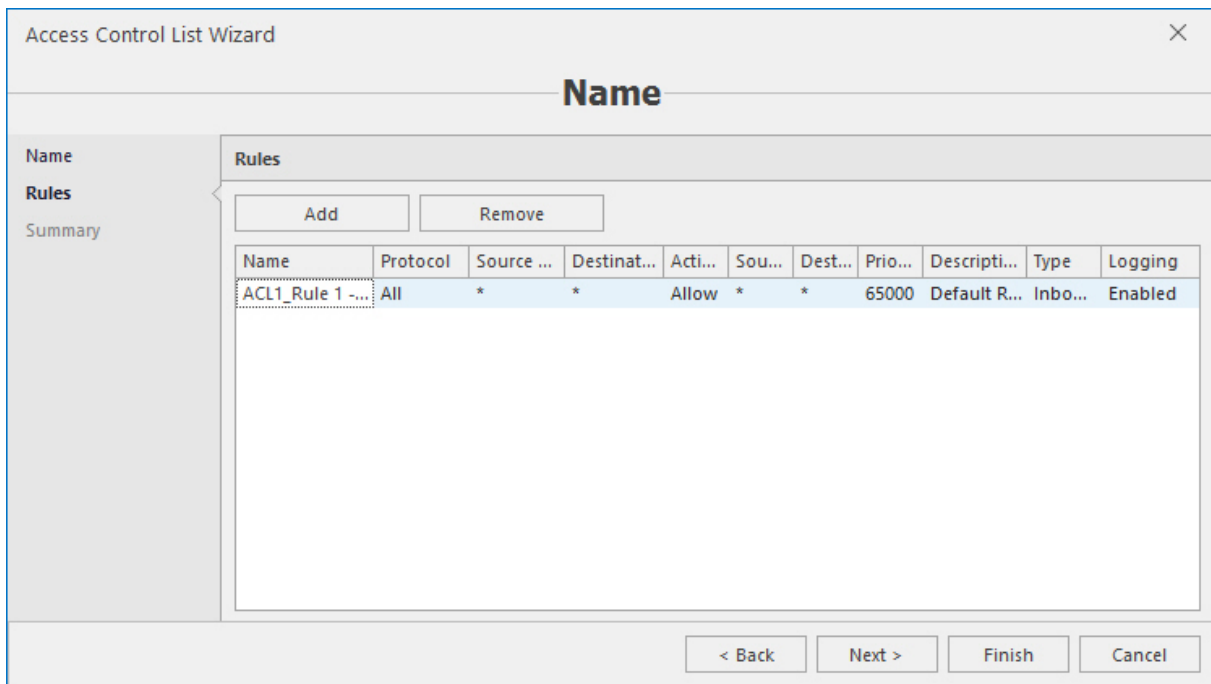
To add access control list, click the corresponding button on the main ribbon:



Specify name:

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Access Control List Wizard'. The dialog has a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main content area is divided into two sections. The top section is titled 'Name' and contains a 'Name:' label followed by a text input field containing the text 'ACL1'. The bottom section is titled 'Rules' and contains a 'Summary' label. At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (which is highlighted with a red border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Specify rules:



The screenshot shows the 'Access Control List Wizard' window with the 'Rules' tab selected. The window has a sidebar on the left with 'Name', 'Rules', and 'Summary' options. The main area contains an 'Add' and 'Remove' button above a table. The table has columns: Name, Protocol, Source, Destination, Action, Source Port, Destination Port, Priority, Description, Type, and Logging. One rule is listed: 'ACL1_Rule 1' with Protocol 'All', Source and Destination as '*', Action 'Allow', Source and Destination ports as '*', Priority '65000', Description 'Default R...', Type 'Inbo...', and Logging 'Enabled'. At the bottom are '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel' buttons.

Name	Protocol	Source ...	Destinat...	Acti...	Sou...	Dest...	Prio...	Descripti...	Type	Logging
ACL1_Rule 1 ~...	All	*	*	Allow	*	*	65000	Default R...	Inbo...	Enabled

Rule includes:

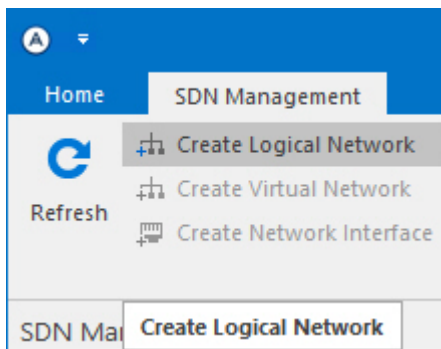
- Source/Destination port range.
- Action: (Allow/Deny).
- Source/Destination address prefix in CIDR (use /32 to specify one address).
- Priority from 100 to 65000 (rules with low priority have high precedence).
- Description.
- Type: Inbound/Outbound.
- Logging: Enabled/Disabled.

Click **Finish**.

11.2.2 Logical network

Logical networks present abstraction of physical topology (i.e. provider addresses). After the network controller deployment, Acronis Cloud Manager creates PA network (used by host to build VXLAN tunnels), management network, and transit network (used for communication between SLB MUXes and BGP).

To add logical network click the corresponding button on the main ribbon:



Specify name:

A screenshot of a 'Logical Network Wizard' dialog box. The title bar says 'Logical Network Wizard' with a close button. The main heading is 'Name'. On the left is a sidebar with 'Name' (selected), 'Subnets', and 'Summary'. The main area shows a 'Name:' label followed by a text input field containing 'External Customer NC'. To the right of the input field is a red 'X' icon. Below the input field is a checkbox labeled 'Network Virtualization Enabled', which is currently unchecked. At the bottom right are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Specify subnets:

Logical Network Wizard

Subnets

Name

Subnets

Summary

Subnets

Subnets can be added to a logical network to associate VLANs and address prefixes
Enter IP subnets using CIDR notation, for example 192.168.1.0/24

Add
Remove

	Name	VLAN ▲	Address Prefix	DNS	Gateway	Pool Start	Pool End	P...	VIP
	External...	0	10.1.0.0/24	10.1.0.6	10.1.0.1	10.1.0.10	10.1.0.254	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

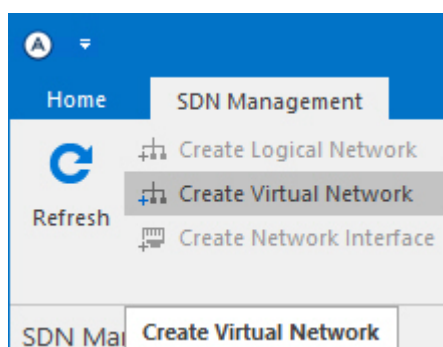
< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Subnet consist of VLAN ID, subnet address prefix, DNS server address, gateway address, IP range (must start from x.x.x.4, because first three addresses used internally by the network controller).

11.2.3 Virtual network

Virtual network is a network that virtualized using VXLAN. Virtual network must be created upon PA logical network.

To add virtual network, click the corresponding button on the main ribbon:



Specify name:

Virtual Network Wizard

Name

Name

Subnets

Summary

Name

Name:

Logical Network:

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Specify subnets:

Virtual Network Wizard

Subnets

Name

Subnets

Summary

Subnets

Subnets can be added to a virtual network to associate address prefixes
Enter IP subnets using CIDR notation, for example 192.168.1.0/24

	Name	Subnet
	System Network_1	192.168.1.0/24

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

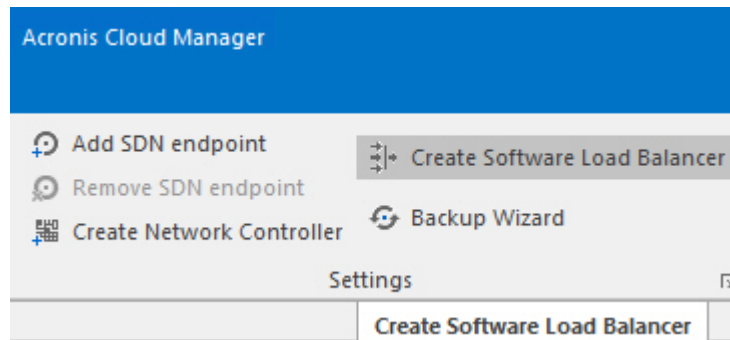
Subnet consists of subnet address prefix. x.x.x.1 assigned as subnet default gateway automatically.
Network interfaces can use addresses from x.x.x.4.

11.2.4 Load balancer

LB defines L4 load balancing for VMs: load balancer VIP, backend VMs.

Load balancer MUX - load balancer multiplexor is internally used by network controller. Network controller publishes load balancer VIPs to MUX, MUX publishes /32 route to BGP. Handles inbound traffic for load balancing.

To add MUXes, click the **Create software load balancer** button on the main ribbon:



Specify parameters:

The image shows a 'Software Load Balancer Wizard' dialog box with the 'Parameters' tab selected. The dialog has a title bar with the text 'Software Load Balancer Wizard' and a close button. The main area is titled 'Parameters'. On the left, there is a sidebar with 'Parameters' (selected), 'Virtual Machines', and 'Summary'. The main area contains the following fields:

- REST Endpoint:
- Domain:
- Management Domain Account Name: (with a red 'X' icon and a user icon)
- Management Domain Account Password:
- Local Administrator Password:

At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

- **Domain** – domain to join SLB MUXes.
- **Management domain account name** – account used for add VM to domain, and configure MUXes in NC. Must be member of network controller management group.

- **Local administrator password** – password for local administrator account. Local administrator account used for install and configure necessary windows roles for SLB.

Specify parameters for VMs:

The screenshot shows the 'Virtual Machines' step of the 'Software Load Balancer Wizard'. The left sidebar has 'Parameters', 'Virtual Machines', and 'Summary' tabs, with 'Virtual Machines' selected. The main area is titled 'Virtual Machines' and contains the following sections:

- Select Virtual Machine storage for new created VMs**:
 - Datastore: VM-nodedup (dropdown)
 - Relative path: (text input) with a 'Browse' button.
- Select template with Windows Server 2016 Guest Operating System**:
 - Datastore: VMTemplates (dropdown)
 - Relative path: (text input) with a 'Browse' button.
 - Template: Template based on 'w2019dc' (dropdown)
- SLB MUX Virtual Machine configuration table**:

SLB MUX Virtual Machine	Settings	Reset	Host	VM name
SLB MUX Virtual Machine 1:	[Settings button]	[Reset button]	Host: HG-NODE1	VM name: nc1mux1
SLB MUX Virtual Machine 2:	[Settings button]	[Reset button]	Host: HG-NODE1	VM name: nc1mux2
SLB MUX Virtual Machine 3:	[Settings button]	[Reset button]	Host: HG-NODE1	VM name: nc1mux3

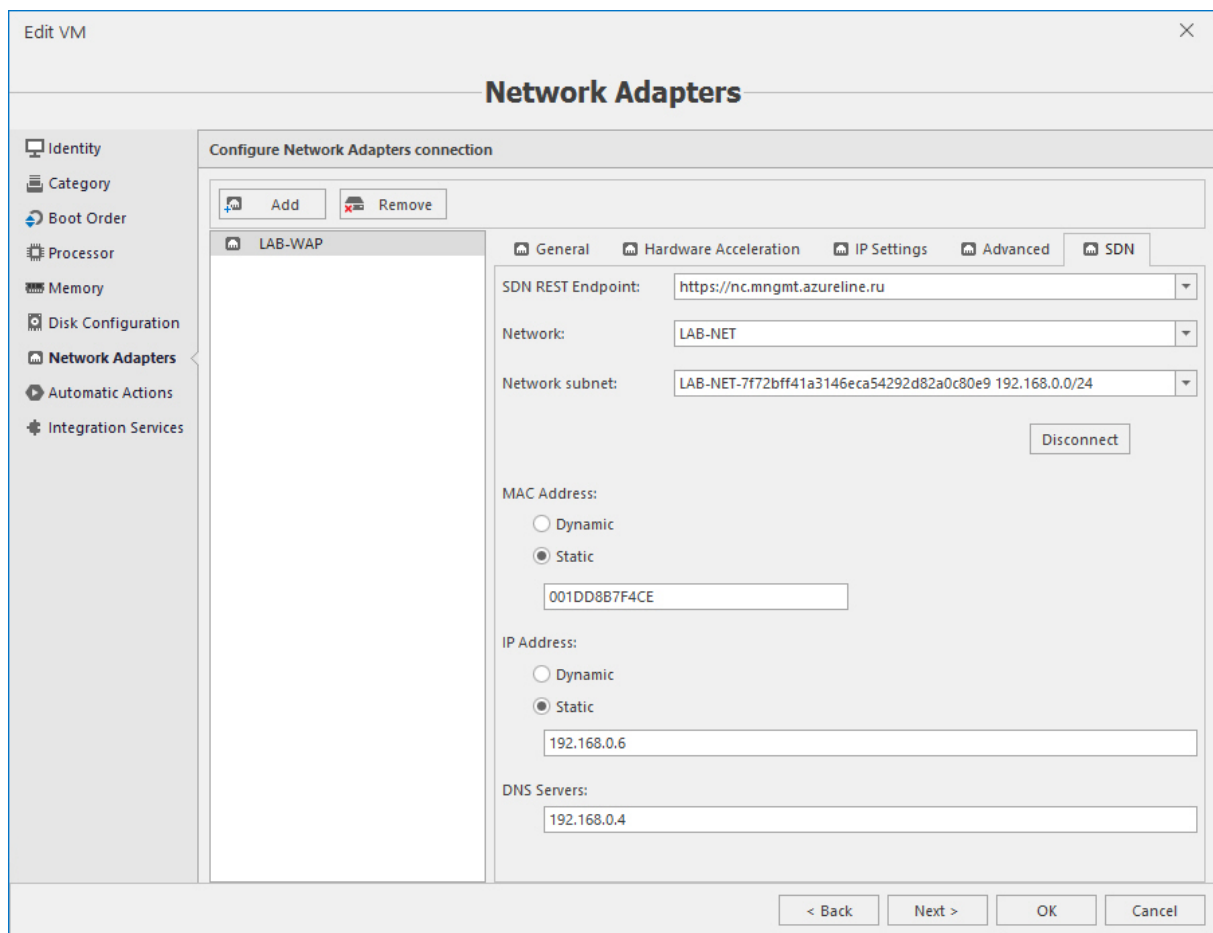
At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Datastore for VM placement. Datastore contains VM templates. Master automatically fills VM parameters upon clicking the **Settings** button. You can change VM name or CPU/memory configuration per VM If needed.

11.2.5 Network interface

List of VM network interfaces managed by the network controller.

To add managed VM interface, open VM properties, and navigate to the **Network adapters** page. Choose the appropriate network adapter and open the **SDN** tab:

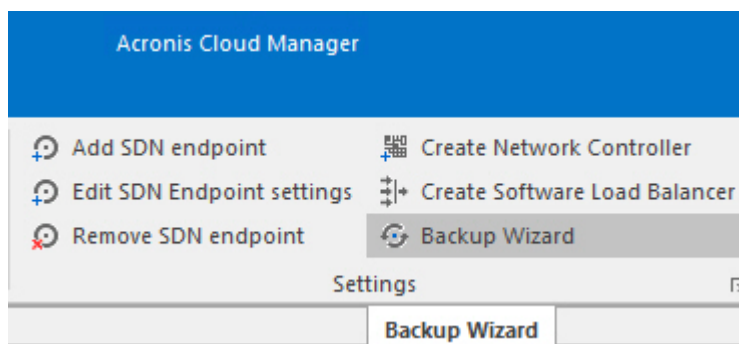


Choose the SDN REST endpoint of the appropriate network controller, network and network subnet. Configure MAC and IP addresses, and DNS servers as applicable. Click **OK** to save the configuration.

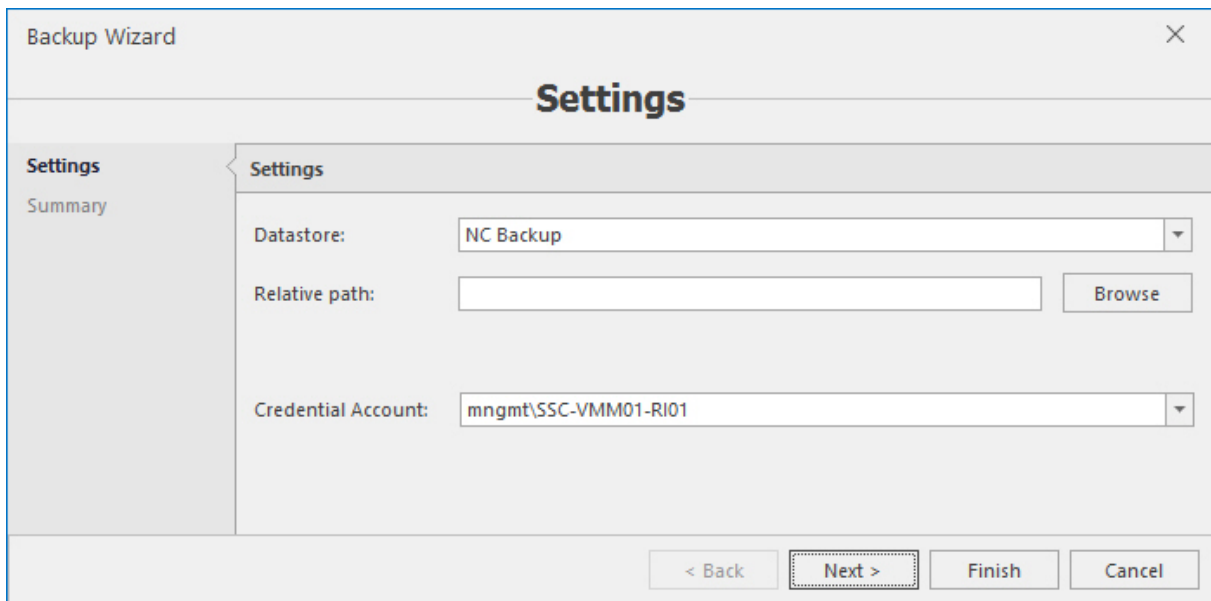
11.2.6 SDN backup

Acronis Cloud Manager provides ability to perform the network controller OVSDB backups.

To create manual backup, click the **Backup wizard** button on the main ribbon:



Specify the backup datastore parameters and click **Finish**:

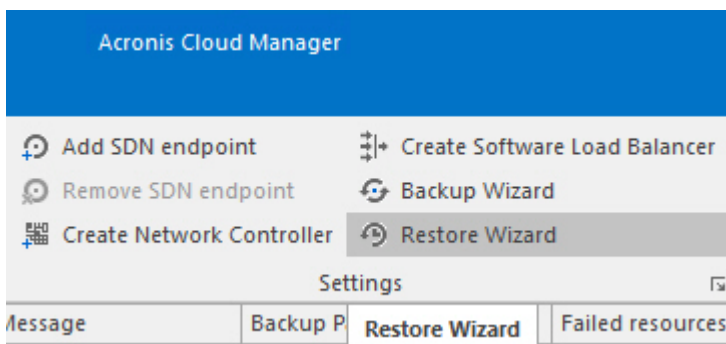


The Backup Wizard Settings dialog box is shown. It has a title bar 'Backup Wizard' and a close button. The main title is 'Settings'. On the left, there is a 'Settings' tab and a 'Summary' tab. The 'Settings' tab is active, showing three fields: 'Datastore' with a dropdown menu set to 'NC Backup', 'Relative path' with an empty text box and a 'Browse' button, and 'Credential Account' with a dropdown menu set to 'mngmt\SSC-VMM01-RI01'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

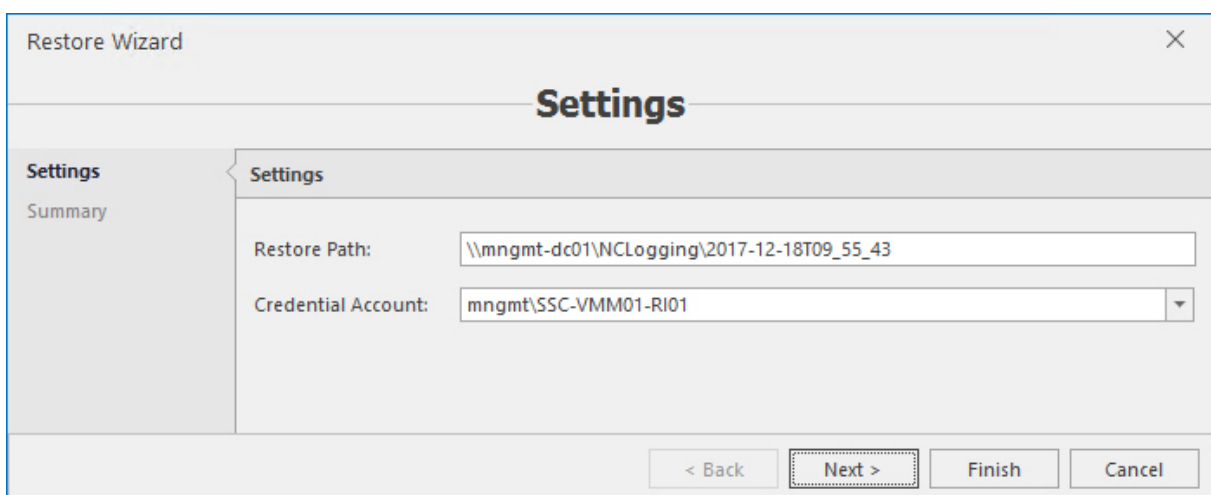
11.2.7 SDN restore

Acronis Cloud Manager provides ability to perform the network controller OVSDB restores.

To restore OVSDB, select backup and click the **Restore wizard** button on the main ribbon:



Review parameters, correct if required (they are filled in by default) and click **Finish**:

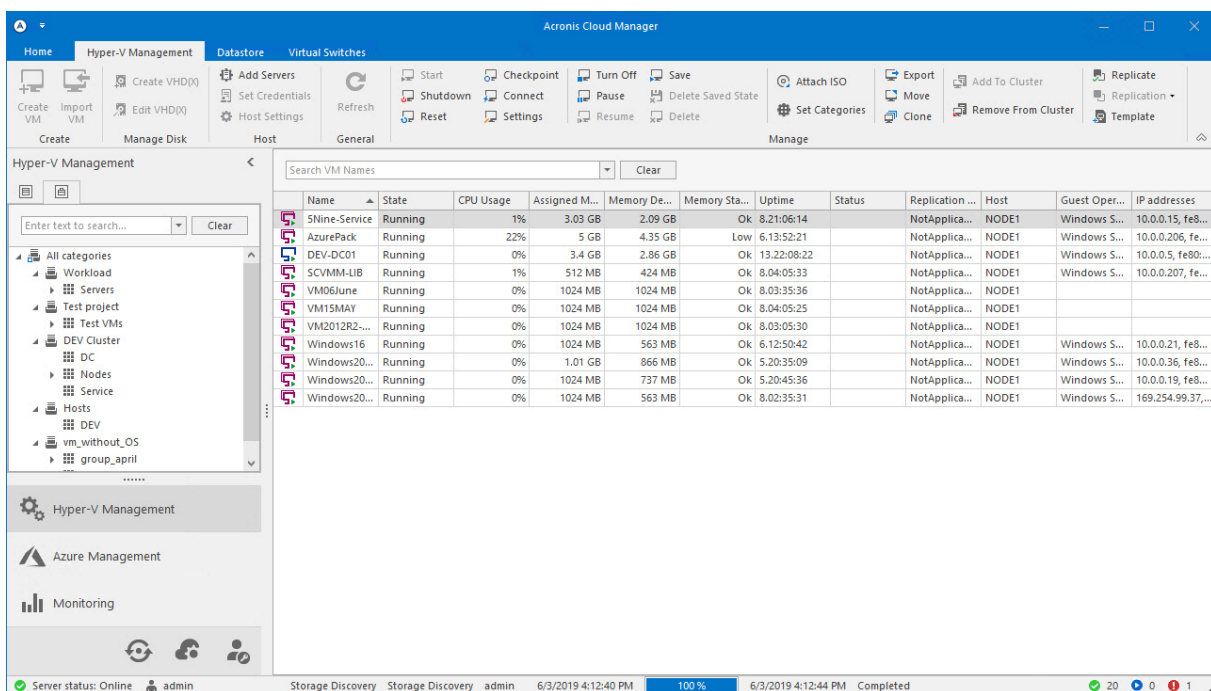


The Restore Wizard Settings dialog box is shown. It has a title bar 'Restore Wizard' and a close button. The main title is 'Settings'. On the left, there is a 'Settings' tab and a 'Summary' tab. The 'Settings' tab is active, showing two fields: 'Restore Path' with a text box containing '\\mngmt-dc01\NCLogging\2017-12-18T09_55_43' and 'Credential Account' with a dropdown menu set to 'mngmt\SSC-VMM01-RI01'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a dashed border), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

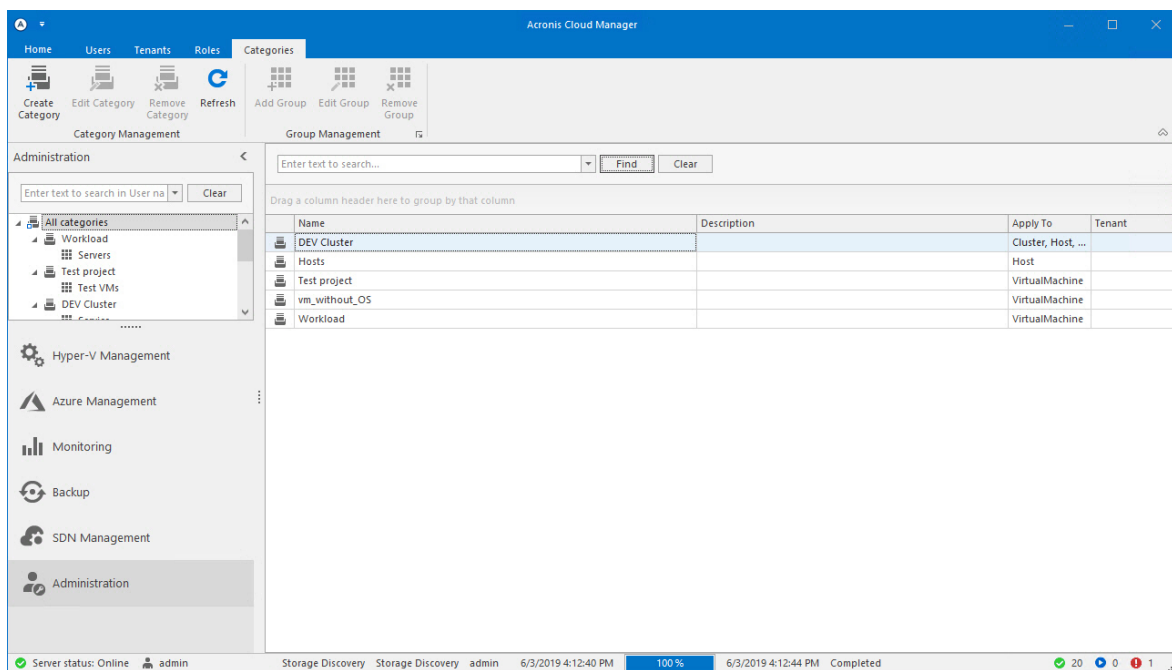
12 Logical view grouping

This feature allows administrators to combine multiple related resources into a single, logical tree through categorization and grouping. This new, customizable view has been added to the existing infrastructure view within the Hyper-V management console. A workload administrator, for example, can create a view of all relevant application VMs. Resource views can also be created to align with existing regional or functional administrative models.

Logical view grouping allows administrators to more effectively manage, monitor and optimize operations by providing fast, easy access to relevant resources. It decreases the time and effort needed to sort through and find a resource or group of resources while maintaining strict role-based access controls.



1. First thing you need to do is create categories and groups using the **Administration** plugin – **Categories** tab:



2. Click the **Create category** button on the left of the top bar and configure the new category parameters using the **Add category** wizard:

Add Category Wizard

Category

Enter category information

Name: DC Management

Description:

☒ Cluster
☐ Host
☐ VirtualMachine

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

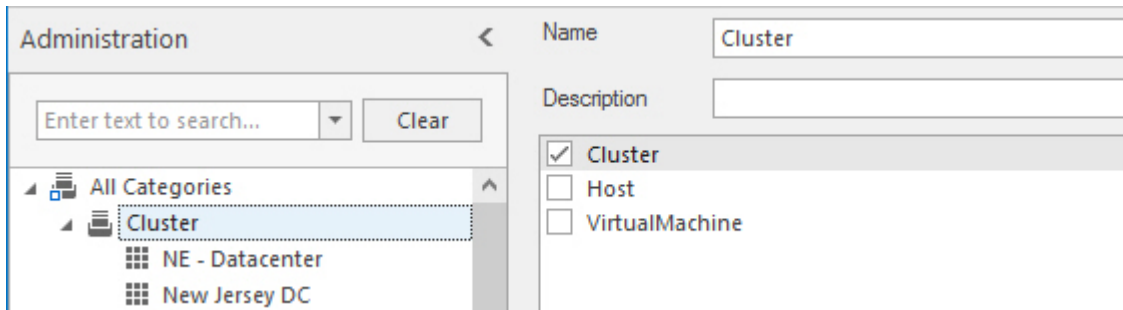
Note

The main point is to enable certain object types that will be allowed to be associated with this

category. There are three object types – cluster, host and virtual machine. It is up to you whether allow all of them or just some or one in any category. Category availability will be then appearing accordingly.

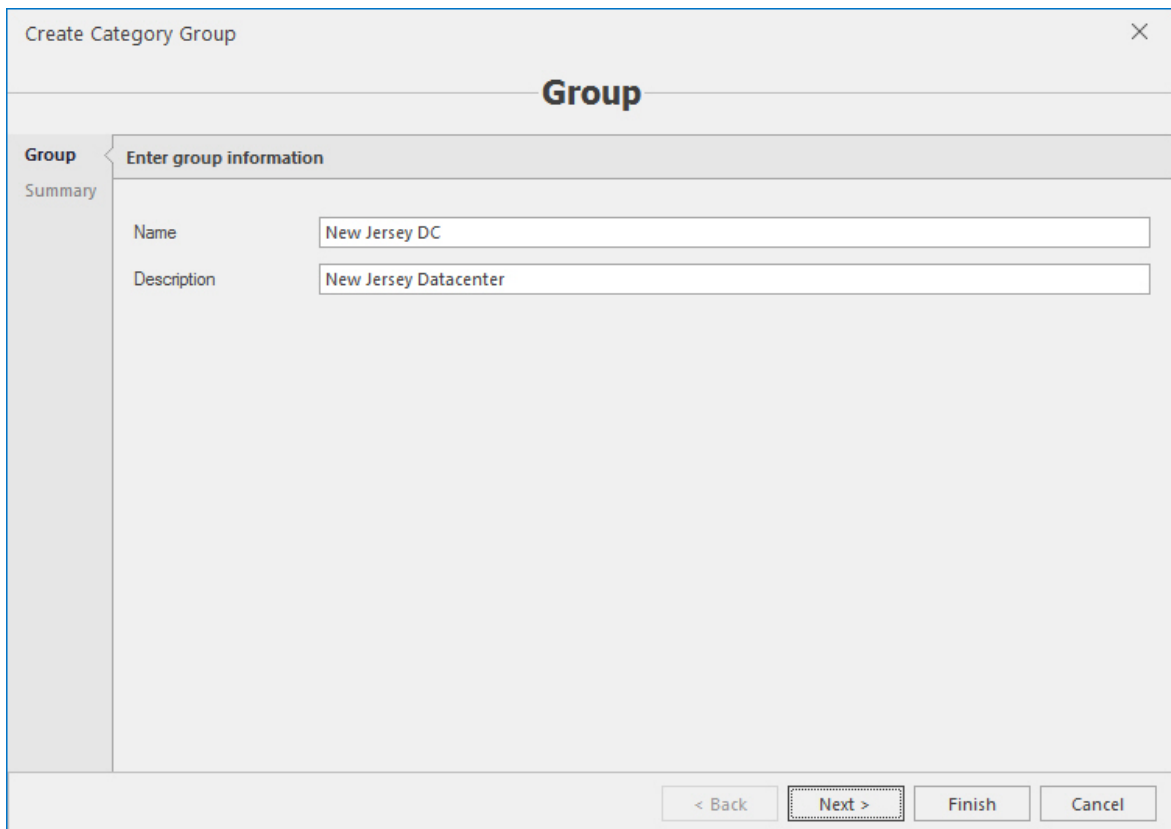
3. Click **Next**, review summary and click **Finish** to complete the wizard.

You will find your new category in the list then, where you will be able to alter it at any time:



The screenshot shows the 'Administration' window. On the left, under 'All Categories', the 'Cluster' category is selected. On the right, the 'Name' field is 'Cluster' and the 'Description' field is empty. Below the description, there are three checkboxes: 'Cluster' (checked), 'Host' (unchecked), and 'VirtualMachine' (unchecked).

4. Next step is adding groups into categories. Select the category and click the **Add group** button.



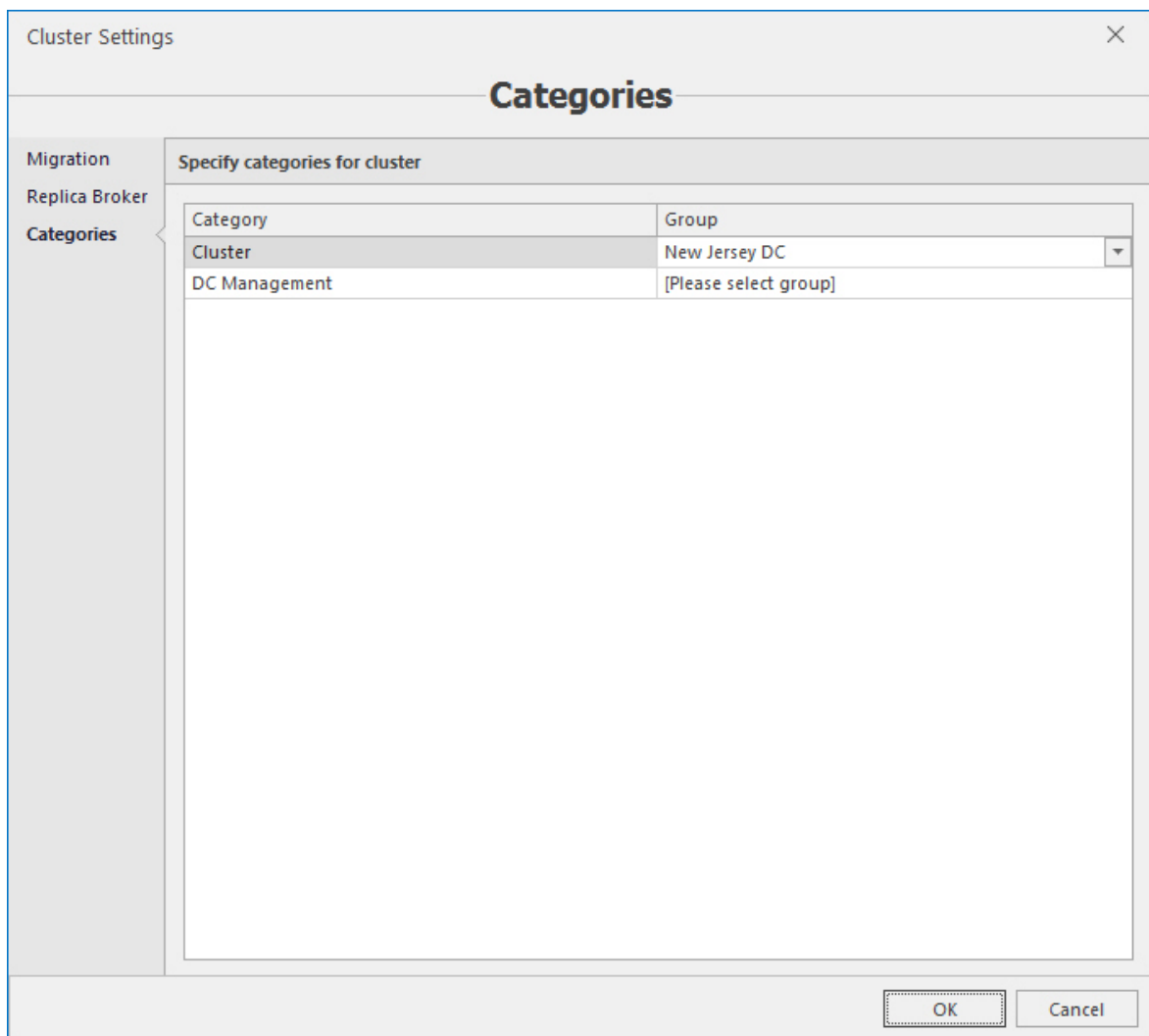
The screenshot shows the 'Create Category Group' dialog box. The 'Group' tab is active, showing the 'Enter group information' section. The 'Name' field is 'New Jersey DC' and the 'Description' field is 'New Jersey Datacenter'. The 'Summary' tab is also visible. At the bottom, there are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

5. Specify the name for the group as will be displayed in your customized logical view. Click **Next**, review summary and click **Finish** to complete the wizard.

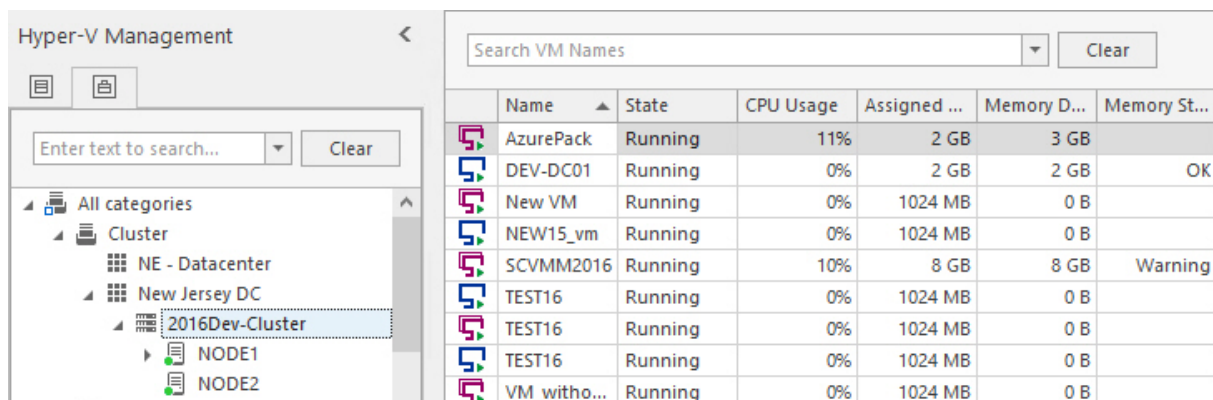
Note

Now that you completed the above steps, you can assign objects to the group in accordance with

its settings/availability (in the given example it is for cluster). This is done in the object's settings – **Categories** section, which appears in the same way in cluster, host and virtual machine settings:



Your object will appear in configured group in the logical view – open the **Hyper-V management** plugin and go to the right tab, where logical view is displayed:

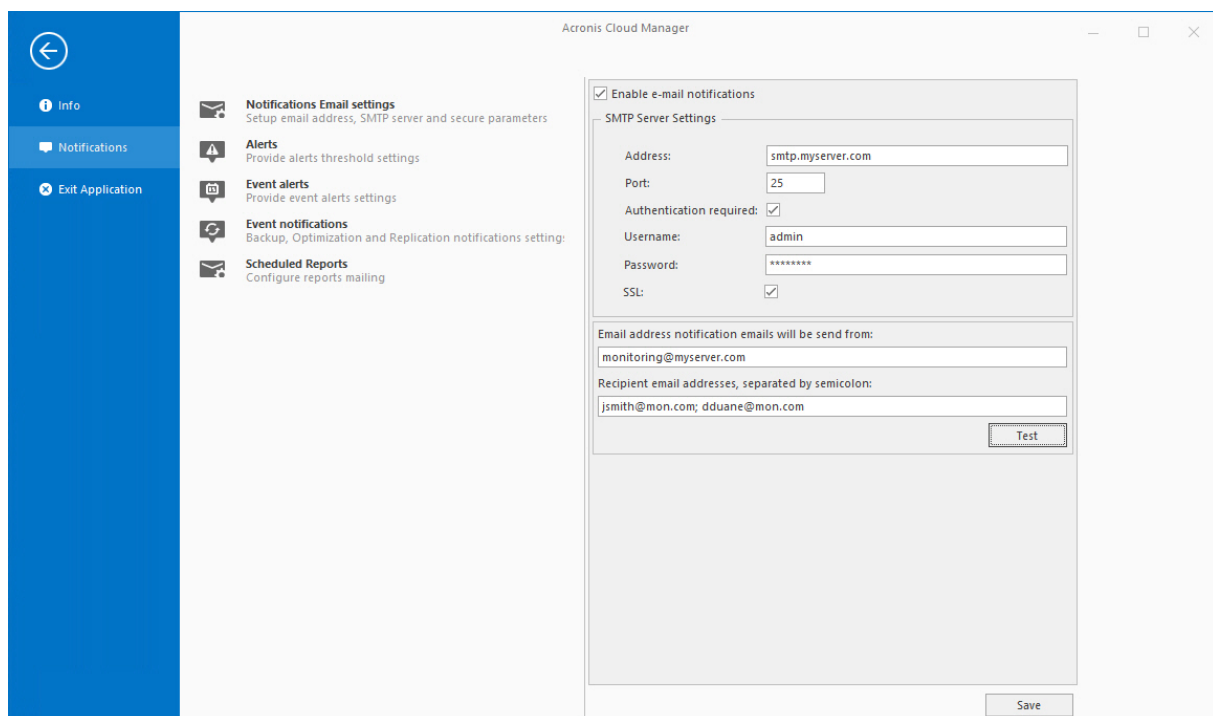


13 Notifications

Notifications are sent to configured email addresses and inform admin about various alerts – resource alerts, event alerts, backup & replication alerts and dynamic optimization alerts. There are also scheduled reports mailing settings for several types of data. Resource alerts work for physical/virtual performance parameters – CPU, memory, network and disk utilization; event alerts work for Microsoft Windows® clustering, HA, Hyper-V and security native events. Backup & replication alerts work for backup & replication successful/unsuccessful procedures. Dynamic optimization alerts are sent when VM migrations successfully completed. Scheduled reports are sent to configured emails – system status report, VM life cycle report and zombie VM report.

13.1 Email settings

To configure notifications email settings, open the **Home** tab and then select **Notifications – Notifications email settings**:



The screenshot shows the 'Acronis Cloud Manager' interface with the 'Notifications Email settings' window open. The left sidebar contains a blue navigation menu with 'Info', 'Notifications', and 'Exit Application' options. The main panel displays the 'Notifications Email settings' configuration. It includes a list of settings on the left: 'Notifications Email settings' (Setup email address, SMTP server and secure parameters), 'Alerts' (Provide alerts threshold settings), 'Event alerts' (Provide event alerts settings), 'Event notifications' (Backup, Optimization and Replication notifications setting), and 'Scheduled Reports' (Configure reports mailing). The 'SMTP Server Settings' section is expanded, showing fields for 'Address' (smtp.myserver.com), 'Port' (25), 'Authentication required' (checked), 'Username' (admin), 'Password' (masked with asterisks), and 'SSL' (checked). Below this, there are fields for 'Email address notification emails will be send from:' (monitoring@myserver.com) and 'Recipient email addresses, separated by semicolon:' (jsmith@mon.com; dduane@mon.com). A 'Test' button is located next to the recipient field, and a 'Save' button is at the bottom right.

Configure the email server with the TCP port and authentication credentials, and specify the recipients' emails. Notifications will be sent to the specified email addresses.

13.1.1 Resource alerts

To set thresholds for warning and critical alerting on performance counters open the **Home** tab and select **Notifications – Alerts**.

Host Alerts
VM Alerts
Cluster Alerts

Specify threshold values for notification alerts (leave empty field if disabled)

Measurement	Warning If ...	Warning If...	Critical If ...	Critical If A...
CPU Guest Runtime (%)		60		80
CPU Hypervisor Root Virt...		60		80
CPU Hypervisor Total Run...		60		80
CPU Total (%)		60		80
Disk Time		60		80
Disk Latency		5		10
Disk Queue Length		2		4
Disk Read (MiB/s)		100		200
Disk Write (MiB/s)		100		200
Available Memory (MB)	2048		1024	
Network Receive (MiB/s)		100		200
Network Send (MiB/s)		100		200

Note

There are separate sections for host, VM and cluster counters.

Values that are set to **0** mean they are disabled. Warning and error thresholds values can be set to trigger alerts when a value either falls below or above the setting.

13.1.2 Event alerts

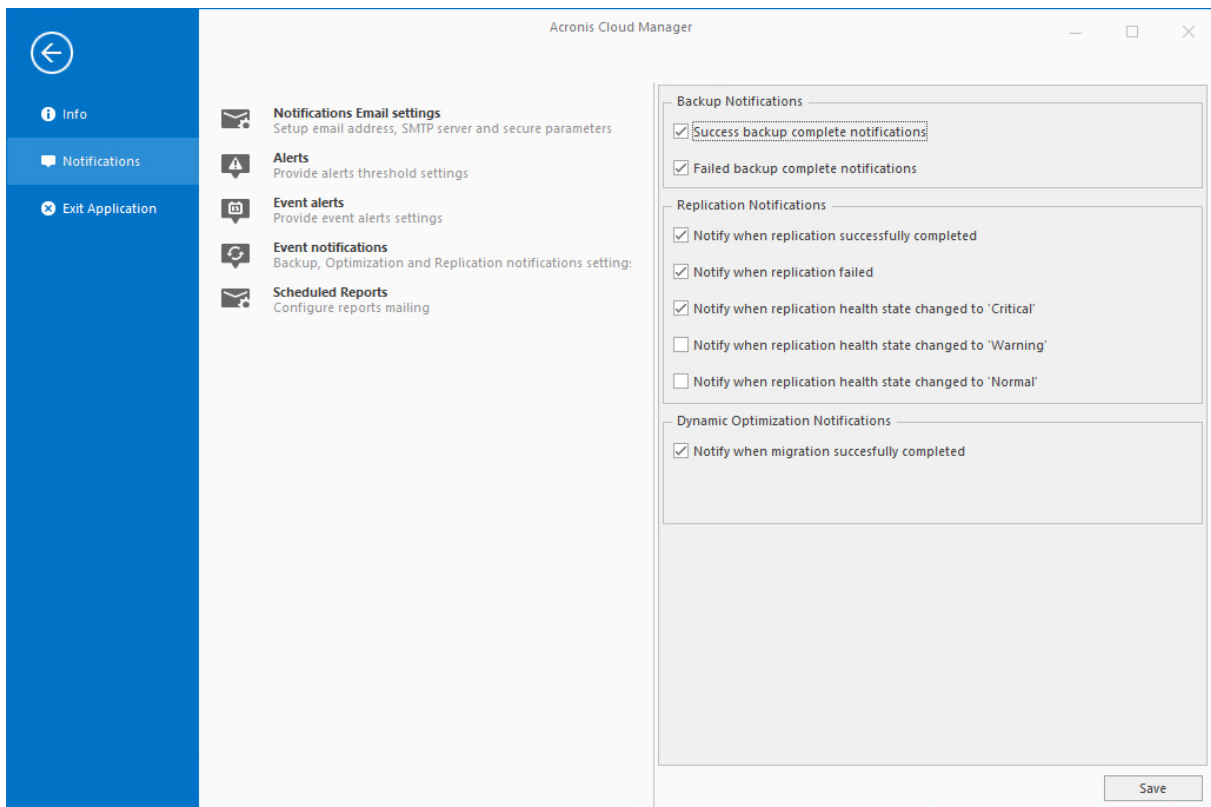
Event alerts are configured to transfer native Microsoft events into the Acronis Cloud Manager

Monitoring plugin. To configure event alerts, select **Notifications – Event alerts**. Select checkboxes for the desired events to enable alerting for that event:

	Severity	EventId	Description
Microsoft-Windows-FailoverClustering			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1000	Cluster service fatal error
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1006	Cluster service interruption
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1011	Host node was evicted from cluster
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1046	Invalid subnet mask detected
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1047	Invalid IP address detected
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1049	Failed to bring cluster resource online
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1057	Cluster database could not be loaded
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1069	Cluster resource failure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1073	Inconsistency within the failover cluster
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1080	Cluster service failed to write data to a file
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1090	Cluster service cannot be started
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1093	Host cluster membership
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1105	Cluster service failed to start
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1126	Unreachable cluster network interface
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1127	Cluster network failure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1130	Cluster network is down
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1135	Host node was removed from cluster
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1177	Cluster service shut down
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1193	Failed to create cluster resource name in domain
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1207	Cluster resource cannot be brought online
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1360	Invalid IP address for cluster resource
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1546	Host failed to form a cluster
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warning	1548	Cluster hosts update version mismatch
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1554	Cluster host node network connectivity error
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1556	Unexpected cluster service problem
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1557	Cluster witness resource update failure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1558	Cluster witness resource failure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1561	Missing latest cluster configuration data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Error	1570	Cluster communication session failed

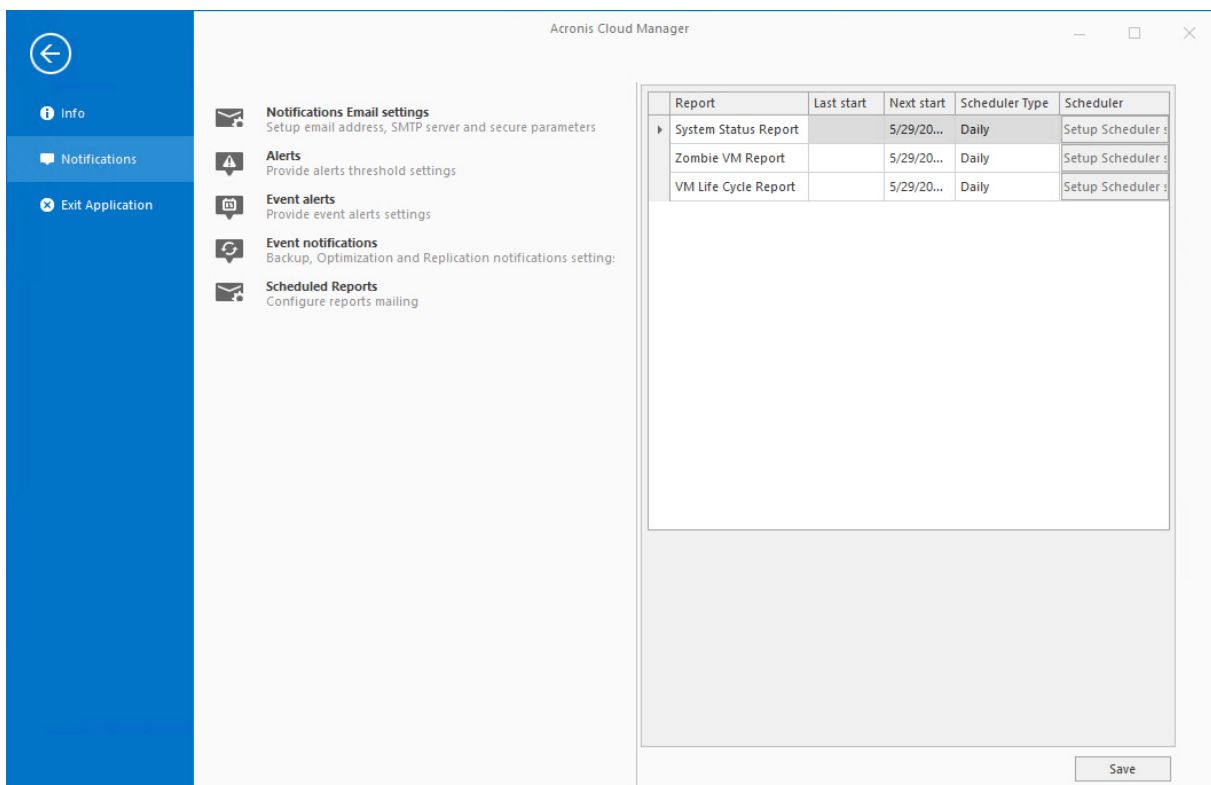
13.1.3 Backup, replication and dynamic optimization alerts

To configure backup, replication and dynamic optimization alerts, select **Notifications – Event notifications**. Select checkboxes for the desired events to enable notifications for that event:

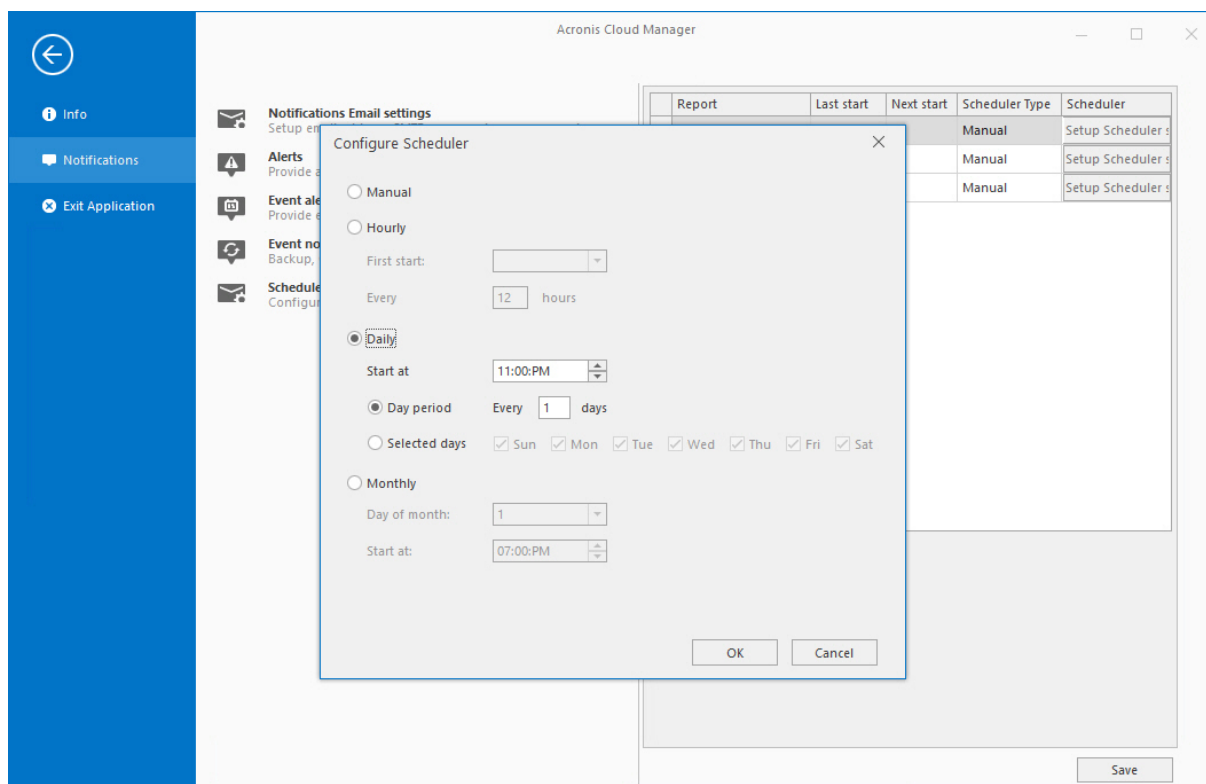


13.1.4 Scheduled reports

To configure scheduled reports mailing, select **Notifications – Scheduled reports**.



Under the **Scheduler** column, click the **Setup scheduler settings** button on the corresponding row to open the scheduler configuration dialog:



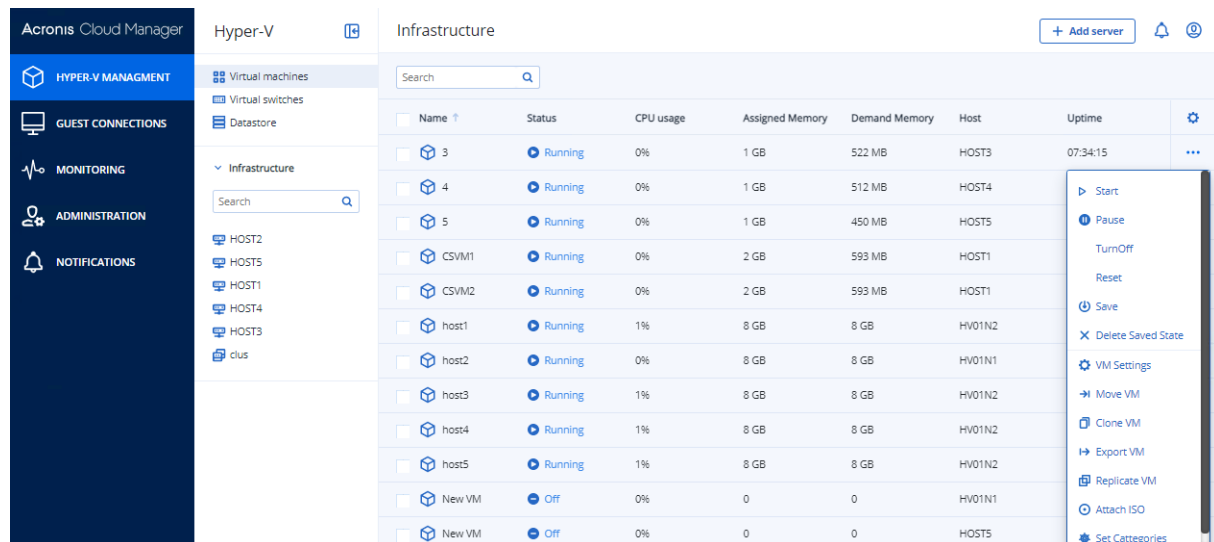
When all settings are done, click **Save** at the bottom of the window on the right side.

Note

These reports can be viewed in the **Reporting** plugin of Cloud Manager (refer to the "Reporting" (p. 164) section above).

14 Web management console

Web management console is a web-based interface of Acronis Cloud Manager, which provides users with an access to all application's features through the web browser. Acronis Cloud Manager web management console supports both http and https protocols.



There are the following main parts of web console interface:

- Main navigation pane.
Main navigation pane appears on the left side of the browser and contains the list of available plugins. You need to select the necessary plugin to open its content in the main browser's window to the right from the main navigation pain.
- Middle navigation pane.
Middle navigation pane appears to the right from the main navigation pain and contains sub-menu with the selection of the objects and/or sections, applicable for the currently selected plugin.
- Data area.
Data area appears in the main part of the browser's window and shows text and/or graphical information about objects. It also contains applicable buttons and controls to perform operations with the objects and initiate various procedures. Context menu commands are also available for the objects where applicable.

14.1 Web management console installation

Web management console arrives along with the main setup archive of the product as a pre-configured .vhd file. It already contains all necessary software and required OS (Ubuntu Linux 18.04). All you need to do is prepare in advance generation 1 Hyper-V virtual machine, in accordance with system requirements and attach that vhd to this machine. Then review and configure a few settings inside the created virtual machine and on the management server side as described below.

You need to do the following:

1. Create generation 1 Hyper-V virtual machine in your environment that Acronis Cloud Manager is supposed to work in. This virtual machine must be connected to the external virtual switch and has the access to the management network, where the main application components will be working. Requirements to the machine you can find in the "Deployment and configuration" (p. 12) - "Acronis Cloud Manager web portal" (p. 13) section above.
2. Attach vhd disk that arrived with the installation package to the created VM. Open the guest console and login to the system:

login: **acronis**

password: **CloudManager5**

3. Execute the following commands:

`ip addr show` (you will get the IP address of the portal by this command)

Then execute:

```
sudo ./initsettings.sh
```

Note

If you provide there `http://` based address of management server, then portal will be configured without using `ssl/tls`. You will need to edit config file **C:\Program Files\5nine\5nine Cloud Manager Management Service\5nine.Manager.exe.config**: should replace **https** with **http** in the key: `add key="ManagementServiceExternalUrl" value="http://*:16080"`.

4. If you wish to use `ssl/tls` then BEFORE running the portal configuration script you need to install a valid certificate for management server – self signed will not work. Installing `pfx` is available only within the management service installation wizard.
5. Install the certificate for the portal.
6. Open in a browser **http://** or **https://** using portal IP.
7. If required, run commands in Ubuntu to reconfigure FQDN address, change the default password of the user etc.

14.2 Web management console operations

In current release there are the following features implemented in Acronis Cloud Manager web management console:

- Hyper-V management: all operations with VMs, virtual switches and datastores.
- Guest console VM connection: access VM directly from the web portal via guest console.
- Hyper-V monitoring: various performance indicators and alerts for Hyper-V objects.
- Administration: operations with users, tenants, roles and permissions.

Next release will include other features:

- Azure management: operations with Microsoft Azure subscriptions.
- Hyper-V backup & replication.

- Reporting: creating various reports for Hyper-V environment/resources.
- New self-service tenant portal, based on the new features – resource pools and quotes.

14.2.1 Hyper-V management

Hyper-V management plugin has the same features as desktop console including operations with VMs, virtual switches and datastores. The submenu appears on the middle pane to open the necessary section: Virtual Machines, Virtual Switches and Data Storages.

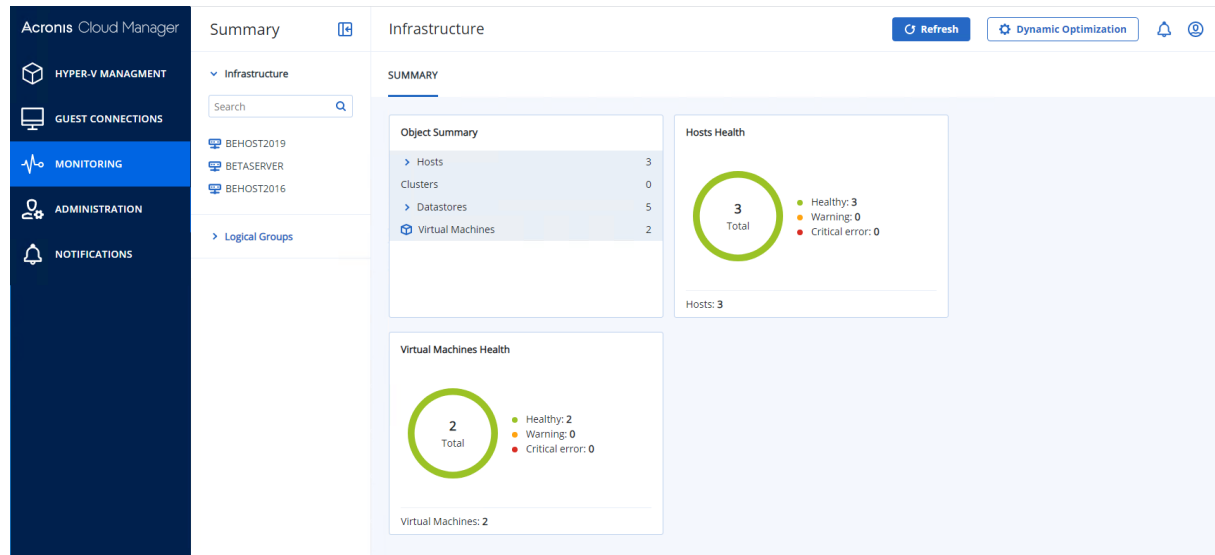
Name	Status	CPU usage	Assigned Memory	Demand Memory	Host	Uptime
3	Running	0%	1 GB	522 MB	HOST3	07:34:15
4	Running	0%	1 GB	512 MB	HOST4	
5	Running	0%	1 GB	450 MB	HOST5	
CSVM1	Running	0%	2 GB	593 MB	HOST1	
CSVM2	Running	0%	2 GB	593 MB	HOST1	
host1	Running	1%	8 GB	8 GB	HV01N2	
host2	Running	0%	8 GB	8 GB	HV01N1	
host3	Running	1%	8 GB	8 GB	HV01N2	
host4	Running	1%	8 GB	8 GB	HV01N2	
host5	Running	1%	8 GB	8 GB	HV01N2	
New VM	Off	0%	0	0	HV01N1	
New VM	Off	0%	0	0	HOST5	

Guest connection view is implemented via Guacamole remote desktop gateway (see <https://guacamole.apache.org/>).



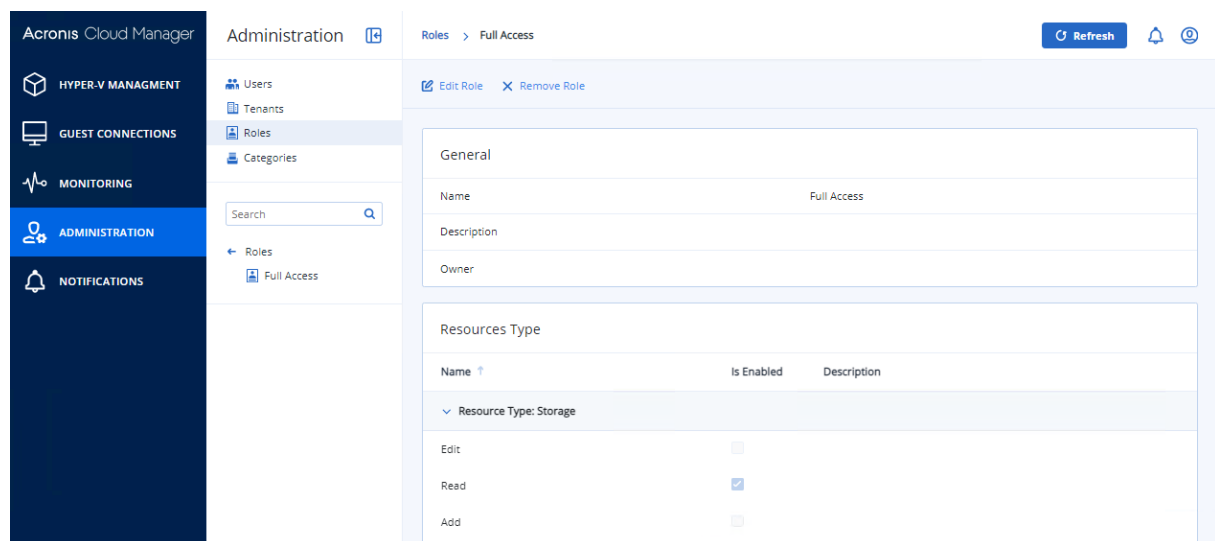
14.2.2 Hyper-V monitoring

Hyper-V monitoring plugin has the same features as desktop console including various performance graphs and alerts for Hyper-V hosts and VMs.



14.2.3 Administration

Administration plugin has the same features as desktop console including all operations with tenants, users and roles within the role-based access model and jobs management.



Acronis Cloud Manager

HYPER-V MANAGEMENT

GUEST CONNECTIONS

MONITORING

ADMINISTRATION

NOTIFICATIONS

Jobs

Search

Start time
10/21/2020

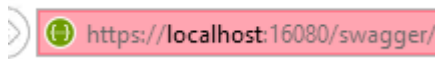
Plugins
Any

Job Types
All Jobs

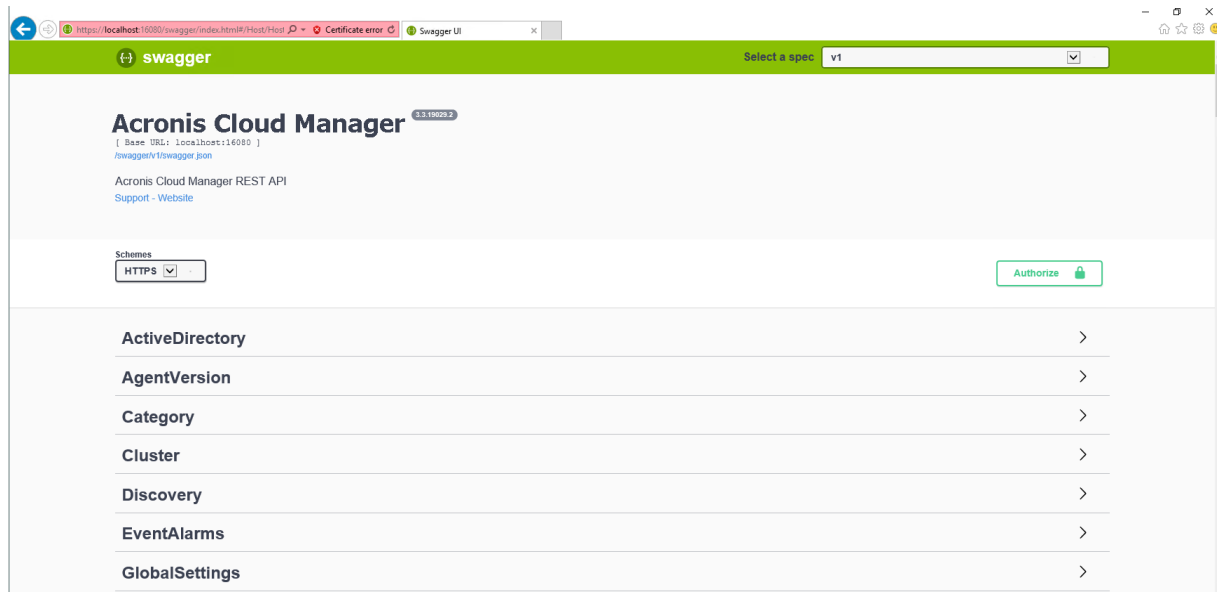
Name	Description	UserName	Status	ContextObject	Started	Finished	Progress
/core/user/batch		admin	Failed		4/11/2020		100 %
Logon	Authenticate custom user	admin	Completed		1/11/2020	1/11/2020	100 %
/HyperV/Discovery/Storage		admin	Failed		29/10/2020		100 %
/HyperV/Discovery/Storage		admin	Failed		29/10/2020		100 %
Storage Discovery	Storage Discovery	admin	Completed		29/10/2020	29/10/2020	100 %
Logon	Authenticate custom user	admin	Completed		29/10/2020	29/10/2020	100 %
Install Agent	Agent installation on 'beta'	admin	Completed		29/10/2020	29/10/2020	100 %
Install Agent	Agent installation on 'beho'	admin	Completed		29/10/2020	29/10/2020	100 %
Logon	Authenticate custom user	admin	Completed		29/10/2020	29/10/2020	100 %
Logoff	Logoff user admin, client if	admin	Completed		26/10/2020	26/10/2020	100 %
Collect log files from age		admin	Completed		26/10/2020	26/10/2020	100 %
Logon	Authenticate custom user	admin	Completed		26/10/2020	26/10/2020	100 %

15 REST API

On the Acronis Management server, open a web browser to <https://localhost:16080/Swagger>

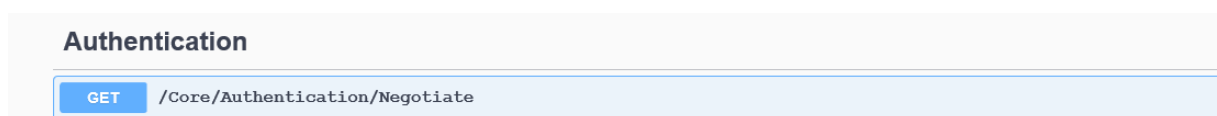


This will open the Acronis swagger API interface

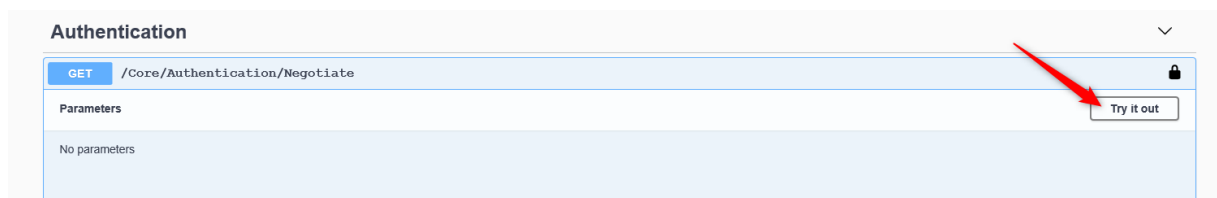


Navigate to authentication to generate an API key for testing

Select the **/core/authentication/negotiate**

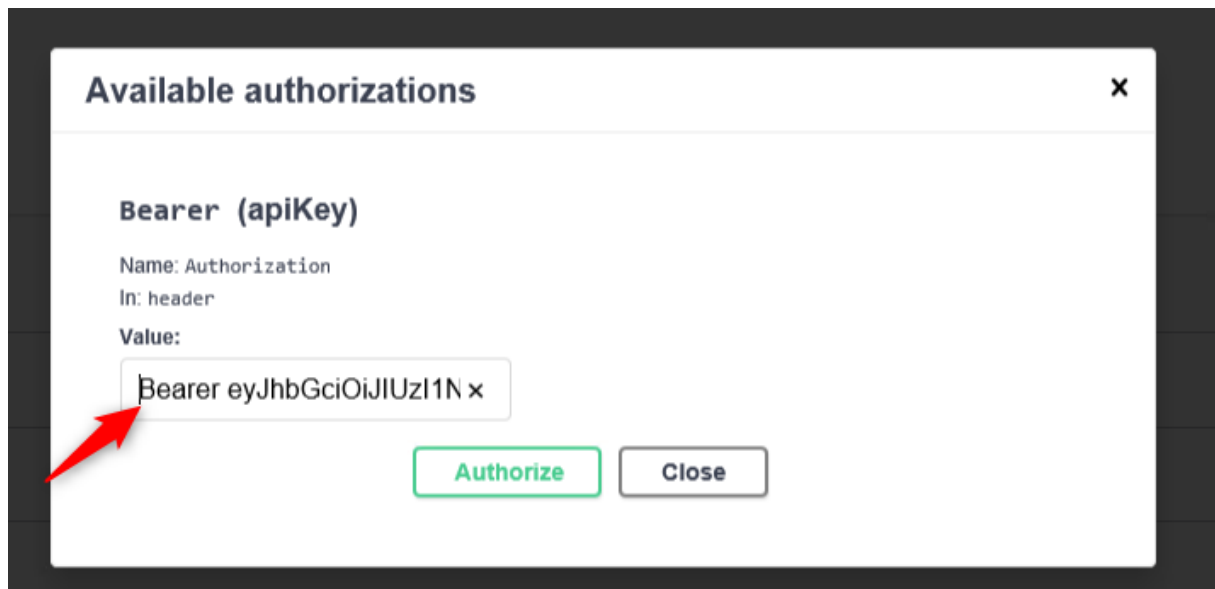


Execute the API call: select **Try it out**



Next, select **Execute**

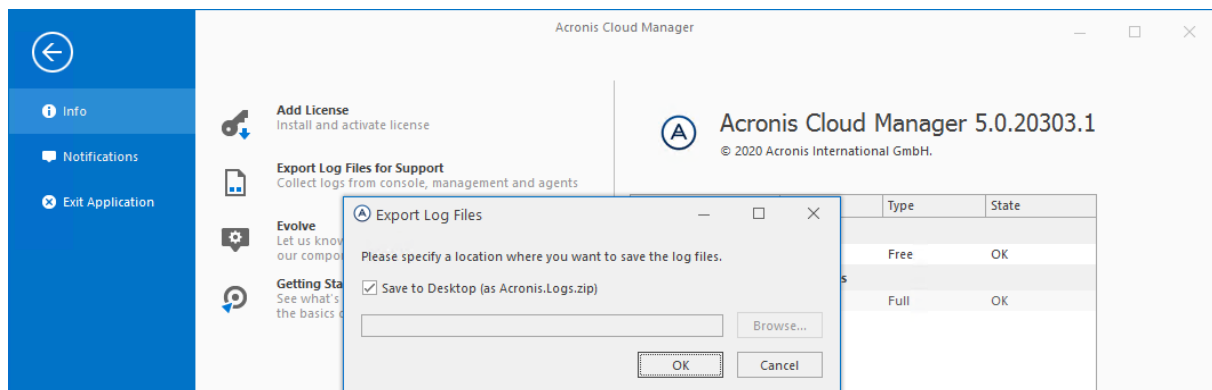
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJodHRwOi8vc2NoZW1hcy54bWxzb2FwLm9yZy93cy8yMDA1LzA1L2lkZW50aXR5L2NsYWltcy9uYW1lIjoicm9iliwic3ViljoiNmE2ZjI1ZGYxYWFingZhmDIiYzFizDdhMDI2NGZIMzliLCJqdGkiOiIyMDI3MTZhZS0wYWExLTQ4ODktYThhNi04ZDZmNzhkN2RhNjAiLCJpYXQiOiE1NDg5NTEwMzUsIm5iZil6MTU0ODk1MTAzNSwiZXhwIjoxNTUxNTQzMDEwLCJpc3MiOiJodHRwczovLyo6MTYwODAiLCJhdWQiOiJodHRwczovLyo6MTYwODAiQ.HPIkCiWKUWL38fRZzDI7rlc_Qp1_e8R_V3HmfHB7sw



Select **Authorize**, at this point, you should be authenticated to the API, You can now run and test other functions of the API. For more details about the API including examples please review <https://www.acronis.com/en-us/support/>.

16 Support information

To ease the communication process with Acronis technical support in the case of any questions regarding product function or if an investigation is required, automatic support information collection of logs is available in the Acronis Cloud Manager console. To get the support information archive, go to the **Home** tab – **Info** – **Export log files for support**. You will be offered to save the archive either directly on your desktop (by default) or any other place of your choice:



Please attach the collected archive to your request or send it to 5ninesupport@acronis.com or the Acronis representative that you are in contact with.

Join our Acronis support community at <https://www.acronis.com/en-us/support/5nine/cloud-manager/> where you can:

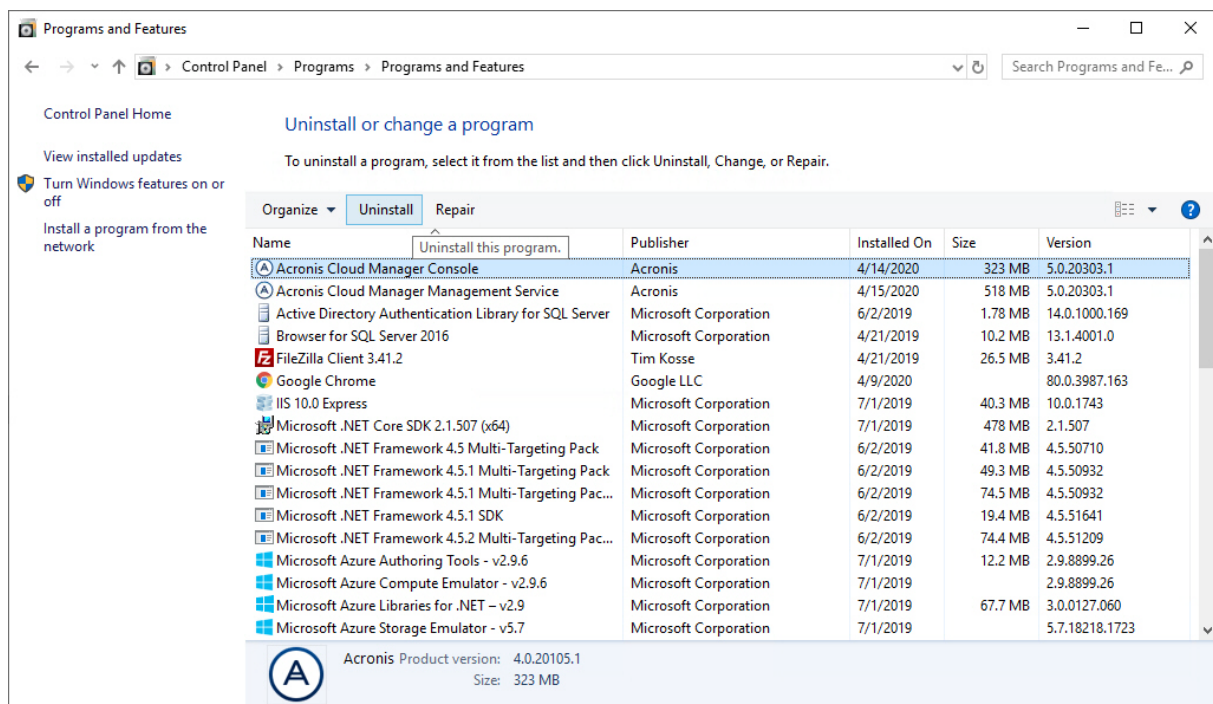
- View the latest knowledge base articles, guides, release notes and more!
- Download the latest product releases and updates!
- Suggest new product ideas as well as commenting and voting on existing ideas!
- Chat directly to our support team with our new live chat system!
- Submit support requests and keep track of existing requests!

17 Uninstalling Acronis Cloud Manager

1. To uninstall Acronis Cloud Manager, you can use the same bootstrap application:



2. Select the component you need to uninstall and click on it to run uninstallation process.
Or you can open the **Start** menu, go to **Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs**, choose Acronis Cloud Manager components you want to uninstall and click **Uninstall**.



Repeat this procedure on every machine where the Acronis Cloud Manager components are installed.

Note

Acronis Cloud Manager database and its data is retained until you manually remove the database.

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